A Handful of Pleasant Delights (1584)

by Clement Robinson and Divers Others edited by Hyder E. Rollins



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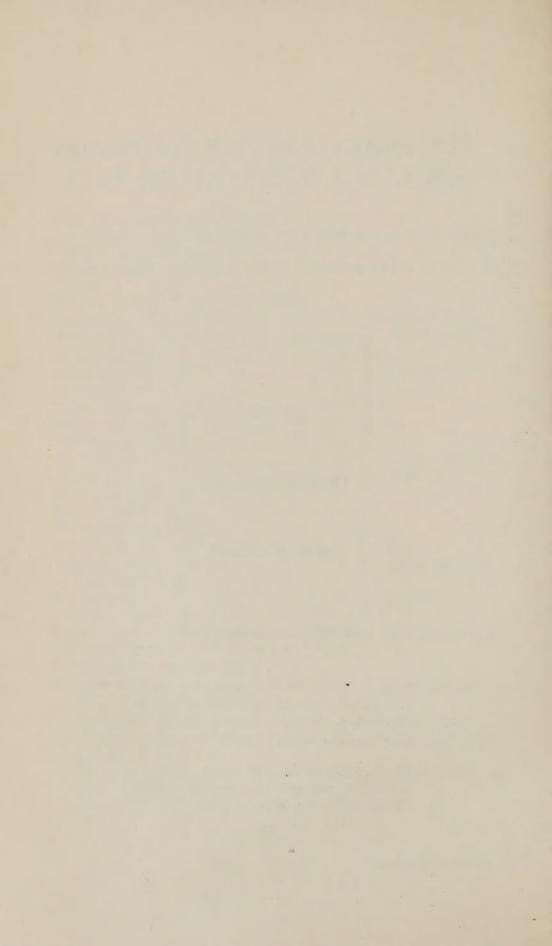
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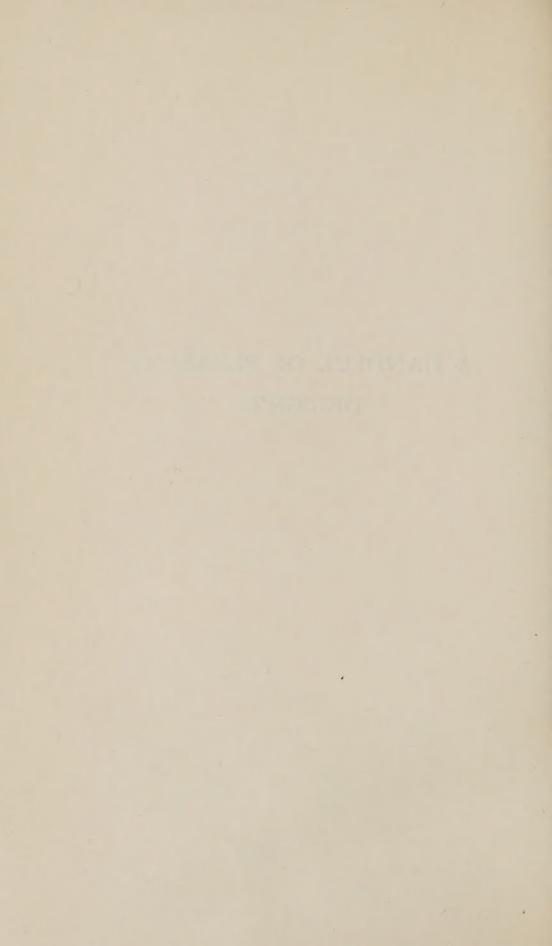
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A HANDFUL OF PLEASANT DELIGHTS



A Handful of Pleasant Delights (1584)

By CLEMENT ROBINSON and
Divers Others

EDITED BY

HYDER E. ROLLINS

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INTRODUCTION

THE Handful of Pleasant Delights, a miscellany of broadside ballads composed "by Clement Robinson and divers others," is preserved in a unique copy at the British Museum (press-mark C.39.b.46). It came into the possession of the Museum on October 4, 1871, and bears a printed note, clipped from the sale catalogue (1819, p. 164) of the White Knights Library, that runs as follows:

This is presumed to be the ONLY PERFECT COPY of a very interesting Collection of Old Poetry, which acquires additional interest from the allusion made to the First Poem in the Collection, by the frantic Ophelia when strewing the flowers in her phrenzy: "There's Rosemary, that's for remembrance," &c. See Hamlet, Act IV. Scene V.

The note, however, is inaccurate, for the small quarto volume lacks one leaf (signature B vj). A number of pages, furthermore, are very badly blurred and faded, and others have key-words and signature-marks pared away by the binders. Several pages are almost undecipherable.

Because of Shakespeare's familiarity with it,¹ the *Handful of Pleasant Delights* has long interested scholars. While the single known copy was owned by John Brand and Colonel Byng, several students were permitted to examine it. Joseph Ritson ² had seen it before 1802;

¹ See below, Notes passim; and Anders, Shakespeare's Books, pp. 166, 169, 173 f., 181, 191, 269. ² Bibliographia Poetica, p. 311.

George Ellis reprinted two ballads 1 from it in his Specimens of the Early English Poets (1803) and Sir Egerton Brydges two2 in Censura Literaria (1808); Thomas Evans included several others3 in his edition of Old Ballads, Historical and Narrative (1810); while, at about the same time, Edmond Malone, the well-known Shakespearean scholar, copied the entire book. His transcript remains in Bodley's Library. In 1815 Thomas Park copied the Handful and edited it in the second volume of his Heliconia.4 At that time the little book had changed owners at a price that for those days was remarkably high. It brought £26 5s. at the Brand sale in 1807. The Marquis of Blandford (later the fifth Duke of Marlborough) was the purchaser. When his books (the White Knights Library) were sold in 1819, the Handful passed to the Perry library for £26 15s. 6d.; thence to the Jolley library in 1822 for £15; and finally, in 1844, to its last private owner, Thomas Corser, for £25 10s.5 Edward Arber records that, when he asked Corser for permission to reprint the miscellany in his English Scholar's Library, that gentleman refused, "not being in favour of making English Literature 'as cheap as sixpenny chap-books.'" The British Museum, of course, was more liberal. In 1871 the book was issued in facsimile for the Spenser

² Nos. 17 and 20. ³ Nos. 1, 3, 14, 25, 32.

bethan Age, 3 vols., London, 1815.

¹ Nos. 7 and 17. (The ballads are numbered in the Table of Contents and in the Notes.)

⁴ Heliconia, comprising a Selection of English Poetry of the Eliza-

⁵ Lowndes, Bibliographer's Manual, and Hazlitt, Handbook to the Popular . . . Literature of Great Britain, 1867, s.v. Robinson, Clement.

Society with an introduction by James Crossley. Edward Arber's edition 2 followed in 1878.

None of these editions are wholly satisfactory. Thomas Park's text, to use Crossley's words, "was taken from a very inaccurate transcript of the original unique copy, and without, as it appears, any collation being made with the printed book as the sheets passed through the press. The reproduction therefore . . . may be said to be nearly worthless. Whole lines are omitted; misprints, with some times editorial notes upon them as if they were the actual text, occur in almost every other page; and the punctuation neither represents that of the original work nor of any intelligible system." This comment is not too severe. But, inaccurate as Park's reprint was, for almost sixty years it alone enabled scholars to know what the Handful actually contained, so that it served a very useful purpose. At the present time it is extremely difficult to find, and when found is entirely too expensive for its real value. James Crossley's edition was rather an attempt at a type-facsimile than an edition. It is not altogether successful in that attempt, and it adds nothing whatever to Park's notes. The volume, however, is attractively printed, and it enables the reader to picture the physical appearance of the Handful. Arber's edition of 1878, like the other work of that genial and prolific scholar, is fairly reliable, and some of his notes are valu-

¹ A Handefull of Pleasant Delites By Clement Robinson and Divers Others Reprinted from the Original Edition of 1584. Printed for the Spenser Society, 1871.

² The English Scholar's Library of Old and Modern Works, No. 3. Clement Robinson and divers others. A Handful of Pleasant Delights, etc., Edited by Edward Arber, London, 1878.

able. But Arber normalized the stanza forms, expanded contractions, and otherwise modernized the original, so that except for the most general purposes his text cannot be trusted.

To-day none of the three editions can be obtained without a prolonged search of the old bookstores. Even then one must be prepared to buy complete sets of *Heliconia*, the *English Scholar's Library*, and the Spenser Society publications, rather than the single volumes of the *Handful*. The three editions are not only practically unobtainable, but furthermore none treats the miscellany from the point of view of balladry, none has a wholly accurate text, and none has a discussion of the problem that gives vital interest to the book — the problem of its date. The need for a new edition is too obvious to require further comment.

The Handful of Pleasant Delights contains nothing but ballads, all of which had, before their collection in that miscellany, been printed on broadsides, so that it is a bit surprising to see how unanimous is the praise given to it. As a rule, critics regard broadside ballads as beneath contempt. Thomas Park thought the Delights far superior to the poems in A Gorgeous Gallery of Gallant Inventions (1578), "being written in general with a modernised tone of versification, which must render them more pleasing to modern readers. Some few indeed may aspire to be praised for higher merit than mere smoothness of verse: particularly . . . [No. 17, line 1214, below], which claims commendation for apposite metaphor, sarcastic sportiveness, ingenious illustration, and moral inference." Crossley called the Handful "one of the most prized of

the poetical book gems of the Elizabethan period." Mr. Charles Crawford 1 considers it "a work of considerable merit, containing some notable songs"; Sir Sidney Lee 2 speaks of it as a collection of "lyric poems of varied length"; and Mr. Harold H. Child 3 comments on the fact, as if it were extraordinary, that "every poem in the Handefull has its tune assigned it by name." None of these gentlemen seem to have recognized that the poems in the Handful are broadside ballads, pure and simple. As such they were collected by a ballad-writer and published by a ballad-printer for the delectation, not of the literary reader, but of the vulgar, who loved "a ballad in print a life." The work of Richard Jones, a decidedly minor printer, ranges in date from 1564 to 1602. He devoted himself particularly to ballad-printing, and in the Handful he included only a few - perhaps what seemed to him the best — of his ballads. The Handful, therefore, in its aims affords the greatest possible contrast to the miscellanies from Tottel's to A Poetical Rhapsody, which were compiled for an altogether different group of readers.4 Many of the ballads in the Handful are pleasing, but it would be an easy matter to pick out Elizabethan broadside ballads that equal or surpass them

¹ Englands Parnassus, Oxford, 1913, p. xix.

² Cambridge History of English Literature, III, 283.

Ibid., p. 214. Five poems, by the way, have no tunes.

But a few genuine ballads appear in both the *Paradise* and the *Gallery*, while several more or less professional ballad-writers—among them, Thomas Churchyard, John Heywood, William Gray, and John Canand—contributed ballads (minus tunes) to *Tottel's*. Many poems from *Tottel's* were reprinted in broadside-ballad form by Elizabethan printers.

as poetry. Nevertheless, the poetry of the Handful is not, on the whole, inferior to that of the Paradise of Dainty Devises (1576) or of the Gorgeous Gallery of Gallant Inventions (1578).

In 1566 the following entry was made in the Stationers'

Register: 1

R Jonnes Recevyd of Rychard Jonnes for his lycense for prynting of a boke intituled of very pleasaunte Sonettes and storyes in myter by clament Robynson. . . . [no sum stated]

It has been generally assumed that the extant edition of the Handful is a reissue, with additions, of the Pleasant Sonnets of 1566. This was suggested by Ritson.² Collier ³ thought that the identity of the two works was not wholly probable, but succeeded in showing that one or two of the ballads that appear in the Handful were licensed for publication before the Pleasant Sonnets. More recently, most scholars interested in the matter have come to think that the Pleasant Sonnets was a first edition of the Handful, — among them, W. C. Hazlitt,⁴ William Chappell,⁶ Sir Sidney Lee,⁶ J. W. Ebsworth, and Edward Arber. Ebsworth found in the Bagford Collection in the

² Bibliographia Poetica, p. 311.

• Handbook, 1867, p. 515.

⁵ Popular Music of the Olden Time, I, 91.

¹ Arber's *Transcript*, I, 313. Other entries of the *Handful* were made on July 3, 1601; December 13, 1620; August 4, 1626; April 29, 1634; and April 4, 1655. A book called *The parlour of Plesaunte Delightes*, which may have influenced the name of the *Handful*, was licensed on January 13, 1581.

³ Extracts from the Stationers' Registers, I, 144.

Dictionary of National Biography, s.v. Robinson, Clement.

British Museum a single leaf 1 which he believed to belong to "an earlier edition" than the *Handful*. Arber did not feel sure that this leaf belonged to an earlier edition, but he attempted — not very successfully — to name the *Handful* ballads that could not have appeared in the *Pleasant Sonnets* of 1566.

Still more recently, critical opinion seems to have undergone a change. Thus Messrs. Seccombe and Allen, in The Age of Shakespeare (1903, I, 56), declare positively, but altogether incorrectly, that "in 1584 appeared A Handefull of Pleasant Delites, a collection of, up to that time, unpublished lyrics." Mr. Harold H. Child, in the Cambridge History of English Literature (1911, III, 212, 214), remarks that the earliest poetical miscellary to follow Tottel's was the Paradise of Dainty Devises (1576), and adds somewhat doubtfully the statement that the Handful "has been thought to be a later edition of the book of 1566." In his edition (1913) of Englands Parnassus, Mr. Charles Crawford has expressed this opinion of the matter: "Parts of the work [the Handful] must surely have been composed after A Gorgious Gallery [1578], for I notice that three poems in it are made up principally from two poems that appear in its predecessor, whole stanzas in each, and several of them coming together in the same order, being worded almost exactly alike. . . . the theory that A Handefull of Pleasant De-

¹ Reprinted on pp. 73 ff., below.

² As I have shown in my article on "The Date, Authors, and Contents of A Handfull of Pleasant Delights" (Journal of English and Germanic Philology, XVIII, 1919, 43-59), from which much of the material for the Introduction and Notes in this volume has been taken.

lights may be identical with 'A boke of very pleasaunte sonnettes and storyes in myter,' by Clement Robinson, licensed to R. Jhones in 1566, can hardly be entertained when one finds that it is in parts but a rehash of pieces in A Gorgious Gallery; but it is possible that Robinson gave a place in his anthology to poems that were previously printed in his book of sonnets and stories." Mr. Crawford gives no references, but the "rehashing" is much more extensive than he suspected. That this rehashing was done by the authors of the poems in the Gorgeous Gallery, not by Clement Robinson and his associates, my notes on Nos. 4, 6, 18, 19, 23, and 27 conclusively prove. It follows, naturally enough, that these ballads must have been accessible to the compiler of the Gorgeous Gallery before 1578.1

There is every reason to believe that the *Handful* was actually issued in 1566. The absence of a license-fee is not unprecedented,² and the difference in title between the 1566 entry and the 1584 edition is of no importance. The *Gorgeous Gallery* itself was registered under two other names before its present title was decided on; ³ and it should be observed that the running title of both the *Handful* and the single leaf discovered by Ebsworth is "Sonets and Histories, to sundrie new Tunes," a title much more appropriate for the 1566 entry than for the *Handful* itself. This single leaf ⁴ beyond all doubt be-

¹ Really before 1577, for the *Gallery* was registered at Stationers' Hall on June 5 of that year.

^{*} See the Register for the year 1588, when no license-fees are recorded for about half of the entries.

³ Arber's Transcript, II, 313. ⁴ See pp. 73 ff., below.

longed to a different edition: it has the page signature D 2, and bears the last three stanzas of No. 22, all of No. 23, and the first twelve lines of No. 24 (or lines 1581–1645 in my reprint), and thus corresponds exactly (save that it has one additional line) to sig. D 4 and verso of the Handful. The edition to which it belonged, then, presumably had two signatures, or four pages, fewer than the Handful; and, as three or four of the ballads printed in the latter before sig. D 4 can be proved to have been written during the years 1572–1582, it seems probable that this leaf was part of an edition earlier than that of 1584— an edition representing the Pleasant Sonnets of the entry in 1566. This probability is made almost a certainty by the typography of the leaf: the type clearly indicates a date earlier than 1584.

The title-page of the Handful, it may be superfluous to add, in itself offers proof that there had been an earlier edition. It announces that the book contains "sundrie new Sonets. . . . Newly deuised to the newest tunes. . . . With new additions of certain Songs, to verie late deuised Notes, not commonly knowen, nor vsed heretofore." But this is false from beginning to end. Like the typical dishonest stationer whose "character" George Wither was later to portray so vividly, Richard Jones provided this new title-page to delude customers into buying old wares. Most of the ballads had been printed before 1566, and the tunes were so old and are now so hard to trace that even William Chappell, an authority whose knowledge of popular tunes was unrivalled, could include only four or five of them in his Popular Music of the Olden Time. The fact that tunes are nearly always named for the ballads in the *Handful* entitles that miscellany to the credit of being the first of the "garlands" — frank collections of broadside ballads — which in the hands of Thomas Deloney, Richard Johnson, and Martin Parker became, in later years, extremely popular.

Of Clement Robinson, whose name appears on the title-page of the *Handful*, little is known. It is obvious, however, that he was at the height of his ballad-writing in 1566, when his name was given in the Stationers' Register as the compiler of the *Pleasant Sonnets*. W. C. Hazlitt ¹ conjectured, not unreasonably, that he was the C. R. whose initials are signed to a prose broadside on a "marueilous straunge Fishe" that was printed in 1569; and Mr. Collmann has plausibly suggested that he was the Robinson who in 1566 entered into a ballad-flyting with Thomas Churchyard. The very fact that Robinson's name occurs on the title-page of the 1584 edition strengthens the presumption that the book was a reissue of the *Pleasant Sonnets* that had been registered eighteen years earlier.

The dates of the individual ballads are, with a few exceptions, established in the Notes (pp. 80 ff., below), which prove that most of the ballads in the *Handful* had been printed before the registration of the *Pleasant Sonnets* in 1566. To summarize the data there given: Nos. 3, 7, 14, and 29 were certainly not in the 1566 edition; probably Nos. 1 and 15 were not; and there is no evidence to show whether Nos. 21, 26, 28, and 31 were in

¹ Handbook, 1867, p. 515.

² Reprinted in Lilly's 79 Black-Letter Ballads, p. 145.

³ Ballads and Broadsides, 1912, pp. 81-82.

print by 1566 or were added to the 1584 Handful. The remaining ballads — twenty-two in all — could have been, and most probably were, in the manuscript of the Pleasant Sonnets which the Stationers' clerk registered in 1566; and that this manuscript was actually printed the same year hardly admits of doubt.

With the date of 1566 established for the first edition of the Handful, the book immediately assumes a much more important rank in the history of Elizabethan literature than that heretofore granted it. Suggested, no doubt, by the success of Tottel's, — which had reached a fourth edition in 1565, — the Handful, following in 1566, became the second, and not the fourth, poetical miscellany, preceding instead of succeeding the Paradise of Dainty Devises and the Gorgeous Gallery of Gallant Inventions. On both of those miscellanies it exerted considerable influence. That it was popular among Elizabethan readers in general the Notes will show.

In the present edition the texts are reprinted line for line, page for page. The original punctuation is retained throughout and, since it never really obscures the meaning, is not corrected or commented on in the Notes. Key-words and signature-marks that have been cut off, and letters that were dropped from the form in printing, leaving vacant spaces, have been supplied between square brackets; and obvious misprints (like inverted letters) are corrected in the text. All such bracketed and corrected words, however, are enumerated in the "List of Misprints and Variant Readings," where, too, a collation of the texts of the three modern editions is given.

In this reprint the typography of the title-page is followed exactly, — except that long f is everywhere printed as f, — but the black letter of the text is represented below by roman type and roman type by italics. The numbering of lines and pages is, of course, an editorial addition.

Grateful acknowledgment is made to the officials of the British Museum for permission to reprint the unique text of the *Handful*; to my master, Professor George Lyman Kittredge, for many helpful suggestions about the Glossary and the Notes; and to my friend, Miss Addie F. Rowe, for invaluable assistance in the proofreading.

H. E. R.

New York City, April 21, 1923.

CONTENTS

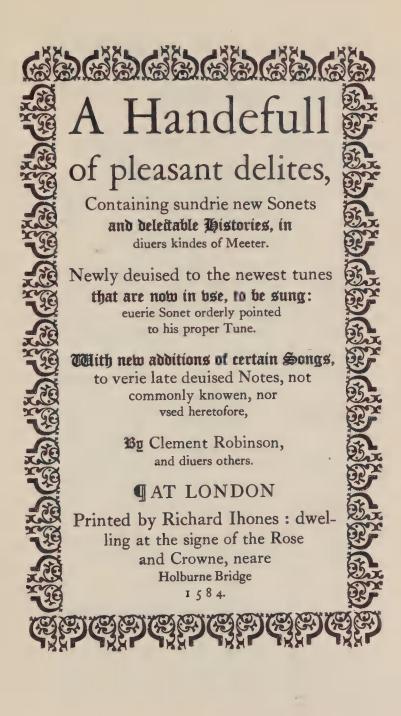
			PAGE
INTRODUCTION	ON		v
THE "HANDI	FUL OF PLEASANT	r DELIGHTS"	
FACSIMILE T	ITLE-PAGE		· I
THE PRINTER	TO THE READER		2
I. A Nosega	Y ALWAYS SWEET FOR	Lovers to Send	
FOR TOKE	NS OF LOVE (1582?)		3
2. L. GIBSON	'S TANTARA WHEREI	N DANEA WEL-	
сометн Н	OME HER LORD DIOPHO	on. To the tune	
of Downri	ght squire (ca. 1566)		7
3. A PROPER	New Song Made B	Y A STUDENT IN	
CAMBRIDG	E. To the tune of I	wish to see those	
happy day	vs (ca. 1572). By Thor	mas Richardson.	9
4. THE SCOFE	f of a Lady as Pretty	As May Be (be-	
			12
2	ER AS PRETTY TO THE		
,	ore 1578?)		14
	AUTY'S REPLY TO THE		
	Intituled Where is		
	ED (ca. 1566). By J. P		15
/ -	OURTLY SONNET OF T		
	To the new tune of Gre		19
	Sonnet Wherein Th		
	EWETH HIS GRIEF TO H		
	ow well ye mariners (c		22
	ORY OF DIANA AND A		
100	raules (1566)		25
•	TARY BALLAD. To t		
_	(ca. 1566)		29
	R COMPLAINETH THE L		
To Cecilia	Pavan (1566). By J	. Iomson	31

	۰	٠	٠
XV	1	1	1
AV	T	T	1

CONTENTS

12.	THE LOVER COMPARETH SOME SUBTLE SUITORS TO THE HUNTER. To the tune of the Painter (ca.	
	1566)	33
13.	A New Sonnet of Pyramus and Thisbe. To the Downright squire (ca. 1566). By J. Tomson.	35
14.	A Sonnet of a Lover in the Praise of His Lady. To Calen o custure me (ca. 1582)	38
15.		
16.	The Joy of Virginity. To the Gods of love (ca.	39
17.	A Warning for Wooers That They Be Not	42
18.	20,244	43
19.	All in a garden green (ca. 1566) THE COMPLAINT OF A WOMAN LOVER. To the	46
20.	tune of Raging love (ca. 1566)	50
21.	How You Devise. To any pleasant tune (1566) A Sonnet of Two Faithful Lovers Exhort-	52
	of Kypascie (1566?)	53
22.	A PROPER NEW DITTY INTITULED FIE UPON LOVE AND ALL HIS LAWS. To the tune of Lum-	
	ber me (1566?)	54
23.	THE LOVER BEING WOUNDED WITH HIS LADY'S BEAUTY REQUIRETH MERCY. To the tune of	
	Apelles (1566?)	55
24.	THE LAMENTATION OF A WOMAN BEING WRONG- FULLY DEFAMED. To the tune of Damon and	
	Pythias (1566?)	56

CONTENTS	xix
25. A Proper Song Intituled Fain Would I Have a Pretty Thing to Give Unto My Lady. To the tune of Lusty gallant (1566)	57
26. A PROPER WOOING SONG INTITULED MAID WILL YE LOVE ME YEA OR NO? To the tune of the Merchant's daughter went over the field (ca. 1566)	59
27. THE PAINFUL PLIGHT OF A LOVER OPPRESSED WITH THE BEAUTIFUL LOOKS OF HIS LADY. To the tune of I loved her over well (ca. 1566)	61
28. A FAITHFUL Vow of Two Constant Lovers. To the New Rogero (ca. 1584)	63
29. A SORROWFUL SONNET MADE BY MASTER GEORGE MANNINGTON. To the tune of Laban-	
dalashot (1576)	65
(1566?)	69
32. The Lover Compareth Himself to the Painful Falconer. To the tune of I loved her over	71
well (ca. 1566)	·
"HANDFUL"	73
INGS	
NOTES	
INDEX OF FIRST LINES, TITLES, AND TUNES	
GLOSSARIAL INDEX	128



The Printer to

the Reader.

T Ou that in Musicke do delight	
your minds for to solace:	
This little booke of Sonets m[ight]	5
wel like you in that case,	
Peruse it wel ere you passe by,	
here may you wish and haue,	
Such pleasant songs to ech new tune,	
as lightly you can craue.	10
Or if fine Histories you would reade,	
you need not far to seek:	
Within this booke such may you have,	
as Ladies may wel like.	
Here may you have such pretie thinges,	15
as women much desire:	
Here may you have of sundrie sorts,	
such Songs as you require.	
Wherefore my friend, if you regard,	
such Songs to reade or heare:	20
Doubt not to buy this pretie Booke,	
the price is not so deare.	

Farewell.

A Nosegaie alvvaies

sweet, for Louers to send for Tokens, of loue, at Newyeres tide, or for fairings, as they in their minds shall be disposed to write.

A Nosegaie lacking flowers fresh,	5
A to you now I do send.	
Desiring you to look thereon,	
when that you may intend:	
For flowers fresh begin to fade,	
and Boreas in the field,	10
Euen with his hard coniealed frost,	
no better flowers doth yeeld:	
¶ But if that winter could have sprung,	
a sweeter flower than this,	
I would have sent it presently	15
to you withouten misse:	
Accept this then as time doth serue,	
be thankful for the same,	
Despise it not, but keep it well,	
and marke ech flower his name.	20
¶ Lauander is for louers true,	
which euermore be faine:	
Desiring alwaies for to haue,	
some pleasure for their pain:	
And when that they obtained haue,	25
the loue that they require,	
Then have they al their perfect ioie,	
and quenched is the fire.	
A ii	Rose

¶ Rosemarie is for remembrance,	3
betweene vs daie and night:	
Wishing that I might alwaies haue,	
you present in my sight.	
And when I cannot haue,	3:
as I haue said before,	
Then Cupid with his deadly dart,	
doth wound my heart full sore.	
¶ Sage is for sustenance,	
that should mans life sustaine,	40
For I do stil lie languishing,	
continually in paine,	
And shall do stil vntil I die,	
except thou fauour show:	
My paine and all my greeuous smart,	45
ful wel you do it know.	73
¶ Fenel is for flaterers,	
an euil thing it is sure:	
But I have alwaies meant truely,	
with constant heart most pure:	50
And will continue in the same,	30
as long as life doth last,	
Still hoping for a ioiful daie,	
when all our paines be past.	
¶ Violet is for faithfulnesse,	55
which in me shall abide:	33
Hoping likewise that from your heart,	
you wil not let it slide.	
And wil continue in the same,	
as you haue nowe begunne:	60
	And

to sundrie new Tunes.	5
And then for euer to abide,	
then you my heart haue wonne.	
¶ Time is to trie me,	65
as ech be tried must,	
[Le]tting you know while life doth last,	
I wil not be vniust,	
And if I should I would to God,	
to hell my soule should beare.	70
And eke also that Belzebub,	
with teeth he should me teare.	
¶ Roses is to rule me.	
with reason as you will,	
For to be still obedient,	75
your minde for to fulfill:	
And thereto will not disagree,	
in nothing that you say:	
But will content your mind truely,	
in all things that I may.	80
¶ Ieliflowers is for gentlenesse,	
which in me shall remaine:	
Hoping that no sedition shal,	
depart our hearts in twaine.	
As soone the sunne shal loose his course,	85
the moone against her kinde,	
Shall haue no light, if that I do	
once put you from my minde.	
¶ Carnations is for gratiousnesse,	
marke that now by the way,	90
Haue no regard to flatterers,	
nor passe not what they say.	
A iii For	

For they will come with lying tales,	95
your eares for to fulfil:	
In anie case do you consent,	
nothing vnto their wil.	
¶ Marigolds is for marriage,	
that would our minds suffise,	100
Least that suspition of vs twaine,	
by anie meanes should rise:	
As for my part, I do not care,	
my self I wil stil vse,	
That all the women in the world,	105
for you I will refuse.	3
¶ Peniriall is to print your loue,	
so deep within my heart:	
That when you look this Nosegay on,	
my pain you may impart,	110
And when that you have read the same,	
consider wel my wo,	
Think ye then how to recompence,	
euen him that loues you so.	
¶ Cowsloppes is for counsell,	115
for secrets vs between,	J
That none but you and I alone,	
should know the thing we meane:	
And if you wil thus wisely do,	
as I think to be best:	120
Then haue you surely won the field,	
and set my heart at rest.	
I pray you keep this Nosegay wel,	
and set by it some store:	
And	T2.5

to s	undrie	new	Tunes.
------	--------	-----	--------

7

And thus farewel, the Gods thee guide, both now and euermore.

Not as the common sort do vse, to set it in your brest: That when the smel is gone awar

130

That when the smel is gone away, on ground he takes his rest.

FINIS.

L. Gibsons Tantara, wherin Danea welcommeth home her Lord Diophon fro the war. 135 To the tune of, Down right Squire.

Ou Lordings, cast off your weedes of me thinks I heare (wo A trupet shril which plain doth show my Lord is neare:

I 40

Tantara tara tantara,

this trumpet glads our hearts,

Therefore to welcome home your King, you Lordings plaie your parts, Tantara tara tantara, &c.

145

150

¶ Harke harke, me thinkes I heare again, this trumpets voice,

He is at hand this is certaine, wherefore reioice.

Tantara tara tantara, &c. this trumpet still doth say,

With trumpets blast, all dangers past, doth shew in Marshall ray.

doth shew in Marshall ray.

 $\P A$

¶ A ioifull sight my hearts delight,		156
my Diophon deere:		
Thy comely grace, I do embrace,		
with ioiful cheere:		
Tantara tara tantara,		160
what pleasant sound is this,		
Which brought to me with victorie,		
my ioy and onely blisse.		
Tantara tara tantara, &c.		
Diophon.		165
My Queene and wife, my ioy and life		
in whom I minde:		
In euery part, the trustiest hart,		
that man can finde.		
Tantara tara tantara,		170
me thinks I heare your praise,		
Your vertues race in euerie place,		
which trumpet so doth raise.		
Tantara tara tantara, &c.		
¶ Now welcome home to Siria soile,		175
from battered field:		, ,
That valiantly thy foes did foile,		
with speare and shield:		
Tantara tara tantara,		
me thinks I heare it still,		180
Thy sounding praise, abroad to raise,		
with trump that is most shrill,		
Tantara tara tantara, &c.		
¶ If honour and fame, O noble Dame,		
such deeds do aske:		185
	Then	

to sundrie new Tunes.	9
Then Diophon here to purchase fame,	
hath done this taske:	
Tantara tara tantara,	190
returnd he is againe,	
To leade his life, with thee his wife,	
in joie without disdaine.	
Țantara tara tantara, &c.	
Finis. L.G.	195
¶ A proper new Song made by a Studient	
in Cambridge, To the tune of I wish to	
see those happie daies.	
T Which was once a happie wight,	
and hie in Fortunes grace:	200
And which did spend my golden prime,	
in running pleasures race,	
Am now enforst of late,	
contrariwise to mourne,	
Since fortune ioies, into annoies,	205
my former state to turne.	
The toiling oxe, the horse, the asse,	
haue time to take their rest,	
Yea all things else which Nature wrought,	
sometimes haue ioies in brest:	210
Saue onelie I and such	
which vexed are with paine:	
For still in teares, my life it weares,	
and so I must remaine.	
¶ How oft haue I in folded armes,	215
enioied my delight,	
How	

How oft haue I excuses made,	
of her to haue a sight?	220
But now to fortunes wil,	
I caused am to bow.	
And for to reape a hugie heape,	
which youthful yeares did sow.	
¶ Wherefore all ye which do as yet,	225
remaine and bide behind:	
Whose eies dame beauties blazing beams,	
as yet did neuer blind.	
Example let me be,	
to you and other more:	230
Whose heavie hart, hath felt the smart,	
subdued by <i>Cupids</i> lore.	
¶ Take heed of gazing ouer much,	
on Damsels faire vnknowne:	
For oftentimes the Snake doth lie,	235
with roses ouergrowde:	
And vnder fairest flowers,	
do noisome Adders lurke:	
Of whom take heed, I thee areed:	
least that thy cares they worke.	240
¶ What though that she doth smile on thee,	
perchance shee doth not loue:	
And though she smack thee once or twice,	
she thinks thee so to prooue,	
And when that thou dost thinke,	245
she loueth none but thee:	
She hath in store, perhaps some more,	
which so deceived be,	
Trust	

to sundrie new Tunes.	II
Trust not therefore the outward shew	251
beware in anie case:	
For good conditions do not lie,	
where is a pleasant face:	
But if it be thy chaunce,	255
a louer true to haue:	
Be sure of this, thou shalt not misse,	
ech thing that thou wilt craue.	
¶ And when as thou (good Reader) shalt	
peruse this scrole of mine:	260
Let this a warning be to thee,	
and saie a friend of thine,	
Did write thee this of loue,	
and of a zealous mind:	
Because that he sufficiently,	265
hath tried the female kind.	
¶ Here Cambridge now I bid farewell,	
adue to Students all:	
Adue vnto the Colledges,	
and vnto Gunuil Hall:	270
And you my fellowes once,	
pray vnto <i>Ioue</i> that I	
May haue releef, for this my grief,	
and speedie remedie.	
¶ And that he shield you euerichone,	275
from Beauties luring looks:	
Whose baite hath brought me to my baine,	
and caught me from my Books:	
Wherefore, for you, my praier shall be,	
to send you better grace,	280
That	

That modestie with honestie,

may guide your youthfull race.	
Finis quod Thomas Richardson, sometime	285
Student in Cambridge.	
¶ The scoffe of a Ladie, as pretie as may be,	
to a yong man that went a wooing:	
He wet stil about her, & yet he wet without	
because he was so long a dooing. (her,	290
A Ttend thee, go play thee,	
A Sweet loue I am busie:	
my silk and twist is not yet spun:	
My Ladie will blame me,	
If that she send for me,	295
and find my worke to be vndun:	
How then?	
How shall I be set me?	
To say loue did let me?	
Fie no, it will not fit me,	300
It were no scuse for me.	
¶ If loue were attained,	
My ioies were vnfained,	
my seame and silke wil take no hold:	
Oft haue I beene warned,	305
By others proofe learned:	
hote wanton loue soone waxeth cold,	
Go now:	
I say go pack thee,	
Or my needle shal prick thee:	310
Go	

to sundrie new Tunes.	13
Go seeke out Dame Idle:	
More fit for thy bridle,	
More fit for thy bridle.	315
¶ Wel worthie of blaming,	
For thy long detaining,	
all vaine it is that thou hast done:	
Best now to be wandring,	
Go vaunt of thy winning,	320
and tell thy Dame what thou hast won:	
Say this:	
Then say as I bade thee:	
That the little dogge Fancie,	
Lies chaste without moouing,	325
And needeth no threatning,	
For feare of wel beating.	
For feare of wel beating.	
¶ The boy is gone lurking,	
Good Ladies be working,	330
dispatch a while that we had done,	
The tide will not tarrie,	
All times it doth varie,	
The day doth passe, I see the Sun,	
The frost bites faire flowers,	335
Lets worke at due howres,	
Haste, haste, and be merie,	
Till our needles be werie.	
Till our needles be werie,	
¶ Now Ladies be merie,	340
Because you are werie:	
leaue worke I say, and get you home,	
Your	

Your businesse in slacking,	345
Your louer is packing:	
your answer hath cut off his comb.	
How then?	
The fault was in him sir,	
He wooed it so trim sir,	350
Alas poore seelie fellow,	
Make much of thy pillow.	
Make much of thy pillow. Finis.	
An answer as pretie to the scof of his Lady,	
by the yongman that came a wooing,	355
Wherein he doth flout her,	
Being glad he went without her,	
Misliking both her and her dooing.	
A Las Loue, why chafe ye?	
Why fret ye, why fume ye?	360
to me it seemeth verie strange,	
Me thinks ye misuse me,	
So soone to refuse me,	
vnlesse you hope of better change:	
Wel, wel:	365
Wel now, I perceiue ye,	
You are mindful to leaue me:	
Now sure it doth grieue me:	
That I am vnworthie:	
That I am vnworthie.	370
¶ I mean not to let ye, nor I can not forget	
it wil not so out of my minde: (ye,	
My loue is not daintie, I see you have plenty	
that set so little by your friend.	
Goe	375

to sundrie new Tun

Goe too spin on now I pray you, I list not to	
I will goe play me: (stay,	
I am vnfit for you, &c.	
Leaue off to flout now, & prick on your clout	380
you are a daintie Dame indeed, (now	
And thogh of your tauting, I may make my	
as bad or worse tha I shal speed: (vaunting	
Sweet heart, though now you forsake it.	
I trust you wil take it:	385
and sure I spak it, as fine as you make it, &c	
Now wil I be trudging, without anie grud-	
I am content to giue you ground: (ging	
Good reson doth bind me, to leue you behind	
for you are better lost than found: (me,	390
Go play, go seeke out Dame pleasure:	
You are a trim treasure,	
Wise women be daintie,	
Of fooles there be plentie, &c.	
¶ If I might aduise ye, few words shuld suf-	395
& yet you shold bestow them wel: (fice ye	
Maids must be manerly, not ful of scurility,	
wherein I see you do excel,	
Farewel good Nicibicetur,	
God send you a sweeter,	400
A lustie lim lifter, you are a trim shifter, &c.	
Finis. Peter Picks.	
¶ Dame Beauties replie to the Louer late at	
libertie: and now complaineth himselfe	
to be her captiue, Intituled: Where is	405
the life that late I led.	
The	

He life that erst thou ledst my friend,	
was pleasant to thine eies:	410
But now the losse of libertie,	
thou seemest to despise.	
Where then thou ioiedst thy will,	
now thou doest grudge in heart:	
Then thou no paine nor grief didst feele,	415
but now thou pinest in smart.	
What mooued thee vnto loue,	
expresse and tell the same:	
Saue fancie thine, that heapt thy paine,	
thy follie learne to blame.	420
¶ For when thou freedome didst enioie,	
thou gauest thy selfe to ease,	
And letst self-will the ruling beare,	
thy fancie fond to please:	
Then stealing Cupid came,	425
with bow and golden dart:	
He struck the stroke, at pleasure he	
that now doth paine thy hart:	
Blame not the Gods of loue,	
But blame thy self thou maist:	430
For freedome was disdaind of thee,	
and bondage more thou waiest.	
¶ Who list, thou saist, to liue at rest,	
and freedome to possesse:	
The sight of gorgeous Dames must shun,	435
least loue do them distresse:	
Thou blamest Cupidoes craft,	
who strikes in stealing sort:	
And	

to sundrie new tunes.	17
And sets thee midst the princely Dames,	441
of Beauties famous fort:	
And meaning wel thou saiest,	
as one not bent to loue,	
Then Cupid he constrains thee yeeld,	445
as thou thy self canst prooue.	
¶ Faire Ladies lookes in libertie,	
enlarged not thy paine:	
Ne yet the sight of gorgeous Dames,	
could cause thee thus complaine.	450
It was thy self indeed,	
that causd thy pining woe,	
Thy wanton wil, and idle minde,	
causd Cupid strike the blow:	
Blame not his craft, nor vs	455
that Beauties darlings be,	
Accuse thy selfe to seeke thy care,	
thy fancie did agree.	
There is none thou saist, that can	
more truely judge the case:	460
Than thou that hast the wound receiu'de,	
by sight of Ladies face.	
Her beautie thee bewitcht,	
thy minde that erst was free:	
Her corps so comely framd, thou saiest,	465
did force thee to agree:	
Thou gauest thy self it seemes,	
her bondman to abide,	
Before that her good willingnesse,	
of thee were knowen and tride.	470
B What	

What iudgement canst thou giue:	
how dost thou plead thy case:	
It was not she that did thee wound,	475
although thou seest her face:	
Ne could her beautie so,	
inchaunt or vex thy sprites,	
Ne feature hers so comely framde,	
could weaken so thy wits.	480
But that thou mightest haue showne	
the cause to her indeede,	
Who spares to speak, thy self dost know,	
doth faile of grace to speede.	
¶ By this thou saiest, thou soughtst § means	484
of torments that you beare,	
By this thou wouldest men take heede,	
and learne of loue to feare:	
For taking holde thou telst,	
to flie it is too late,	490
And no where canst thou shrowd thy self,	
but Care must be thy mate.	
Though loue do pleasure seeme,	
yet plagues none such there are:	
Therefore all louers now thou willst,	495
of liking to beware.	
Thy self hath sought the meane and way,	
and none but thou alone:	
Of all the grief and care you beare,	
as plainely it is showne:	500
Then why should men take heed,	
thy counsell is vnfit:	
Thou	

to sundrie new Tunes.	19
Thou sparedst to speak, and faildst to speed, thy will had banisht wit. And now thou blamest loue, and Ladies faire and free: And better lost than found my frind, your cowards heart we see. Finis. I. P.	505
A new Courtly Sonet, of the Lady Green sleeues. To the new tune of Greensleeues.	
Greensleeues was all my ioy, Greensleeues was my delight: Greensleeues was my hart of gold, And who but Ladie Greensleeues.	515
A Las my loue, ye do me wrong, to cast me off discurteously: And I haue loued you so long, Delighting in your companie.	520
Greensleeues was all my ioy, Greensleeues was my delight: Greensleeues was my heart of gold, And who but Ladie Greensleeues.	
¶ I haue been readie at your hand, to grant what euer you would craue. I haue both waged life and land, your loue and good will for to haue.	525
Greensleeues was all my ioy, &c. ¶ I bought thee kerchers to thy head, that were wrought fine and gallantly: B ii I	530

I kept thee both at boord and bed,	
Which cost my purse wel fauouredly,	535
Greensleeues was al my ioie, &c.	
¶ I bought thee peticotes of the best,	
the cloth so fine as fine might be:	
I gaue thee iewels for thy chest,	
and all this cost I spent on thee.	540
Greensleeues was all my ioie, &c.	
Thy smock of silk, both faire and white,	
with gold embrodered gorgeously:	
Thy peticote of Sendall right:	
and thus I bought thee gladly.	545
Greensleeues was all my ioie, &c.	
¶ Thy girdle of gold so red,	
with pearles bedecked sumptuously:	
The like no other lasses had,	
and yet thou wouldst not loue me,	550
Greensleeues was all my ioy, &c.	
¶ Thy purse and eke thy gay guilt kniues,	
thy pincase gallant to the eie:	
No better wore the Burgesse wiues,	
and yet thou wouldst not loue me.	555
Greensleeues was all my ioy, &c.	
¶ Thy crimson stockings all of silk,	
with golde all wrought aboue the knee,	
Thy pumps as white as was the milk,	
and yet thou wouldst not loue me.	560
Greensleeues was all my ioy, &c.	
Thy gown was of the grossie green,	
thy sleeues of Satten hanging by:	
Which	

to sundrie new Tunes.	21
Which made thee be our haruest Queen,	566
and yet thou wouldst not loue me.	
Greensleeues was all my ioy, &c.	
¶ Thy garters fringed with the golde,	
And siluer aglets hanging by,	570
Which made thee blithe for to beholde,	
And yet thou wouldst not loue me.	
Greensleeues was all my ioy, &c.	
¶ My gayest gelding I thee gaue,	
To ride where euer liked thee,	575
No Ladie euer was so braue,	
And yet thou wouldst not loue me.	
Greensleeues was all my ioy, &c.	
¶ My men were clothed all in green,	
And they did euer wait on thee:	580
Al this was gallant to be seen,	
and yet thou wouldst not loue me.	
Greensleeues was all my ioy, &c.	
¶ They set thee vp, they took thee downe,	
they serued thee with humilitie,	585
Thy foote might not once touch the ground,	
and yet thou wouldst not loue me.	
Greensleeues was all my ioy, &c.	
¶ For euerie morning when thou rose,	
I sent thee dainties orderly:	590
To cheare thy stomack from all woes,	
and yet thou wouldst not loue me.	
Greensleeues was all my ioy, &c.	
¶ Thou couldst desire no earthly thing.	
But stil thou hadst it readily:	595
B iii [Thy]	

Thy musicke still to play and sing,	
And yet thou wouldst not loue me.	
Greensleeues was all my ioy, &c.	600
¶ And who did pay for all this geare,	
that thou didst spend when pleased thee?	
Euen I that am rejected here,	
and thou disdainst to loue me.	
Greensleeues was all my ioy, &c.	605
¶ Wel, I wil pray to God on hie,	
that thou my constancie maist see:	
And that yet once before I die,	
thou wilt vouchsafe to loue me.	
Greensleeues was all my ioy, &c.	610
¶ Greensleeues now farewel adue,	
God I pray to prosper thee:	
For I am stil thy louer true,	
come once againe and loue me.	
Greensleeues was all my ioy, &c.	615
Finis.	
A propor court subscient to Town I. I. S. II.	
A proper sonet, wherin the Louer dolefully	
sheweth his grief to his L. & requireth pity.	
To the tune of, Row wel ye Marriners.	
S one without refuge,	620
A For life doth pleade with panting	
And rufully the Iudge, (breath	
Beholds (whose doome grants life or	
So fare I now my onelie Loue, (death,	
Whom I tender as Turtle Doue,	625
Whose tender looks (O ioly ioy)	
Shall win me sure your louing boy:	
[Faire]	

to sundrie new Tunes.	23
Faire lookes, sweet Dame,	630
Or else (alas) I take my bane:	
Nice talke, coying,	
Wil bring me sure to my ending,	
¶ Too little is my skil,	
By pen (I saie) my loue to paint,	635
And when that my good will,	
My tong wold shew, my heart doth faint:	
Sith both the meanes do faile therefore,	
My loue for to expresse with lore:	
The torments of my inward smart.	640
You may well gesse within your hart:	
Wherefore, sweet wench,	
Some louing words, this heat to quench	
Fine smiles, smirke lookes,	
And then I neede no other lookes,	645
¶ Your gleams hath gript the hart,	
alas within my captiue breast:	
O how I feele the smart,	
And how I find my grief increast:	
My fancie is so fixt on you,	650
That none away the same can do:	
My deer vnlesse you it remooue:	
Without redresse I die for loue,	
Lament with me,	
Ye Muses nine, where euer be,	655
My life I loth,	
My Ioies are gone, I tel you troth,	
¶ All Musicks solemne found,	
Of song, of else of instrument:	
B iiii Me	660

Me thinks they do resound,		
with doleful tunes, me to lament,		
And in my sleep vnsound, alas,		
Me thinks such dreadful things to passe:		665
that out I crie in midst of dreames,		
Wherwith my tears run down as streams,		
O Lord, think I,		
She is not here that should be by:		
What chance is this,		670
That I embrace that froward is?		
¶ The Lions noble minde,		
His raging mood (you know) oft staies	,	
When beasts do yeeld by kinde,		
On them (forsooth) he neuer praies:		675
Then sithence that I am your thrall,		, ,
To ease my smart on you I call.		
A bloudie conquest is your part,		
To kill so kind a louing heart:		
Alas remorce,		68c
Or presently I die perforce:		
God grant pitie,		
Within your breast now planted be.		
¶ As nature hath you deckt,		
with worthie gifts aboue the rest,	6	685
So to your praise most great,		
Let pitie dwell within your brest,		
That I may saie with heart and wil,		
Lo, this is she that might me kil:		
For why? in hand she held the knife,	ϵ	690
And yet (forsooth) she saued my life.		
	Hey	

to sundrie new Tunes.	25
Hey-ho, darling: With lustie loue, now let vs sing, Plaie on, Minstrel, My Ladie is mine onelie girle.	695
The Historie of Diana and Acteon. To the Quarter Braules.	
I ana and her darlings deare, Walkt once as you shall heare: Through woods and waters cleare, themselues to play: The leaues were gay and green,	700
And pleasant to be seen: They went the trees between, in coole aray, So long, that at the last they found a place, of waters full cleare:	705
So pure and faire a Bath neuer was found many a yeare. There shee went faire and gent, Her to sport, as was her wonted sort: In such desirous sort:	710
Thus goeth the report: Diana dainteously began her selfe therein to And her body for to laue, (bathe So curious and braue. ¶ As they in water stood,	715
Bathing their liuelie blood: Acteon in the wood, chaunst to come by: And vewed their bodies bare, [Mar-]	720

Maruailing what they weare,	726
And stil devoid of care,	
on them cast his eie:	
But when the Nymphs had perceived him,	
aloud then they cried,	730
Enclosed her, and thought to hide her skin,	
which he had spied:	
But too true I tell you,	
She seene was,	
For in height she did passe,	735
Ech Dame of her race,	
Harke then Acteons case:	
Whe Diana did perceue, where Acteon did	
She took bowe in her hand, (stand,	
And to shoot she began.	740
¶ As she began to shoot, Acteon ran about,	
To hide he thought no boote,	
his sights were dim:	
And as he thought to scape,	
Changed was Acteons shape,	745
Such was vnluckie fate,	
yeelded to him:	
For Diana brought it thus to passe,	
and plaied her part,	
So that poore Acteon changed was	750
to a hugie Hart,	
And did beare, naught but haire:	
In this change,	
Which is as true as strange,	
And thus did he range,	755
Abroad	

[Signature B vj is lacking.]

[Signature B vj is lacking.]

to sundrie new Tunes.	29
So that his sorrowes importunate,	
Had ended his life incontinent,	
Had not Lady Venus grace, Lady Lady,	760
Pitied her poore seruants case,	
My deer Ladie.	
¶ For when she saw the torments strong,	
Wherewith the Knight was sore opprest,	
Which he God knowes had suffered long,	765
Al through this Ladies mercilesse,	
Of their desires she made exchange,	
Ladie, Ladie.	
And wrought a myracle most strange,	
My deer Ladie.	770
¶ So that this Ladie faithfully,	
Did loue this Knight aboue all other:	
And he vnto the contrarie,	
Did hate her then aboue all measure,	
And pitifull she did complaine: ladie, ladie.	775
Requiring fauour, and might not obtaine.	
My deer ladie.	
¶ But when she saw, that in no case,	
She might vnto his loue attaine:	
And that she could not finde some grace,	780
To ease her long enduring paine,	
And this hart wold not remoue. Lady, ladie	
Without all cure he died for loue, My deer.	
¶ Besides these matters maruelous,	
One other thing I wil you tell:	785
Of one whose name was Narcissus,	

A man whose beautie doth excel.

Of natures gifts he had no misse, Lady, lady He had y whole of beauties blisse, My deere.	799
¶ So that out of manie a far Countrey,	
I reade of manie a woman faire,	
Did come this Narcissus to see,	
Who perished when they came there,	795
Through his default I say in fine, lady, lady	
Who vnto loue would not incline. My deer.	
¶ Whose disobedience vnto loue,	
When vnto Venus it did appeare.	
How that his hart would not remoue,	800
She punisht him as you shal heare:	
A thing most strange forsooth it was,	
Ladie, Ladie.	
Now harken how it came to passe, My deer.	
¶ For when he went vpon a daie,	805
With other mo in strange disguise,	
Himself forsooth he did aray	
In womans attire of a new deuise,	
And ouer a bridge as he did go. Ladie, ladie.	
In the water he sawe his own shadow, My.	810
¶ Which when he did perceiue and see,	
A Ladie faire he saith it seemeth:	
Forgat himself that it was he,	
And iudgde that it was Dianaes Nymph,	
Who in the waters in such fashion, Lady, la[dy]	815
Did vse themselues for recreation, My deer.	
¶ And through the beautie of whose looks,	
Taken he was with such fond desire,	
That after manie humble sutes,	
Inconti-	820

Incontinent he did aspire.	
Vnto her grace him to refer, Ladie, Ladie	
Trusting y mercie was in her, My deer, &c.	
¶ With armes displaid he took his race,	825
And leapt into the river there,	
And thought his Ladie to imbrace,	
Being of himselfe, deuoid of feare,	
And there was drownd without redresse,	
His crueltie rewarded was, (Ladie, Ladie.	830
with such follie.	
¶ Loe, hereby you may perceiue,	
How Venus can, and if she please,	
Her disobedient Subiects grieue,	
And make them drinke their owne disease,	835
Wherfore rebel not I you wish, Lady, lady.	
Least that your chaunce be worse than this,	
if worse may be. Finis.	
The Louer coplaineth the losse of his Ladie	
	840
To Cicilia Pauin. Eart, what makes thee thus to be, in extreame heavinesse?	
in extreame heavinesse?	
If care do cause all thy distresse,	
Why seekest thou not some redresse,	
to ease thy carefulnesse?	845
Hath Cupid stroke in Venerie,	
Thy wofull corps in ieoperdie:	
right wel then may I sob and crie, (trie	
Til that my Mistresse deer, my faith may	
Why would I cloake from her presence,	850
My loue and faithfull diligence?	
And	

And cowardly thus to die.	
And cowardly thus to die.	855
¶ No, no, I wil shew my woe,	
in this calamitie.	
To her whom Nature shapte so free:	
With all Dianaes chastitie,	
or Venus rare beautie:	860
Then shall I brace felicitie,	
And liue in all prosperitie.	
then leaue off this woe, let teares go,	
thou shalt embrace thy Ladie deer w ioy.	
In these thy armes so louingly,	865
As Paris did faire Helenie.	
By force of blinded boy.	
By force of blinded boy.	
¶ If Venus would grant vnto me,	
such happinesse:	870
As she did vnto Troylus,	
By help of his friend Pandarus,	
To Cressids loue who worse,	
Than all the women certainly:	
That euer liued naturally.	875
Whose slight falsed faith, the storie saith,	
Did breed by plagues, her great and sore di-	
For she became so leprosie, (stresse,	
That she did die in penurie:	
Because she did transgresse.	880
Because she did transgresse.	
¶ If she, I saie, wil me regard,	
in this my ieoperdie,	

to sundrie new Tunes.	33
1 wil shew her fidelitie,	886
And eke declare her curtesie,	
to Louers far and nie:	
O heart how happie shouldst thou be,	
When my Ladie doth smile on me:	890
Whose milde merie cheare,	
Wil driue away feare,	
Cleane from my brest, and set ioy in v place	
when I shall kisse so tenderly:	
Her fingers small and slenderly,	895
which doth my heart solace, &c.	
Therefore ye amorous imps who burne	
so stil in Cupids fire,	
Let this the force of my retire	
Example be to your desire,	900
That so to loue aspire:	
For I did make deniance,	
And set her at defiance:	
Which made me full wo, it chanced so,	
Because I look at my mistresse so coy:	905
Therefore, when she is merily	
Disposed, look you curteously:	
Receiue her for your ioy.	
Receiue her for your ioy.	
Finis. I. Tomson.	910
The Louer compareth some subtile Suters	
to the Hunter. To the tune of the Painter.	
W/Hen as the Hunter goeth out,	
with hounds in brace.	
C	he 915

The Hart to hunt, and set about,	
with wilie trace,	
He doth it more to see and view,	
Her wilinesse (I tell you true.)	920
Her trips and skips, now here, now there,	
With squats and flats, which hath no pere.	
¶ More than to win or get the game	
to beare away:	
He is not greedie of the same,	925
(thus Hunters saie:	
So some men hunt by hote desire,	
To Venus Dames, and do require	
With fauor to haue her, or els they wil die,	
they loue her, & prooue her, and wot ye why?	939
¶ Forsooth to see her subtilnesse, & wily way,	
Whe they (God knows) mean nothing lesse	
than they do say:	
For when they see they may her win,	
They leave then where they did begin.	935
they prate and make the matter nice,	
And leaue her in fooles paradice.	
¶ Wherefore of such (good Ladie now)	
wisely beware,	
Least flinging fancies in their brow,	940
do breed you care:	
And at the first give them the checke,	
Least they at last give you the geck,	
And scornfully disdaine ye then,	
In faith there are such kind of men.	945
¶ But	

to sundrie new Tunes.	35
¶ But I am none of those indeed,	
beleeue me now:	
I am your man if you me need,	950
I make a vow:	
To serue you without doublenesse:	
With feruent heart my owne mistresse,	
Demaund me, commaund me,	
what please ye, and whan,	955
I wil be stil readie, as I am true man.	
A new Sonet of Pyramus and Thisbie.	
To the, Downe right Squier.	
T Ou Dames (I say) that climbe the	
of Helicon, (mount	960
Come on with me, and giue account,	
what hath been don:	
Come tell the chaunce ye Muses all,	
and dolefull newes,	
Which on these Louers did befall,	965
which I accuse.	
In Babilon not long agone,	
a noble Prince did dwell:	
whose daughter bright dimd ech ones sight,	
so farre she did excel.	970
¶ An other Lord of high renowne,	
who had a sonne:	
And dwelling there within the towne,	
great loue begunne:	
Pyramus this noble Knight,	975
I tel you true:	
C ii Who	

Who with the loue of Thisbie bright,	
did cares renue:	980
It came to passe, their secrets was,	
beknowne vnto them both:	
And then in minde, they place do finde,	
where they their loue vnclothe.	
¶ This loue they vse long tract of time, till it befell:	985
At last they promised to meet at prime,	
by Minus well:	
Where they might louingly imbrace,	
in loues delight:	990
That he might see his Thisbies face,	
and she his sight:	
In ioyful case, she approcht the place,	
where she her Pyramus	
Had thought to viewd, but was renewd,	995
to them most dolorous.	
¶ Thus while she staies for Pyramus,	
there did proceed:	
Out of the wood a Lion fierce,	
made Thisbie dreed:	1000
And as in haste she fled awaie,	
her Mantle fine:	
The Lion tare in stead of praie,	
till that the time	
That Pyramus proceeded thus,	1005
and see how lion tare	
The Mantle this of Thisbie his,	
he desperately doth fare.	
¶ For	

to sundrie new Tunes.	37
¶ For why he thought the lion had,	1011
faire Thisbie slaine.	
And then the beast with his bright blade,	
he slew certaine:	
Then made he mone and said alas,	1015
(O wretched wight)	
Now art thou in a woful case	
for Thisbie bright:	
Oh Gods aboue, my faithfull loue	
shal neuer faile this need:	1020
For this my breath by fatall death,	
shal weaue Atropos threed.	
¶ Then from his sheathe he drew his blade,	
and to his hart	
He thrust the point, and life did vade,	1025
with painfull smart:	
Then Thisbie she from cabin came	
with pleasure great,	
And to the well apase she ran,	
there for to treat:	1030
And to discusse, to Pyramus	
of al her former feares.	
And when slaine she, found him truly,	
she shed foorth bitter teares.	
¶ When sorrow great that she had made,	1035
she took in hand	
The bloudie knife, to end her life,	
by fatall band.	
You Ladies all, peruse and see,	
the faithfulnesse,	1040
C iii How	

How these two Louers did agree,	
to die in distresse:	
You Muses waile, and do not faile,	104
but still do you lament:	
These louers twaine, who with such paine,	
did die so well content.	
Finis. I. Tomson.	
A Sonet of a Louer in the praise of his lady.	1050
To Calen o Custure me: sung at euerie lines end.	
W/Hē as I view your comly grace, Ca. &c	
Your golden haires, your angels face:	
Your azured veines much like the skies,	
Your siluer teeth, your Christall eies.	105
Your Corall lips, your crimson cheeks,	
That Gods and men both loue and leekes.	
¶ Your pretie mouth with diuers gifts,	
Which driueth wise men to their shifts:	
So braue, so fine, so trim, so yong,	1060
With heauenlie wit and pleasant tongue,	
That Pallas though she did excell,	
Could frame ne tel a tale so well.	
¶ Your voice so sweet, your necke so white,	
your bodie fine and small in sight:	1069
Your fingers long so nimble be,	
To vtter foorth such harmonie,	
As all the Muses for a space:	
To sit and heare do giue you place.	
¶ Your pretie foot with all the rest,	1070
That may be seene or may be gest:	
Doth	

39

Doth beare such shape, that beautie may	
Giue place to thee and go her way:	1075
And Paris nowe must change his doome,	
For Venus lo must give thee roome.	
¶ Whose gleams doth heat my hart as fier,	
Although I burne, yet would I nier:	
Within my selfe then can I say:	1080
The night is gone, behold the day:	
Behold the star so cleare and bright,	
As dimmes the sight of <i>Phæbus</i> light:	
¶ Whose fame by pen for to discriue,	
Doth passe ech wight that is aliue:	1085
Then how dare I with boldned face,	
Presume to craue or wish your grace?	
And thus amazed as I stand,	
Not feeling sense, nor moouing hand.	
¶ My soule with silence moouing sense,	1090
Doth wish of God with reuerence,	
Long life, and vertue you possesse:	
To match those gifts of worthinesse,	
And loue and pitie may be spide,	
To be your chief and onely guide.	1095

¶ A proper Sonet, Intituled, Maid, wil you marrie. To the Blacke Almaine.

Aid, wil you marie? I pray sir tarie,
I am not disposed to wed a: For he y shal haue me, wil neuer de 1100 he shal haue my maidehed a. (ny me Why then you wil not wed me? No sure sire I haue sped me, C iiii You

You must go seeke some other wight,		1106
That better may your heart delight.		
For I am sped I tell you true,		
beleeu me it greeus me, I may not haue yo	ou,	
To wed you & bed you as a woman shold	be	1110
¶ For if I could, be sure I would,		
consent to your desire:		
I would not doubt, to bring about,		
ech thing you would require:		
But promise now is made,		1115
Which cannot be staide;		
It is a womans honestie,		
To keep her promise faithfully.		
And so I do meane til death to do,		
Consider and gather, that this is true:		1120
Choose it, and vse it, the honester you.		
¶ But if you seek, for to misleeke,		
with this that I have done:		
Or else disdaine, that I so plaine		
this talke with you haue begone:		1125
Farewell I wil not let you,		
He fisheth wel that gets you.		
And sure I thinke your other friend,		
Will prooue a Cuckold in the end:		
But he wil take heed if he be wise,		1130
To watch you & catch you, with Argus ei	es,	
Besetting and letting your wonted guise.		
¶ Although the Cat doth winke a while,		
yet sure she is not blinde:		
	It	1135

It is the waie for to beguile,	
the Mice that run behind:	
And if she see them running,	
Then straightway she is comming:	1140
Vpon their head she claps her foote,	
To striue with her it is no boote.	
The seelie poore Mice dare neuer play,	
She catcheth and snatcheth them euery day,	
Yet whip they, & skip they, whe she is away.	1145
¶ And if perhaps they fall in trap,	
to death then must they yeeld:	
They were better the, to haue kept their den	
than straie abroad the field:	
But they that will be ranging,	1150
Shall soone repent their changing:	
And so shall you ere it be long,	
Wherefore remember well my song:	
And do not snuffe though I be plaine,	
But cherily, merily, take the same.	1155
For huffing & snuffing deserueth blame.	
¶ For where you say you must obay,	
the promise you haue made,	
So sure as I wil neuer flie,	
from that I have said:	1160
Therefore to them I leave you,	
Which gladly wil receiue you:	
You must go choose some other mate,	
According to your own estate.	
For I do meane to liue in rest,	1165
Go	

Go seek you, and leek you an other guest, And choose him, and vse him, as you like best.

The ioy of Virginitie: to, The Gods of loue	1170
T Iudge and finde, how God doth minde,	
to furnish, to furnish	
his heavenly throne aboue,	
With virgins pure, this am I sure,	
without misse, without misse:	1175
with other Saints he doth loue:	
It is allowed as you may reade,	
And eke auowed by Paul indeede,	
Virginitie is accepted,	
a thing high in Gods sight:	1180
Though marriage is selected,	
a thing to be most right:	
yet must I praise Virginitie,	
For I would faine a Virgin be.	
¶ You Virgins pure, your selues assure,	1185
and credite, and credite:	
great ioy you shall possesse,	
Which I (God knows) cannot disclose,	
nor spreade it, nor spreade it,	
ne yet by pen expresse.	1190
Nor halfe the ioies that you shall finde,	
I can not iudge for you assignde:	
When hence your ghost shall yeelded be,	
into the throne of blisse:	
In chaste and pure Virginitie,	1195
for thought or deed ywisse:	
Wher you shal raign, with God on hie	
For euermore eternally. And	

to sundrie new Tunes.	43
¶ And when doubtlesse, you shal possesse,	I 200
with Iesus, with Iesus,	
these ioies celestiall.	
Then Ladie Fame, wil blaze your name,	
amongst vs, amongst vs,	
which then on earth raigne shal.	1205
She wil resound in euerie coast,	
By trumpet sound, and wil you boast?	
So that although you do depart	
This mortall life so vaine:	
Your chastitie in euerie heart,	1210
by memorie shall remaine.	
But hard it is, I saie no more,	
To finde an hundreth in a score. Finis.	
¶ A warning for Wooers, that they be not ouer hastie, nor deceived with womens beautie. To, Salisburie Plaine.	1215
E louing wormes come learne of me The plagues to leave that linked be: The grudge, the grief, the gret anoy, The fickle faith, the fading ioy:	1220
in time, take heed,	1220
In fruitlesse soile sow not thy seed:	
buie not, with cost,	
the thing that yeelds but labour lost.	
¶ If Cupids dart do chance to light,	1225
So that affection dimmes thy sight,	
Then raise vp reason by and by,	
With skill thy heart to fortifie	
Wheer	

Where is a breach,	1231
Oft times too late doth come the Leach:	
Sparks are put out,	
when fornace flames do rage about.	
¶ Thine owne delay must win the field,	1235
When lust doth leade thy heart to yeeld:	
When steed is stolne, who makes al fast,	
May go on foot for al his haste:	
In time shut gate,	
For had I wist, doth come too late,	1240
Fast bind, fast find,	
Repentance alwaies commeth behind.	
¶ The Syrens times oft time beguiles,	
So doth the teares of Crocodiles:	
But who so learnes Vlysses lore,	1245
May passe the seas, and win the shore.	
Stop eares, stand fast,	
Through Cupids trips, thou shalt him cast:	
Flie baits, shun hookes,	
Be thou not snarde with louely lookes.	1250
¶ Where Venus hath the maisterie,	
There loue hath lost her libertie:	
where loue doth win the victorie,	
The fort is sackt with crueltie.	
First look, then leap,	1255
In suretie so your shinnes you keepe:	
The snake doth sting,	
That lurking lieth with hissing.	
¶ VVhere Cupids fort hath made a waie,	
There graue aduise doth beare no swaie,	1260
where	

Where Loue doth raigne and rule the roste,	
There reason is exilde the coast:	
Like all, loue none, except ye vse discretion.	1265
First try, the trust, be not deceived with sinful	
¶ Marke Priams sonne, his fond deuise (lust,	
When Venus did obtaine the price:	
For Pallas skil and Iunoes strength,	
He chose that bred his bane at length.	1270
Choos wit, leaue wil, let Helen be w Paris stil:	
Amis goeth al, wher facie forceth fooles to fall.	
¶ Where was there found a happier wight,	
Than Troylus was til loue did light?	
What was the end of Romeus.	1275
Did he not die like Piramus	
who baths in blis? let him be mindful of Iphis	
who seeks to plese, may ridde be like Hercules.	
¶ I lothe to tel the peeuish brawles,	
And fond delights of Cupids thrawles,	1280
Like momish mates of Midas mood,	
They gape to get that doth no good: (Cup	•
Now down, now vp, as tapsters vse to tosse y	
One breedeth ioy, another breeds as great anoy	•
¶ Some loue for wealth, and some for hue,	1285
And none of both these loues are true.	
For when the Mil hath lost hir sailes,	
Then must the Miller lose his vailes:	
Of grasse commeth hay,	
And flowers faire wil soon decay:	1290
Of ripe commeth rotten,	
In age al beautie is forgotten.	
Some	

Some loueth too hie, and some too lowe,	1295
And of them both great griefs do grow,	
And some do loue the common sort:	
And common folke vse common sport.	
Looke not too hie,	
Least that a chip fall in thine eie:	1300
But hie or lowe,	
Ye may be sure she is a shrow.	
¶ But sirs, I vse to tell no tales,	
Ech fish that swims doth not beare scales,	
In euerie hedge I finde not thornes:	1305
Nor euerie beast doth carrie hornes:	
I saie not so,	
That euerie woman causeth wo:	
That were too broad,	
Who loueth not venom must shun the tode.	1310
¶ Who vseth still the truth to tel,	-3-4
May blamed be though he saie wel:	
Say Crowe is white, and snowe is blacke,	
Lay not the fault on womans backe,	
Thousands were good,	1315
But few scapte drowning in Noes flood:	-3-3
Most are wel bent,	
I must say so, least I be shent. Finis.	
¶ An excellent Song of an outcast Louer.	
To, All in a Garden green.	1320
Y fancie did I fixe,	
in faithful forme and frame:	
in hope ther shuld no blustring blast	
haue power to moue the same.	
¶ And	1225
() 21114	1325

to sundrie new Tunes.	47
¶ And as the Gods do know,	
and world can witnesse beare:	
I neuer serued other Saint,	
nor Idoll other where.	1330
¶ But one, and that was she,	
whom I in heart did shrine:	
And made account that pretious pearle,	
and iewel rich was mine.	
¶ No toile, nor labour great,	1335
could wearie me herein:	
For stil I had a Iasons heart,	
the golden fleece to win.	
¶ And sure my sute was hearde,	
I spent no time in vaine:	1340
A grant of friendship at her hand,	
I got to quite my paine.	
With solemne vowe and othe.	
was knit the True-loue knot,	
And friendly did we treat of loue,	1345
as place and time we got.	
¶ Now would we send our sighes,	
as far as they might go,	
Now would we worke with open signes,	
to blaze our inward wo.	1350
¶ Now rings and tokens too,	
renude our friendship stil,	
And ech deuice that could be wrought,	
exprest our plaine goodwill,	
True meaning went withall,	1355
it cannot be denide:	
Per	_

1360
1365
1370
0,
1375
0,5
1380
1385

to sundrie new Tunes.		49
¶ In these vnconstant daies,		1391
such troth these women haue:		
As wavering as the aspen leaf		
they are, so God me saue.		
¶ For no deserts of men		1395
are weid, what ere they be;		
For in a mood their minds are led		
with new delights we see.		
¶ The guiltlesse goeth to wrack,		
the gorgeous peacocks gay:		1400
They do esteem vpon no cause,		
and turne their friends away.		
¶ I blame not al for one,		
some flowers grow by the weeds,		
Some are as sure as lock and key,		1405
and iust of words and deeds.		
¶ And yet of one I waile,		
of one I crie and plaine:		
And for her sake shall neuer none,		
so nip my heart againe:		1410
¶ If for offence or fault,		
I had been floong at heele:		
The lesse had been my bitter smart,		
and gnawing greefe I feele.		
¶ But being once reteind,		1415
a friend by her consent:		
And after that to be disdaind,		
when best good will I ment,		
¶ I take it nothing well,		
for if my power could show,		1420
D	With	

With Larum bel and open crie, the world should throughly know.

The complaint of a woman Louer, To the tune of, Raging loue.	1425
Hough wisdom wold I should refrain,	
My heaped cares here to vnfold:	
Good Ladies yet my inward paine,	
So pricketh me I haue no holde:	T 4 20
But that I must my griefe bewray,	1430
Bedewed in teares with doleful tunes,	
That you may heare, and after say,	
Loe, this is she whom loue consumes.	
¶ My grief doth grow by my desire.	T 4 2 5
To fancie him that stormes my woe:	1435
He naught regards my flaming fire,	
Alas why doth he serue me so?	
Whose fained teares I did beleeue,	
And wept to heare his wailing voice,	T 4 40
But now, alas, too soon I preeue,	1440
Al men are false, there is no choice.	
¶ Had euer woman such reward,	
At anie time for her goodwill?	
Had euer woman hap so hard,	
So cruelly for loue to spill?	I 445
What paps (alas) did giue him food,	
That thus vnkindly workes my wo?	
What beast is of so cruell moode,	
to hate the hart that loues him so?	
¶ Like as the simple Turtle true,	1450
In mourning groanes I spend the day:	
mounting grownes I spend the day:	

My

to sundrie new Tunes.	51
My daily cares night dooth renew,	1455
To thinke how he did me betray:	
And when my weary limmes wold rest,	
My sleepe vnsound hath dreadfull dreams,	
Thus greeuous greefes my hart doth wrest	
That stil mine eies run down like streams:	1460
¶ And yet, full oft it dooth me good,	
To haunt the place where he hath beene,	
To kisse the ground whereon he stoode,	
When he (alas) my loue did win.	
To kisse the Bed wheron we laye?	1465
Now may I thinke vnto my paine,	
O blisfull place full oft I say:	
Render to me my loue againe,	
¶ But all is lost that may not be,	
Another dooth possesse my right:	1470
His cruell hart, disdaineth me,	
New loue hath put the olde, to flight:	
He loues to see my watered eyes,	
and laughes to see how I do pine:	
No words can well my woes comprise,	1475
alas what griefe is like to mine?	
¶ You comly Dams, beware by me,	
To rue sweete words of fickle trust:	
For I may well example be,	
How filed talke oft prooues vniust	1480
But sith deceipt haps to my pay,	
Good Ladyes helpe my dolefull tunes,	
That you may here and after say:	
Loe this is she whom loue consumes.	
D ij. A	1485

A proper sonet, Intituled: I smile to see how you deuise. To anie pleasant tune.

Jon acuts. 10 wine picusum mine.	
T Smile to see how you deuise,	
New masking nets my eies to bleare:	1490
your self you cannot so disguise:	
But as you are, you must appeare.	
¶ your priuie winkes at boord I see,	
And how you set your rouing mind:	
your selfe you cannot hide from me,	1495
Although I wincke, I am not blind.	
The secret sighs and fained cheare,	
That oft doth paine thy carefull brest:	
To me right plainly doth appeare,	
I see in whom thy hart doth rest.	1500
¶ And though thou makest a fained vow,	
That loue no more thy heart should nip,	
yet think I know as well as thou,	
The fickle helm doth guide the ship.	
¶ The Salamander in the fire,	1505
By course of kinde doth bathe his limmes:	
The floting Fish taketh his desire,	
In running streams whereas he swimmes.	
¶ So thou in change dost take delight,	
Ful wel I know thy slipperie kinde:	1510
In vaine thou seemst to dim my sight,	
Thy rowling eies bewraieth thy minde.	
¶ I see him smile that doth possesse	
Thy loue which once I honoured most:	
If he be wise, he may well gesse,	1515
Thy loue soon won, wil soon be lost.	

An[d]

to sundrie new Tunes.		53
¶ And sith thou canst no man intice,		
That he should stil loue thee alone:		1520
Thy beautie now hath lost her price,		- ·
I see thy sauorie sent is gone.		
¶ Therefore leave off thy wonted plaie,		
But, as thou art, thou wilt appeare,		
Vnlesse thou canst deuise a waie,		1525
To dark the Sun that shines so cleare.		
¶ And keep thy friend that thou hast won,		
In trueth to him thy loue supplie,		
Least he at length as I haue done,		
Take off thy Belles and let thee flie.		1530
A Sonet of two faithfull Louers, exhorting		
one another to be constant.		
To the tune of Kypascie.		
He famous Prince of Macedon,		
whose wars increst his worthy name		1535
Triumphed not so, when he had won		1535
By conquest great, immortall fame,		
As I reioice, reioice,		
For thee, my choice, with heart and voice,		
Since thou art mine,		1540
Whom, long to loue, the Gods assigne.		1540
The secret flames of this my loue,		
The stars had wrought ere I was borne,		
Whose sugred force my hart doth moue,		
And eke my will so sure hath sworne.		1545
that Fortunes lore, no more,		-) -)
though I therefore, did life abhore:		
Shall neuer make,		
Forgetful dewes my heat to slake.		
1. orgettur dewes my hear to stake.	If	1550

¶ If that I false my faith to thee,	
Or seeke to chaunge for any newe:	
If thoughts appeare so ill in me,	
If thou thy life shall justly rew.	55:
Such kinde of woe, of woe:	
As friende or foe, might to me showe:	
Betide me than,	
Or wurse, if it may hap to man.	
¶ Then let vs ioy in this our loue:	560
In spite of Fortunes wrath, my deere:	
Twoo willes in one, as dooth behooue,	
One loue in both, let still appeare:	
And I will be, will be,	
Piramus to thee, my owne Thisbie,	565
So thou againe,	
My constant louer shalt remaine.	
A proper new Dity: Intituled Fie vpo Loue	
and al his lawes. To the tune of lumber me.	
O 77 1 1:	570
Such broken sleepes, such hope vnsure,	5/5
Thy call so oft hath me beguilde.	
That I vnneth can well indure:	
But crie (alas) as I haue cause,	
T' I III I	575
¶ Like Piramus, I sigh and grone,	3 / 3
VVhom Stonie wals, keept from his loue,	
And as the wofull <i>Palemon</i> ,	
A thousand stormes, for thee I prooue,	
37 .1 11 273	5 8 c
All slaiest the hart, whom thou maist help.	5 00

to sundrie new Tunes.	55
¶ A craggie Rocke, thy Cradle, was,	
And Tigers milke sure was thy foode,	1585
VVherby Dame Nature broought to passe,	<i>J J</i>
That like the Nurse should be thy moode:	
VVild and vnkinde, cruell and fell,	
to rent the hart that loues thee well.	
¶ The Crocadile with fained teares,	1590
The Fisher not so oft beguiles:	
As thou hast luld my simple eares,	
To here sweet words, full fraught w wiles,	
that I may say, as I doo prooue,	
VVo worth the time, I gan to loue.	1595
¶ Sith thou hast vowd to worke my wrack,	
And hast no will my wealth to way:	
Farewell vnkinde, I will keepe backe,	
Such toyes as may my helth decay:	
and still will cry as I haue cause.	1600
Fie vpon Loue and all his lawes.	
The Louer being wounded with his Ladis	
beutie, requireth mercy.	
To the tune of Apelles.	
THe liuelie sparkes of those two eyes,	1605
my wounded hart hath set on fire:	
And since I can no way deuise,	
To stay the rage of my desire,	
with sighs and trembling tears I craue	
my deare on me some pitie haue.	1610
¶ In vewing thee, I tooke such ioy,	
As one that sought his quiet rest:	
Vntill I felt the fethered boy,	
Ay	re.

Ay flickring in my captiue brest:	1616
Since that time loe, in deepe dispaire,	
all voide of ioy, my time I weare.	
¶ The wofull prisoner Palemon,	
And Troylus eke kinge Pyramus sonne,	1620
Constrained by loue did neuer mone:	
As I my deer for thee haue done.	
Let pitie then requite my paines,	
My life and death in thee remaines.	
¶ If constant loue may reape his hire,	1625
And faith vnfained may purchace:	
Great hope I haue to my desire.	
Your gentle hart wil grant me grace,	
Til then (my deer) in few words plaine,	
In pensiue thoughts I shall remaine.	1630
The lamentation of a woman being wrong-	
fully defamed. To the tune of Damon & Pithias.	
Ou Ladies falsly deemd,	
of anie fault or crime:	
Command your pensiue harts to help	1635
this dolefull tune of mine:	
For spiteful men there are,	
that faults would fain espie:	
Alas, what heart would heare their talke,	
but willingly would die.	1640
¶ I waile oft times in woe,	
and curse mine houre of birth,	
Such slanderous pangs do me oppresse,	
when others ioy in mirth:	
Belike	1645

Belike it was ordaind to be my destinie.	
Alas what heart would heare their talk, &c.	
¶ A thousand good women,	
haue guiltlesse been accusde:	1650
For verie spite, although that they,	
their bodies neuer abusde:	
the godly Susāna accused was falsly. alas &c.	
¶ The poisoned Pancalier,	
ful falsly did accuse	1655
The good Dutchesse of Sauoy,	
because she did refuse,	
To grant vnto his loue,	
that was so vngodlie. Alas what, &c	
¶ Such false dissembling men,	1660
stoong with Alectos dart:	
Must needs have place to spit their spite,	
vpon some guiltlesse hart:	
Therefore, I must be pleasde,	
that they triumph on me, Alas, &c.	1665
¶ Therefore, Lord, I thee pray,	
the like death downe to send,	
Vpon these false suspected men,	
or else their minds t'amend:	
As thou hast done tofore,	1670
vnto these persons three. Alas what, &c.	
A proper Song, Intituled: Fain wold I have	
a pretie thing to give vnto my Ladie.	
To the tune of lustie Gallant.	
¶ Fain would I have a pretie thing,	1675
to giue vnto my Ladie:	
Iname	

I have no ming, nor I meane no ming,	
But as pretie a thing as may bee.	1680
Wentie iorneyes would I make,	
and twentie waies would hie me,	
To make aduenture for her sake,	
to set some matter by me:	
But I would faine haue a pretie thing, &c,	1685
I name nothing, nor I meane nothing, &c.	
¶ Some do long for pretie knackes,	
and some for straunge deuices:	
God send me that my Ladie lackes,	
I care not what the price is, thus faine, &c	1690
¶ Some goe here, and some go there,	
wheare gases be not geason:	
And I goe gaping euery where,	
but still come out of season. Yet faine, &c,	
¶ I walke the towne, and tread the streete,	1695
in euery corner seeking:	
The pretie thinge I cannot meete,	
thats for my Ladies liking. Faine, &c.	
The Mercers pull me going by,	
the Silkie wiues say, what lacke ye?	1700
The thing you have not, then say I.	
ye foolish fooles, go packe ye. But fain &c.	
¶ It is not all the Silke in Cheape,	
nor all the golden treasure:	
Nor twentie Bushels on a heape,	1705
can do my Ladie pleasure. But faine, &c.	
The Grauers of the golden showes,	
with Iuelles do beset me.	
The	

The Shemsters in the shoppes that sowes,	1711
they do nothing but let me: But faine, &c.	
¶ But were it in the wit of man,	
by any meanes to make it,	
I could for Money buy it than,	1715
and say, faire Lady, take it. Thus, fain, &c	: .
¶O Lady, what a lucke is this:	
that my good willing misseth:	
To finde what pretie thing it is,	
that my good Lady wisheth.	1720
Thus fain wold I have had this preti thing	
to giue vnto my Ladie:	
I said no harme, nor I ment no harme,	
but as pretie a thing as may be.	
A proper wooing Song, intituled: Maide	1725
will ye loue me: ye or no?	-7-3
To the tune of the Marchaunts Daughter	
went ouer the fielde.	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Ayde will ye loue me yea or no? tell me the trothe, and let me goe.	7/11/20
It can be no lesse then a sinfull deed,	1730
trust me truely,	
To linger a Louer that lookes to speede,	
in due time duely.	TMOR
¶ You Maids that thinke your selus as fine, As Venus and all the Muses nine:	17.35
The Father himselfe whe he first made ma	
trust me truely:	
Made you for his help whe the world began	
in due time duely.	1740
[Then]	1/40
[Then]	

Then sith Gods wil was euen so.	
Why should you disdaine you Louer tho?	
But rather with a willing heart,	1745
Loue him truely?	
For in so doing, you do but your part,	
Let reason rule ye.	
¶ Consider (sweet) what sighs and sobbes,	
Do nip my heart with cruell throbbes,	1750
And al (my deer) for the loue of you,	
Trust me truly:	
But I hope that you wil some mercie show,	
In due time duely.	
¶ If that you do my case well way,	1755
And shew some signe whereby I may	
Haue some good hope of your good grace,	
Trust me truely:	
I count my selfe in a blessed case,	
Let reason rule ye.	1760
¶ And for my part, whilst I do liue,	
To loue you most faithfully, my had I giue,	
Forsaking all other, for your sweet sake,	
Trust me truly:	
In token whereof, my troth I betake,	1765
to your selfe most duely.	
¶ And though for this time we must depart,	
yet keep you this ring tru token of my hart,	
Til time do serue, we meet againe,	
Let reason rule ye.	1770
Whe an answer of cofort, I trust to obtain,	
In due time duly.	
Now	

to sundrie new Tunes.	61
Now must I depart with sighing teares,	1775
With sobbing heart and burning eares:	
Pale in the face, and faint as I may,	
trust me truly:	
But I hope our next meeting, a ioyfull day,	
in due time duly.	1780
The painefull plight of a Louer oppressed	
with the beautifull looks of his Lady.	
To the tune of, I loued her ouer wel.	
TT//He as thy eies, y wretched spies	
did breed my cause of care:	1785
And sisters three did full agree,	
my fatall threed to spare.	
Then let these words ingrauen be,	
on toomb whereas I lie,	
That here lies one whom spiteful loue,	1790
hath caused for to die.	
¶ Somtimes I spend the night to end,	
in dolors and in woe:	
Somtime againe vnto my pain,	
my chiefest ioy doth grow.	1795
When as in minde, thy shape I finde,	
as fancie doth me tell:	
Whome nowe I knowe, as proofe doth	
I loued thee ouer wel. (show	
¶ How oft within my wreathed arme,	1800
desired I to folde:	
Thy Christall corps, of whom I ioyed,	
more dearer than of golde.	
But	

But now disdaine, dooth breede my paine,	1806
and thou canst not denie:	
But that I loued thee ouer well:	
that caused me to die.	
The hound that serues his Maisters will,	1810
in raunging here and there,	
The moyling Horse, that labours still,	
his burthen great to beare:	
In lew of paine, receives againe,	
of him which did him owe:	1815
As Natures heast, wiles most & least	
them thankefull for to showe.	
¶ The Lyon and the Tyger fierce,	
as Nature doth them binde:	
For loue, like loue repay againe:	1820
in Stories we doo finde:	
Those beasts & birds both wild & tame,	
of frendships lore can tell:	
But thy reply, willes me to die.	
that loued thee ouer well.	1825
¶ Therfore, my deare and Darling faire,	
ensample take by those,	
Which equally with loue againe,	
their louing mindes dispose:	
And giue him glee, whose death we s[ee]	1830
approcheth very nie:	
Without he gaine, to ease his paine,	
which loued thee hartely.	
¶ Then shall they say that see the same,	
where euer that they goe:	1835
And	1

to sundrie new Tunes.	63
And wish for ay, as for thy pay,	
all Nestors yeares to know:	
And I no lesse then all the rest,	1840
should wish thee health for aye:	
Because thou hast heard my request,	
and saued me from decay.	
A faithfull vow of two constant Louers	
To the new Rogero.	1845
CHall distance part our loue,	
or daily choice of chaunge?	
Or sprites below, or Gods aboue,	
haue power to make vs straunge:	
¶ No nothing here on earth,	1850
that kinde hath made or wrought,	
Shall force me to forget.	
goodwill so dearely bought,	
¶ And for my part I vow,	
to serue for terme of life:	1855
Which promise may compare with her,	
which was Vlisses wife.	
¶ Which vow if I doo breake,	
let vengeance on me fall,	
Eche plague that on the earth may raigne,	1860
I aske not one, but all.	
¶ Though time may breede suspect,	
to fill your hart with toyes:	
And absence may a mischefe breede,	
to let your wished ioyes:	1865
¶ Yet thinke I have a troth,	
and honesty to keepe:	
A	ınd

And weigh the time your loue hath dwelt,	1870
within my hart so deep.	
¶ And peise the words I spake,	
and marke my countenance then:	
And let not slip no earnest sigh,	
if thou remember can.	1875
¶ At least forget no teares,	
that trickled downe my face:	
And marke howe oft I wroong your hand,	
and blushed all the space.	
¶ Remember how I sware,	1880
and strook therewith my brest:	
In witnesse when thou partst me fro,	
my heart with thee should rest.	
¶ Thinke on the eger lookes,	
full loth to leave thy sight,	1885
That made the signes when that she list,	
to like no other wight.	
¶ If this be out of thought,	
yet call to minde againe,	
The busie sute, the much adoe,	1890
the labour and the paine,	
That at the first I had,	
ere thy good will I gate:	
And think how for thy loue [al]one,	
I purchase partly hate.	1895
¶ But all is one with me,	
my heart so setled is:	
No friend, nor foe, nor want of wealth,	
shall neuer hurt in this.	
Re	Tooo

to sundrie new Tunes.	65
¶ Be constant now therefore,	
and faithfull to the end?	
Be carefull how we both may do,	
to be ech others friend.	1905
¶ With free and cleane consent,	
two hearts in one I knit:	
Which for my part, I vow to keep,	
and promise not to flit,	
¶ Now let this vow be kept,	1910
exchange thy heart for mine:	
So shal two harts be in one breast,	
and both of them be thine.	
A	
A sorrowfull Sonet, made by M. George	TOI
Mannington, at Cambridge Castle. To the tune of Labandala Shot.	1915
T Waile in wo, I plunge in pain,	
with sorowing sobs, I do complain,	
With wallowing waves I wish to die,	
I languish sore whereas I lie,	1920
In feare I faint in hope I holde,	
With ruthe I runne, I was too bolde:	
As lucklesse lot assigned me,	
in dangerous dale of destinie:	7.00 #
Hope bids me smile, Feare bids me weep,	1925
My seelie soule thus Care doth keep.	
¶ Yea too too late I do repent,	
the youthful yeares that I have spent,	
The retch lesse race of carelesse kinde,	1930
which hath bewitcht my woful minde. E [S	uch]
E (S	uciil

Such is the chaunce, such is the state, Of those that trust too much to fate.	
No bragging boast of gentle blood,	1935
What so he be, can do thee good:	
No wit, no strength, nor beauties hue,	
No friendly sute can death eschue.	
¶ The dismall day hath had his wil,	
And iustice seekes my life to spill:	1940
Reuengement craues by rigorous law,	
Whereof I little stood in awe:	
The dolefull doom to end my life,	
Bedect with care and worldlie strife:	
And frowning iudge hath giuen his doome.	1945
O gentle death thou art welcome:	
The losse of life, I do not feare,	
Then welcome death, the end of care.	
¶O prisoners poore, in dungeon deep,	
Which passe the night in slumbring sleep:	1950
Wel may you rue your youthful race.	
And now lament your cursed cace.	
Content your selfe with your estate,	
Impute no shame to fickle fate:	
With wrong attempts, increase no wealth,	1955
Regard the state of prosperous health:	
And think on me, when I am dead:	
Whom such delights haue lewdly led.	
¶ My friend and parents, where euer you be	
Full little do you thinke on me:	1960
My mother milde, and dame so deer:	
Thy louing childe, is fettred heer:	
Would	

to sundrie new Tunes.	67
Would God I had, I wish too late,	1965
Been bred and borne of meaner estate:	
Or else, would God my rechlesse eare,	
Had been obedient for to heare,	
Your sage aduice and counsel true:	
But in the Lord parents adue.	1970
¶ You valiant hearts of youthfull train,	
Which heard my heavie heart complain:	
A good example take by me,	
Which runne the race where euer you be:	
trust not too much to bilbow blade,	1975
nor yet to fortunes fickle trade.	
Hoist not your sailes no more in winde,	
Least that some rocke, you chaunce to finde,	
or else be driuen to Lybia land,	
whereas the Barque may sinck in sand.	1980
¶ You students all that present be,	
To view my fatall destinie,	
would God I could requite your pain,	
wherein you labour, although in vain,	
if mightie God would think it good,	1985
to spare my life and vitall blood,	
For this your profered curtesie,	
I would remaine most stedfastly,	
Your seruant true in deed and word,	
But welcome death, as please the Lord.	1990
¶ Yea welcome death, the end of woe,	
And farewell life, my fatall foe:	
Yea welcome death, the end of strife,	
Adue the care of mortall life,	
E ii For	1995

For though this life doth fleet away, In heauen I hope to liue for ay: A place of ioy and perfect rest, Which Christ hath purchaste for the best: 2000 Til that we meet in heauen most hiest: Adue, farewell in Iesu Christ. A proper Sonet, of an unkinde Damsell, to to her faithful Louer. To, the nine Muses. He ofter that I view and see, 2005 That plesant face and faire beautie, whereto my heart is bound: The neer my Miftresse is to me, My health is farthest off I see: and fresher is my wound: 2010 Like as the flame doth quench by fire, or streams consume by raigne, So doth the sight that I desire, appease my grief and paine: Like a flie that doth hie. 2015 and haste into the fire: So in brief, findes her grief, that thought to sport aspire. ¶ When first I saw those Christal streams, I little thought on beauties beams: 2020 sweet venom to haue found, But wilful wil did prick me foorth, Perforce to take my grief in woorth, that causd my mortall wound: And Cupid blind compeld me so, 2025

my fruitlesse hope to hide:

Wherein

to sundrie new Tunes.		69
Wherein remaind my bitter wo:		
thus stil he did me guide:		2030
Then his dart, to my hart,		
he slung with cruell fist:		
Whose poison fel, I know right wel,		
no louer may resist.		
¶ Thus vainly stil, I frame my sute,		2035
Of ill sowen seeds, such is the frute,		
experience doth it show:		
The fault is hers the pain is mine,		
And thus my sentence I define,		
I hapned on a shrow:		2040
And now beware, ye yongmen all,		
Example take by mee:		
Least beauties bait in Cupids thrall,		
do catch you privily:		
So stay you, I pray you,		2045
and marke you my great wrong,		
Forsaken, not taken,		
thus end I now my song.		
The Louer complaineth the absence of		
his Ladie, wisheth for death.		2050
To, the new Almaine.		
Ith spitefull spite hath spide her tin	ie,	
my wished ioies to end:		
And drowping dread hath driven me	2	
	(now	2055
I can but waile the want,		
of this my former ioie:		
Sith spiteful force hath sought so long,		
my blisse for to annoie.		
	¶ B	2060

¶ But though it be our chance	
asunder for to be,	
My heart in pawne til we do meet,	
Shal stil remaine with thee:	2065
And then we shall renue,	
our sugred pleasures past:	
And loue that loue, that seekes no change,	
whilst life in vs do last.	
¶ Perhaps my absence may,	2070
or else some other let:	
By choice of change, cause thee my deer,	
our former loue forget:	
And thou renounce the oth,	
which erst thou vowdst to me:	2075
My deerest blood in recompence,	
thou sure shouldst shortly see.	
A thousand sighs to sed to thee I wil not let,	
Ne to bewaile the losse of thee, I neuer will	
But stil suppose I see, (forget	2080
the same before my face:	
And louingly between my armes,	
thy corps I do embrace.	
¶ Thus feed I fancie stil,	
for lacke of greater ioy:	2085
With such like thoughts, which daily doth,	
my wofull heart annoy:	
thus stil in hope I liue,	
my wished ioies to haue:	
And in dispaire oft time I wish,	2090
my feeble Corps in graue.	
This	

to sundrie new Tunes.	71
This is the life I leade, til I thee see again	
And so wil do, til dreadful death,	2095
do seek to ease my paine,	
who rather I do wish, by force to end in wo,	
than for to liue in happie state,	
thy loue for to forgo.	
¶ And thus farewell my deer,	2100
with whom my heart shall rest,	
Remember him that this did write,	
sith he doth loue thee best:	
And wil til greedie death,	
my daies do shorten now:	2105
Farewel my dear, loe here my faith	
and troth to thee I vow. Finis.	
The Louer compareth him self to the pain-	
ful Falconer. To the tune, I loued her ouer wel.	
He soaring hawk from fist that flies,	2110
her Falconer doth constraine:	
Sometime to range the ground vn-	
to find her out againe: (known,	
And if by sight or sound of bell,	
his falcon he may see:	2115
wo ho he cries, with cheerful voice,	
the gladdest man is he.	
¶ By Lure then in finest sort,	
he seekes to bring her in:	
But if that she, ful gorged be,	2120
he can not so her win:	

Although her becks and bending eies,

she manie proffers makes:

Wo ho ho he cries, awaie she flies,	2126
and so her leave she takes.	
¶ This wofull man with wearie limmes,	
runnes wandring round about:	
At length by noise of chattering Pies,	2130
his hawke againe found out	
His heart was glad his eies had seen,	
his falcon swift of flight:	
Wo ho ho he cries, she emptie gorgde,	
vpon his Lure doth light.	2135
¶ How glad was then the falconer there,	
no pen nor tongue can tel:	
He swam in blisse that lately felt	
like paines of cruel hel.	
His hand somtime vpon her train,	2140
somtime vpon her brest:	
Wo ho he cries with chearfull voice,	
his heart was now at rest.	
¶ My deer likewise, beholde thy loue,	
what paines he doth indure:	2145
And now at length let pitie moue,	
to stoup vnto his Lure.	
A hood of silk, and siluer belles,	
new gifts I promise thee:	
Wo ho ho, I crie, I come then saie,	2150
make me as glad as hee	

FINIS.

FRAGMENT OF ANOTHER EDITION OF THE HANDFUL

This single leaf, corresponding to lines 1581–1645 of the Handful of Pleasant Delights, was found by J. W. Ebsworth among John Bagford's collection of early printed matter at the British Museum. The press-mark is 643. m. 9 (83). Ebsworth reprinted the leaf in his Bagford Ballads, 1878, I, 41 f., and Arber in his edition of the Handful, pp. xv f. In both reprints the contractions are expanded, lines are re-arranged, and the stanzas are normalized so that the early date of the leaf is obscured. Ebsworth, to be sure, believed that it was earlier in date than the Handful.

The typography itself seems to show that the leaf belongs to the third quarter of the sixteenth century and, therefore, that it antedated the 1584 Handful. Taken in connection with the Stationers' entry of 1566 and with the early dates of most of the ballads that appear in the Handful, it seems highly probable that the leaf actually came from the first edition of the Pleasant Sonnets in

1566. See the discussion on pages x-xiii, above.

The following misprints occur in this fragment:

2 flayest (read slayest)

8 flay (read slay)

39 Pryamus, (read Pryamus son,)

61 oft times (text perhaps ofttimes)

The chief verbal differences (ignoring mere spelling) between the fragment and the corresponding lines of the *Handful* are:

6 thy Nurse: 1587 the Nurse

8 flay: 1589 rent 11 fild: 1592 luld

55 Constraine: 1635 Command

All flayest the heart, whom thou maist help,	
¶A craggie Rock thy cradle was,	
And Tygres milke sure was thy food:	
Whereby Dame Nature brought to passe,	
That like thy Nurse should be thy moode,	
Wilde and vnkind, cruell and fell.	
To flay the heart that loues thee well.	
¶ The Crocodile with fained teares,	
The Fisher not so oft beguiles:	I
As thou haste fild my simple eares,	
To heare sweet words, full fraught with wiles	
That I may say, as I doo prooue,	
Wo worth the time I gan to loue.	
¶ Sith thou haste vow'd to worke my wracke,	15
And haste no will my wealth to way,	
Farewell vnkind, I will keepe backe	
Such toyes as may my health decay:	
And still will crie, as I haue cause,	
Fie vpon loue and all his lawes.	20
The Louer being wounded with his Ladies	
beautie, requireth mercy. To	
the tune of Apelles.	
•	
He lively sparkes of those two eyes,	
My wounded heart hath set on fire:	25
And since I can no way deuise,	
To stay the rage of my desire:	
with sighes and trembling teares I craue	
My deare, on me some pitty haue, ¶ In viewing thee, I tooke such ioy,	
As one that sought his quiet rest:	30
D 2 Vntil	
Vntil	

Sonets and Histories,	75
Vntill I felt the feathered boy,	
Ay flickering in my captiue breast:	35
Since that time loe, in deep dispaire,	
All voyd of ioy, my time I weare,	
¶ The wofull prisoner Palemon,	
And Troylus eke, King Pryamus,	
Constrain'd by loue did neuer mone,	40
As I (my deare) for the haue done,	
Let pitie then requite my paines	
My life and death in thee remaines.	
¶ If constant loue may reape his hire,	
And faith vnfained may purchase,	45
Great hope I haue to my desire,	
Your gentle heart will grant me grace,	
Till then (my deare) in few words plaine,	
In pensiue thoughts I shall remaine.	
The lamentation of a woman being wrongful-	50
lie defamed. To the tune of Damon and	
Pythias.	
VOu Ladies falselie deem'd	
of any fault or crime,	
Constraine your pensiue heartes to help	55
this dolefull tune of mine:	
For spitefull men there are,	
That faults would faine espie:	
Alas, what heart would heare their talke,	
but willinglie would die:	60
¶ I waile oft times in woe,	
And curse mine houre of birth:	
Such slanderous pangs doe me oppresse,	
when others ioy in mirth, B[elike]	

LIST OF MISPRINTS AND VARIANT READINGS

This list enumerates: (1) every misprint in the 1584 Hand-ful of Pleasant Delights (H) except errors of punctuation, which I have left unchanged in the text; (2) every variation (and each is unintentional) from H in Crossley's edition for the Spenser Society (S); (3) every variation from H in Arber's edition (A) except words that Arber modernized by brackets or contractions that he expanded; and (4) a few variations in Park's edition (P). The last edition is too hopelessly inaccurate to deserve fuller citation. A glance through the list shows that S is not altogether successful as an exact reprint of H and that A is less carefully revised than is customary in Arber's work. References are to lines as numbered in the present edition.

I. The Printer to the Reader

- 5 m[ight] A: m. (though the period may be a broken i) H: may P, S
- 9 pleasant A: pleasaut H, S
- 19 regard A: regnrd H, S

II. Text of the "Sonnets"

- 67 [Le]tting: tting H, S, A. Apparently Le was dropped from the form in printing
- 104 vse, H, S: vse. A
- 188 purchase A: purchasr H, S
- 203 now S, A: uow H
- 210 sometimes A: sometimes H, S
- 279 be, H, S: be. A, but the period is imperfect
- 350 wooed S, A: H is badly blurred, type broken
- 357 her, H, S: hr, A
- 385 will A
- 386 as (the first one): ss H, S: so A
- 403 Beauties A: Beauties H, S

480 to A: so H, S

496 be ware S, and there may be a slight separation in H

560 not A: not H, S

596 [Thy] trimmed off in H. Only the top of the T remains. S has Thy

628 [Faire] entirely cut off, though S has Faire

649 griefe A

724 [Mar-] entirely cut off, though S has Mar-

736 race. A

751 hugie S, A: bugie H, P

756 S has Abroad; in H all but the top is cut off

791 My A: (My S, and so possibly H, but the parenthesis is, if intended, badly broken

794 Narcissus S, A: Narcislus H

809 go, A: go. S, H, but the dot in H is very small

815 la[dy] A: la H, S

824 mercie S, A: merrie H

840 Cecilia A

856 'No, A

864 ioy, S: ioy. A, and possibly H

892 Wel A: Wil H, S

931 way. A: way, S, and apparently H, but the mark is blurred

959 Ou A: YOu H, S

971 renowne, S, A: reuowne, H

1008 fare, S: fare. A, H, but the period in H may be a bad comma

1038 band. H: hand. P, S, A

1096 you S, A: yon H

1097 To A: TO H, S

1100 deny A: de ny H,S 1103 sir A

1109 beleue A, greues A

1113 about A

1117 is S, A: is H

1127 well A, you, A

1139 running, S, A: running, H

78 MISPRINTS AND VARIANT READINGS

1216 beautie, A

1230 Sonets S: onets H

1263 rule S, A: rnle H

1286 true. S, A: trne. H

1317 bent, S, A: bent, H, or else the e is broken

1333 make A: made H, S

1338 to S, A: io H

1373 wordes A

1381 may A: way H, S

1394 saue. S, A: saue. H

1427 shold *A*

1451 true S, A: true H

1454 sundrie S: s \(\beta\) drie H

1466 thinke S, A: thinke H

1467 blisfull A, S: H apparently blissull

1517 An[d] H is torn and blurred. S has And

1531 faithfuli H 1546 more. A

1555 rew, S, and the point in H may be a bad comma

1568 Intituled. H, S: Intituled A

1579 prooue S, A: proone H

1582 [¶ A] H is torn, and only the top of the ¶ remains. S has A

1592 simple eares, A and the fragment printed on page 73. E is too blurred to decipher. P has sleep to cares; S stinted eares,

1595 gan H?, the fragment (cf. p. 73), and A: give S

1610 pity S

1653 accusde A. &c.H apparently &c'.

1653 falsly S, A: falsly. H, though the period is very dim

1657 refuse. S, A: refuse, H, apparently, though the comma is broken

1659 &c. S, A: &c H

1673 my A: wy H, S

1679 Inane H no (first one) A, S: uo H

1685 &c. S: &c, H, A

1690 &c. S: &c H, A

1691 goe (second one) A: go H, S

1694 &c. A, S: &c, H, or else the comma is a blurred period

1701 I, S, A: I. H, or else the period is a broken comma

1727 Marchaunts H (though the first a is badly blurred, perhaps broken), S: Mirchaunts A

1729 MAyde: the A is broken in H

1741 [Then] cut off in H: Then S

1775 sighingteares H

1814 receives A, S, but in H the blurred or broken type makes
the spelling doubtful

1816 wiles: H is too badly blurred to be certain

1817 thaukefull H

1822 birds, S

1824 die, S

1830 see S: s H: s[ee] A 1833 loued S, A: loned H

1834 they: th[e]y A: thy H, S

1853 good will S

1854 any A: my H, S

1866 troth, S, A: ttoth, H

1874 ernest A

1894 [al]one, H is torn: alone, S, A

1916 tune A: tnne H, S

1931 [Such] not in H or S

1945 frowning S, A: frowning H

2001 hiest: H, A: blest: S

2003-4 to to H, S, A

2016 into S, A: iuto H

2030 thus A: hthus H, S

2030 guide r H: guide; S: guide? A

2032 flung S: slung H, A

2060 ¶ B: u B H, S

2077 shouldst S, A: shouldst H

2080 still A

2109 Falconer. S, A: Falcouer. H

2109 To A: TO H, S

2125 Histories, H: Histories. S

2126 flies, S, A: flies H

NOTES

For words and phrases on which no notes are given, see the Glossarial Index.

In the Notes the following works are cited by brief titles or abbreviations: —

Arber = A Transcript of the Registers of the Company of Stationers of London; 1554–1640, edited by Edward Arber, 5 vols., London, 1875–1894.

Chappell, William. Popular Music of the Olden Time,

2 vols., London, n. d.

Collier, J. P. Extracts from the Registers of the Stationers' Company [1557–1587], 2 vols., Shakespeare Society, London, 1848–1849.

Collmann, Herbert L. Ballads and Broadsides, Chiefly of the Elizabethan Period, Roxburghe Club, 1912. [The so-called Heber ballads reprinted in this book are now owned by Mr. Henry E. Huntington.]

Gorgeous Gallery = J. P. Collier's reprint (1867) of A gorgious Gallery of Gallant Inventions . . . ioyned together and builded vp: By T. P. [Thomas Proctor.] Imprinted at London, for Richard Iones. 1578.

Lilly's Ballads = A Collection of Seventy-Nine Black-Letter Ballads and Broadsides, Printed in the Reign of Queen Elizabeth, London, 1867. [Joseph Lilly wrote the Preface

and printed the book.]

MS. Ashmole 48 = Songs and Ballads, With Other Short Poems, Chiefly of the Reign of Philip and Mary. Edited from a Manuscript in the Ashmolean Museum, by Thomas Wright, Roxburghe Club, 1860.

MS. Cotton Vespasian A. XXV. The ballads from this MS. are reprinted by K. Boeddeker in the Jahrbuch für romanische und englische Sprache, Neue Folge, vols. II and III.

N. E. D. = The New English Dictionary.

Paradise = J. P. Collier's reprint (1867) of The Paradyse of daynty deuises. . . . Devised and written for the most part, by M. Edwardes. . . . Imprinted at London, by Henry Disle, . . . 1578.

Pleasant Sonnets. The 1566 edition of the Handful of Pleasant Delights. See the discussion in the Introduction, pp.

x-xiii, above.

The Printer to the Reader (Page 2)

6. here may you wish and haue. 'In this book you may have such pleasing songs as you may wish for, or desire.'

10. lightly. Easily; practically equivalent to 'as you are at all likely to crave.'

No. 1, Line 1

A book called a nose gaye was licensed to John King in 1557 (Arber, I, 75), and Collier (Extracts, I, 3) suggested that the "book" was really the present ballad. That identification, however, is too doubtful to be accepted. Probably No. I was the ballad called "A Smellinge Nosegaye" that John Cherlewood registered on January 15, 1582 (Arber, II, 406), though that title is equally applicable to "A pleasant Poesie, or sweete Nosegay of fragrant smellyng Flowers gathered in the Garden of heauenly Pleasure, the holy and blessed Bible" (Lilly's Ballads, p. 5). If No. I and "A Smellinge Nosegaye" were identical, it of course follows that No. I was not in the Pleasant Sonnets of 1566. Naturally enough, an Elizabethan printer would have begun a second edition of his miscellany with a new ballad.

From some edition of the *Handful* this ballad was liberally plagiarized by the author of "The Flattering Louers farewell to his Loue Nanny. To the tune of *Virginia*," a ballad in the Pepys Collection (I, 332) which Edward Wright printed about 1620. The following stanzas from the second part of the Pepys ballad (called "The Comfortable answere of *Nanny*") may be quoted for illustration:

[11]

Though Fortune do not fauour me, according to my will:

The proofe of my behauiour, is for to loue you still,

[12]

Intending not to change, so long as life doth last: But in thy youth to run thy race, till youthfull daies be past.

[16]

But time is for to try,
which needs be tryed must:
Hoping in God, while life doth last,
you wil be true and iust.

[19]

Lauender is for Louers true, whiche I doe meane to keepe: Rosemary for remembrance, till we againe doe meete.

[20]

Carnations is for graciousnes, marke this well by the way: Giue no regard to flatterers, nor passe not what they say.

No. I was reprinted for the first time in Thomas Evans's Old Ballads, 1810, I, I. Mrs. C. C. Stopes, who reprinted it, from Malone's manuscript copy, in her William Hunnis (1910, pp. 307 ff., and cf. 206 ff.), thinks it may be the Nosegay that Thomas Newton ascribes to Hunnis in his Hive full of Honey (1578).

3. fairings. Presents given at or brought from a fair. Ballads of advice or admonition were favorite fairings.

20. flower his. Flower's (possessive case). Cf. line 132.

21. Lauander. "Lauender alures the lookers eyes," — Paradise, p. 87. Cf. line 31, note.

31. Rosemarie is for remembrance. Ophelia (Hamlet, IV, v, 174 ff.), commentators agree, quotes this passage: "There's rosemary, that's for remembrance; pray, love, remember; and there is pansies, that's for thoughts. . . . There's fennel for you." Cf. Drayton's Ninth Ecloque:

He from his lass him lavender hath sent, Shewing her love, and doth requital crave; Him rosemary his sweet-heart, whose intent Is that he her should in remembrance have.

A somewhat similar passage dealing with pansies and columbines is in Chapman's *All Fools*, II, i, 232 ff. See also John Ingram's *Flora Symbolica*, pp. 200 ff.

- 39. Sage is for sustenance. "Cowley ascribes to sage the virtues here attributed to rosemary, and from its strengthening and bracing powers, infers its high reputation among medicaments for the memory. See his first book of Herbs" (Park's note). In Muiopotmos (1590), line 187, Spenser speaks of "the wholsome saulge." Cf. the old medical maxim, "Cur moriatur homo dum salvia crescit in horto?"
- 41. stil lie. That is, always, continually (as in lines 43, 75). Continually in line 42 is redundant.
- 47. Fenel. The Paradise, p. 86, describes fennel as "more fit, for some vnfrendly gest."
- 59. And wil continue. The sense is, 'and hoping that you will continue.'
- 65. Time. Thyme. The author is obviously punning on the proverb, "Time [not thyme] trieth all things" (Hazlitt's English Proverbs, 1882, p. 419).
- 81. Ieliflowers. Gillyflowers. "Some ioly youth the Gelliflower estemeth for his ioye," Paradise, p. 87.
 - 103. I do not care. 'I feel no anxiety.'
 - 104. stil vse, That. 'Still conduct myself so that.'
- secrets, or secrecy. Of cowslips the *Paradise*, p. 86, says, "Sometymes thei seme to coy."

123. I pray. Read ¶ I pray.

132. he, his. Referring to the nosegay.

No. 2, Line 134

Though not registered at Stationers' Hall, this ballad was probably printed by 1566. Such a date is indicated by the tune, Downright squire (used also for No. 13), as this tune was well known and popular in and shortly before 1566. It occurs, for example, as the tune of a ballad in MS. Ashmole 48 (ed. Wright, p. 191), a manuscript that was certainly compiled before that year ended (cf. my notes in Modern Language Notes, XXXIV [1919], 340-351). It is used also for an

early ballad in Lilly's Ballads, p. 105.

L. Gibson, the author, signed his name as Leonarde Gybson to "A very proper Dittie: To the tune of Lightie Loue" (Lilly's Ballads, p. 113). His Tower of Trustinesse, a work in prose and verse, is dated 1555 in Lilly's Ballads, p. xxx, and 1534 in W. C. Hazlitt's Handbook to the Popular Literature of Great Britain, p. 228; but I have not seen this book. Another work of Gibson's is dated 1582 in Ritson's Bibliographia Poetica, p. 219, and in Charles Crawford's Englands Parnassus, p. xx. A Leonard Gibson, most probably our ballad-writer, was a student and chorister at New College, Oxford, in 1564-65 (Clark's Register of Oxford, II, ii, 22; Foster's Alumni Oxoniensis, Early Series, II, 562). It appears, then, very probable that Gibson had written No. 2 in time for its inclusion in the Pleasant Sonnets of 1566.

134. Tantara. Often taratantara, an echoic word describing the sound of a trumpet (occasionally the beating of a drum). George Puttenham (Art of English Poesy, 1589, ed. Arber, p. 192), defining onomatopæia, observes, "As the poet Virgil said of the sounding a trumpet, ta-ra-tant, tara-tantara." Ballads called "A translated tantura of transetories present and terrors to come" and "the saylers newe tantara" were licensed on March 5, 1579, and July 19, 1584 (Arber, II, 348, 434). For ballads with a "tantara" refrain see Lilly's

Ballads, pp. 105, 292. Many other examples of the use of the word are cited in the N. E. D., where a reference is also given to the famous verse of Ennius, "At tuba horribili sonitu taratantara dixit."

137. Supply the speaker's name, Danea.

153. After ray supply the refrain.

166. Read ¶ My.

171 f. The meaning seems to be: 'Methinks I hear your praise, methinks I hear (hear of) the race (course, or career) of your virtue.'

175. Supply Danea.

184. Supply Diophon.

No. 3, Line 196

The tune appears to be unknown.

In lines 267-270 the author bids farewell to Cambridge University in general and to "Gunuil Hall" in particular. Thanks to this passage, he can be unquestionably identified with the Thomas Richardson, aged eighteen, who was admitted pensioner to Gonville and Caius College on April 28, 1572 (Biographical History of Gonville and Caius College, ed. John Venn, I, 69). In all probability he was the "T. Richeson" whose name is signed to a ballad "To the toune of 'The raire & greatest gift'" (a tune named from the first line of a ballad that was registered on March 4, 1560, Arber, I, 127, and that is preserved in MS. Ashmole 48, ed. Wright, p. 44), found in MS. Cotton Vespasian A. XXV (ed. Boeddeker, II, 362). No. 3, then, was written in or after 1572, and of course was not in the 1566 Pleasant Sonnets.

The first reprint of this ballad was made by Thomas

Evans, Old Ballads, I (1810), 59.

223. hugie heape. "The hugie heape of cares, that in this

world I finde," - Gorgeous Gallery, p. 32.

235. the Snake doth lie. "In pleasant greene, doo stinging serpents lye," "I see the Serpent vile, that lurkes vnder the grene," — Paradise, pp. 29, 100; "I know vnder the

grene the serpent how he lurkes," — Tottel's Miscellany, ed. Arber, p. 6; "A poisoned serpent couered all with flowers," — William Byrd's Psalmes, Sonets, & songs, 1588, No. 25. The figure perhaps shows the influence of Virgil's "latet anguis in herba."

236. ouergrowde. Read ouergrown.

270. Gunuil Hall. See note to line 196, above.

No. 4, Line 287

The first line of this ballad, "Attend thee, go play thee," is used as the tune of a ballad called "The Louer exhorteth his Lady to bee constant," in the Gorgeous Gallery, 1578, p. 49 (cf. Chappell's Popular Music, I, 223). It is, therefore, self-evident that No. 4 is imitated by the Gallery ballad — not vice versa — and that it is at least earlier in date than 1578. The Gallery ballad begins as follows:

Not light of loue lady,
Though fancy doo prick thee,
Let constancy possesse thy hart:
Well worthy of blamyng:
They bee, and defaming,
From plighted troth which backe do start:
Deare dame:
Then ficklenesse bannish,
And folly extinguish,
Bee skilfull in guiding,
And stay thee from slidinge
And stay thee. &c.

In the Marriage of Wit and Wisdom, 1579 (Shakespeare Society ed., p. 20), Wantonness sings a song "to the tune of 'Attend the goe playe the,'" probably suggested by the Gallery ballad, which was then new. No. 4 may well have been in the Pleasant Sonnets of 1566, although no date earlier than 1578 can be proved.

No. 4 is answered by the ballad next following (No. 5), and may also have been the work of "Peter Picks." The first three stanzas appear, with many verbal changes, in a

spurious MS. formerly owned by J. P. Collier (cf. the notes

to No. 15).

290. Proverbial. Cf. "Blest is the wooing thats not long a dooing," — Sir Giles Goosecap, sig. F' (Tudor Facsimile Texts); "I like the wooing, that's not long a doing," — King Leir (Hazlitt, Shakespeare's Library, II, ii, 328); "Blest be the wooing speeds so soon of love," — The Play of Stucley (Simpson, The School of Shakspere, I, 162); "Short wooing is the best," — The Two Angry Women of Abington, sc. 13 (Gayley, Representative English Comedies, I, 620).

293. silk and twist. Twist is a noun meaning 'thread.' That the phrase is correct as it stands, and that it is not, as might be supposed, misprint for silken twist, seems certain

from the appearance of seame and silke in line 304.

301. The line should be repeated as a refrain.

307. Proverbial. "Hot love soon cold" (Hazlitt's English Proverbs, p. 217). Cf. "I see well hote love is soone colde," — Lodge, Rosalynd (Works, ed. Hunterian Club, p. 91); "Itt is told of old, soone hott, soone cold," — The Nutbrown Maid, line 127 (Percy Folio Manuscript, ed. Hales and Furnivall, III, 181); "This is hot love, that vanisheth like vapours," — Fletcher, The Maid in the Mill, III, iii.

332. Proverbial. "The tide tarrieth no man" (Hazlitt's

English Proverbs, p. 400).

334. One line — perhaps How then? — was omitted by the printer.

No. 5, Line 354

This ballad is in the same measure, and was probably written by the same person, as No. 4. Peter Picks is no doubt a pseudonym. No. 5 must be of about the same date as No. 4.

364. better change. That is, better exchange, meaning 'to

exchange me for a better man.'

377. Goe too. That is, go to! This should be a separate line (like line 365), but the arrangement of the stanzas is confused throughout.

380. Supply ¶.

387. Supply ¶.

399. Nicibicetur (or nicebecetur), a fanciful formation from nice, meaning a dainty (hard-to-please) person. The N. E. D. cites four or five instances of the word earlier than 1584.

No. 6, Line 403

The initials I. P. may possibly be those of John Pitt (or Pitts), a prolific writer of broadsides, who flourished circa 1560; but, as Pitt's extant work is all religious in character, the attribution to him of this secular ditty would seem to be of dubious validity. In 1571 Richard Jones, the printer of the Handful, published a broadside on "A meruaylous straunge deformed Swyne" (Lilly's Ballads, p. 186) that is signed by an I. P. who may have been the author of No. 6.

The title of the ballad means: "Dame Beauty's Reply to the Lover Who Wrote a Complaint Called 'Where is the life that late I led?" No. 6 is, to repeat, a reply to a lost ballad that began — as the snatch sung by Petruchio in The Tam-

ing of the Shrew, IV, i, 143, evidences —

Where is the life that late I led? Where are those. . . .

That the words of the second line omitted by Petruchio were "pleasant days" is indicated not only by the phrase, "pleasant to thine eies," in line 407 of the *Handful*, but also by Pistol's remark in 2 *Henry IV*, V, iii, 147 f. (cf. Anders, *Shakespeare's Books*, p. 181):

"Where is the life that late I led?" say they: Why, here it is; welcome these pleasant days!

This lost ballad was undoubtedly that registered by Richard Jones about March, 1566 (Arber, I, 308), as "a newe ballet of one who myslykeng his lybertie soughte his owne bondage through his owne folly." It may have been suggested by a ballad, beginning

My frynd, the lyf I lead at all By thes fewe wordes perceave youe shall, that had previously been registered (Arber, I, 306) and that

is preserved in MS. Ashmole 48, ed. Wright, p. 38.

The facts just given furnish good evidence that No. 6 had appeared before the 1566 Pleasant Sonnets was compiled. That it had appeared before 1578 is certain, for it is imitated in the Gorgeous Gallery (p. 51) by a poem called "The Louer wounded with his Ladies beauty craueth mercy. To the Tune of where is the life that late I led." The priority of the Handful ballads to those contained in the Gorgeous Gallery is proved beyond cavil in my notes to Nos. 4, 18, 19, 23, and 27.

The tune is apparently unknown.

429. the Gods of love. Possibly there is a faint reference here to William Elderton's extremely popular ballad of this title which is discussed in the introduction to No. 16.

435. The same idea is expressed in lines 233-234.

464. Possibly the Gorgeous Gallery, p. 47, borrows this line: "My minde that erst was free."

473. Supply ¶.

483. Proverbial (cf. 505). "Spare to speak and spare to speed" (Hazlitt's English Proverbs, p. 355). Cf. "Who spareth to speke, he spareth to spede,"—Lydgate, Kalendare, Aprilis (Herrig's Archiv, LXXX, 119); "Who spareth to speke he spareth to spede,"—Hawes, The Pastime of Pleasure, ed. Wright, p. 74 (and cf. p. 91); "For he that spares to speake must spare to speed,"—Heywood, The Faire Maide of the Exchange (Dramatic Works, ed. Pearson, II, 12).

489. For taking holde, etc. This seems to mean, 'It is too late (thou tell'st) to avoid capture — to fly from being caught.' For is apparently used in the sense, once common, of 'to prevent.' Cf. "Child Waters" (Child, English and

Scottish Popular Ballads, No. 63, A, stanza 28):

Take her up in thine armes two, For filinge [i.e. defiling] of her feete.

No. 7, Line 511

Chappell gives the tune of Green sleeves in his Popular Music, I, 228, and remarks that it was written in the reign of Henry VIII. In No. 7, however, the tune is called new, and the name occurs in the Stationers' Registers (Arber, II, 376) for the first time on September 3, 1580, when Richard Jones registered "A newe northen [sic] Dittye of ye Ladye Greene Sleves,"—certainly, I think, the present ballad. Within a very short space the following ballads were registered: "ye Ladie Greene Sleeves answere to Donkyn hir frende" on September 3, 1580; "Greene Sleves moralised to the Scripture Declaringe the manifold benefites and blessinges of God bestowed on sinfull manne" on September 15, 1580; "Greene Sleves and Countenaunce in Countenaunce is Greene Sleves" on September 18, 1580; "a merry newe Northen songe of Greenesleves begynninge the boniest lasse in all the land" on December 14, 1580; "A Reprehension againste Greene Sleves by William Elderton" on February 13, 1581; and "Greene Sleeves is worne awaie, Yellowe Sleeves Comme to decaie, Blacke Sleeves I holde in despite, But White Sleeves is my delighte," on August 24, 1581 (Arber, II, 376, 378, 384, 388, 400). It seems certain, then, that No. 7 was not in the Pleasant Sonnets of 1566 but was added to the 1584 Handful. In The Merry Wives of Windsor Shakespeare twice refers to this ballad (II, i, 64; V, v, 22). It was first reprinted in George Ellis's Specimens of the Early English Poets, 3d ed., II (1803), 394. Later, with important notes, it was reprinted in F. W. Fairholt's Satirical Songs and Poems on Costume (Percy Society, XXVII, 1849).

562. grossie. Dialectic for 'thickish,' 'luxuriant'; or

perhaps a misprint for grassie.

579. clothed all in green. "Green indeed is the colour of lovers," — Love's Labour's Lost, I, ii, 90. "Knaves in Kendal green" were said to have assaulted Falstaff (I Henry IV, II, iv, 246). In Churchyard's Challenge (1593) we read that "our fathers wore... kendall greene, in sommer for a

show." On the unluckiness of green see Child's English and Scottish Popular Ballads, II, 196 ff.

No. 8, Line 617

The tune of Row well, ye mariners, is given in Chappell's Popular Music, I, 112. A ballad of that title was licensed to William Pekering in 1565-66, and within a short time a half dozen or more answers or imitations were licensed (Arber, I, 305, 340, 342, 355, 360, 362, 401). It is reasonable to assume, therefore, that No. 8 was written in 1565-66, when the ballad and the tune of "Row Well" were at the height of their popularity.

618. L. The ordinary abbreviation for Lady.

645. lookes. Possibly a misprint for hookes (baits, snares) or for bookes. In support of the latter conjecture note pen (line 635) and lore (line 639).

646. gleams. Bright glances. Cf. A Midsummer-Night's Dream, V, i, 279: "For, by thy gracious, golden, glittering gleams."

667. Cf. "My teares run down like streames," - Gorgeous

Gallery, p. 39.

671. that froward is. 'She that is disdainful or ungracious.' 690. For why? The phrase means because (cf. line 1011), and the question-mark is unnecessary.

No. 9, Line 698

This ballad was registered in 1565-66 (Arber, I, 313) by Alexander Lacy under the title of "the goddes Diana &c." The tune of the *Quarter braules* was derived from a lost "ballett intituled the Cater bralles bothe Wytty and mery" that Thomas Colwell registered in 1565-66 (Arber, I, 298), and is possibly one of the thirty or more "braules" preserved in J. P. N. Land's Het Luitboeck van Thysius, Amsterdam, 1889. See the discussion in the London Times Literary Supplement for January 19, 1922, p. 45. Cotgrave's Dictionarie,

1611, defines bransle as "a brawle, or daunce, wherein many (men, and women) holding by the hands sometimes in a ring,

and otherwhiles at length, moue all together."

Under the title of "A new Sonnet shewing how the Goddess Diana transformed Acteon into the shape of a Hart. To a new tune," this ballad appears in the Roxburghe Ballads, II, 520, where the editor, Chappell, lists a number of other late seventeenth-century copies. The phrase, "to a new tune," means 'to its own tune,' or 'to the tune of Diana and her darlings dear' - the first line. In my Old English Ballads (1920), p. 164, I showed that the tunes of Diana and O man in desperation (part of the music for the latter tune seems to be noted in Add. MS. 38,599, fol. 133") were probably identical, certainly interchangeable. In the London Times Literary Supplement for December 22, 1921, I pointed out also that a copy of the ballad, dating as early as 1624, is preserved in the Manchester Free Reference Library, and that this copy is to be sung "to the tune of Rogero." Rogero itself is a very old tune, the music for which is given in Chappell's Popular Music, I, 93. It seems to follow, then, that the tunes of Diana, O man in desperation, and Rogero could be interchanged at will. But as all the broadside copies have rearranged the metrical and stanza forms of No. 9, none of the tunes just mentioned can be identical with the Quarter braules.

Since No. 9 is fragmentary, and since no other ballad in this miscellany is known to exist in broadside form, the Manchester ballad, as the earliest broadside version of No. 9 extant, is here given from a copy furnished by the kindness of Mr. Geoffrey R. Axon, of the Manchester Free Reference Library. On the same sheet with this ballad is printed "A Lullaby" (see the Roxburghe Ballads, II, 525), at the end of which is the colophon, "London, Printed for I[ohn]. W[right]. dwelling in the Old-Bayly."

A new Sonnet, shewing how the Goddesse Diana transformed Acteon into the Shape of a Hart.

To the tune of, Rogero.

- I DIana and her Darlings Deare
 went walking on a Day,
 Throughout the Woods and waters clear,
 for their disport and play:
 The leaves aloft were gay and green
 and pleasant to behold,
 These Nymphs they walkt the Trees between,
 under the shadow cold
- So long at last they found a place of springs and waters cleare,
 A fairer Bath their never was found out this thousand yeare:
 Wherein Diana daintily her selfe began to bathe,
 And all her Virgins faire and pure themselves did wash and lave.
- 3 And as the Nymphs in water stood,
 Acteon passed by
 As he came running through the Wood,
 on them he cast his eye,
 And he behold their bodies bare,
 then presently that tide:
 And as the Nymphs of him were ware,
 with voyce aloud they cry'd.
- 4 And clos'd *Diana* round about to hide her body small
 Yet she was highest in that rout, and seene above them all.
 And when *Diana* did perceive where *Acteon* did stand,
 A furious look to him she gave,
 And took her Bow in hand;
- 5 And as she was about to shoot,
 Acteon began to run
 To bide he thought it was no boot,
 his former sights were done:

And as he thought from her to escape, she brought it so to passe, [Inc]ontinent 1 she chang'd his shape [ev]en 1 running as he was.

- 6 Each Goddesse took Diana's part
 Acteon to transforme
 To make of him huge wild Hart
 there they did all determe:
 His skin that was so fine and faire,
 was made a tawnie red,
 His Body overgrowne with haire,
 from foot unto the head;
- 7 And on his head great hornes were set,
 most monstrous to behold,
 A huger Hart was never met,
 nor seen upon the Mould;
 His eares, his eyes, his face full faire,
 transformed were full strange,
 His hands for feet compelled were
 throughout the Wood to range.
- 8 Thus was he made a perfect Hart, and waxed fierce and grim, His former shapes did cleane depart from every joynt and limb:
 But still his memory did remaine, although he might not speake,
 Nor yet among his friends complaine, his wofull mind to breake.
- 9 At length he thought for to repaire, home to his dwelling place;
 Anon his Hounds of him were ware, and gan to try pace:
 Then Acteon was sore agast, his Hounds would him devoure,
 And from them then he fled full fast, with all his might and power;

but ran through thick and thin,
Withall the swiftnesse he could make,
in hope to save his skin:
Yet were his hounds so neare his tayle,
and followed him so fast,
His running might not him availe,
for all his speed and haste.

The second part, to the same tune.

FOr why his Hounds would never lin, till him they overtook,
And then they rent and tore the skin, and all his body shook;
I am your Master Acteon then cry'd he to his Hounds,
And made to them most rufull moane, with shrill lamenting sounds.

wherein I did delight,
Wherefore suck not your masters bloud,
his feiendship [sic] to requite:
But those Curres of a cursed kind,
of him had no remorse
Although he was their dearest friend,
they pul'd him downe by force.

13 There was no man to take his part,
the story telleth plain:
Thus Acteon formed like a Hart,
amongst the Dogs was slaine.
You Hunters all that range the Woods,
although you rise up rath,
Beware you come not neer the Floods
where Virgins use to bathe.

14 For if *Diana* you espy
among her Darlings deare
Your former shape she shall disguise,
and make you hornes to weare.

And so I now conclude my Song, having no more to alledge, If Acteon had right or wrong, let all faire Virgins judge.

The subject of No. 9 comes, of course, from Ovid's Metamorphoses, III, 138-252. It is used also in the Gorgeous Gallery, where one of the poems (p. 65) is called "The Louer wisheth himselfe an Harte in the Foreste, (as Acteon was) for his Ladyes sake." Allusions to the ballad of "Diana and her darlings dear" are too numerous to be mentioned here. See, for example, Richard Brome's Damoiselle, V, 1, and The Jovial Crew, III (Dramatic Works, Pearson's reprint, I, 455; III, 396).

720. liuelie. Warm and vigorous. "And I of lyuely breath, the last shall spend," — Gorgeous Gallery, p. 142.

No. 10, Line 758

This unfortunately fragmentary ballad was almost certainly in print before 1566. It is one of very many imitations of William Elderton's "The Pangs of Love and Lovers' Fits" (J. P. Collier's Old Ballads, p. 25, Percy Society, vol. I; Collmann's Ballads, No. 39), the first stanza of which runs thus:

Was not good kyng Salamon
Ravished in sondry wyse,
With every livelie Paragon
That glistered before his eyes?
If this be true, as trewe it was,
Lady! lady!
Why should not I serve you, alas,
My deare lady?

Elderton's ballad was registered for publication in 1558–59 (Arber, I, 96), and was perhaps the most popular ballad written during Queen Elizabeth's reign. Abundant proof of this popularity is given in my article on "William Elderton," Studies in Philology, XVII (1920), 201. No. 10 may be one

NOTES 97

of the imitations of "The Pangs" that were entered at Stationers' Hall in 1561-62 and 1564-65 (Arber, I, 181, 270).

The tune of Elderton's ballad is unknown but is usually

called simply King Solomon.

The first part of the ballad evidently dealt with a version of the "love-juice story" Shakespeare has familiarized in *A Midsummer-Night's Dream*. The second part, summarized (indirectly, no doubt) from Ovid's *Metamorphoses*, III, 339-510, deals with the story of Narcissus. Echo is not mentioned.

760. Lady Venus grace. Venus is a genitive without ending. Other examples occur in lines 988, 1083, 1269, 1620, 1857.

766. Ladies mercilesse. That is, lady's mercilessness; though Ladies may be a misprint for Ladie, and mercilesse

an adjective.

783. he died. Read she died.

816. Did use themselves. Practise (or habitually exercise) themselves.

835. drinke their owne disease. Figurative, as in Chaucer's Troilus, III, 1035,—"But goodly drinketh up al his distresse,"—and the Franklin's Tale, line 214,—"Withouten coppe he drank al his penaunce." Cf. also "Thus dranke I all mine owne disease,"—Tottel's Miscellany, ed. Arber, p. 147. There is a pun on disease (sickness) and disease (not at ease).

No. 11, Line 839

A careful reading of the first two stanzas (especially lines 841-2, 850-1, 856-7) shows beyond any reasonable doubt that No. 11 is the ballad of "a harte Declarynge his heavenes wyshyng that yt were knowen" which Richard Jones registered in 1565-66 (Arber, I, 297), several months before he registered the *Pleasant Sonnets*. I. [John?] Tomson (the author also of No. 13) is too common a name to be confidently identified. The tune is apparently not known, though it may have been connected with "the tune of Siselia" to which

"the tru Reporte in the prayse of my mistres," a ballad registered in 1569-70 (Arber, I, 403), was to be sung.

840. Pavin. A pavan was a stately costume dance. The figures for it, says Thomas Park, are described in MS. Rawlinson Poet. 108.

876. the storie saith. The story in this case was Robert Henryson's Testament of Creseyde, which, since it was found in all the collected editions of Chaucer, was generally thought to be Chaucer's own work. See my article on "The Troilus-Cressida Story from Chaucer to Shakespeare," Publications of the Modern Language Association of America, XXXII (1917), 383-429. Cf. line 1274.

897. Read ¶ Therefore.

No. 12, Line 911

The tune of *The Painter* is apparently unknown: the identification proposed in Chappell's *Popular Music*, I, 161, is untenable. It took its name from a ballad of "ye paynter in his pryntyshod" that was registered by Alexander Lacy in 1565-66. Moralizations of "The Painter" were registered in 1566-67 and 1568 (Arber, I, 297, 331, 380). In John Pikering's *Horestes*, 1567 (A. Brandl's *Quellen des Weltlichen Dramas in England vor Shakespeare*, 1898, p. 517), one of the stage directions is: "Enter the Vyce, synginge this song to ye tune of 'the Paynter'." The Vice sings four stanzas, the first of which runs thus:

Stand backe, ye slepinge iackes at home,
And let me go.
You lye, syr knaue; am I a mome?
Why saye you so?
Tout, tout, you dare not come in felde,
For feare you shoulde the goste vp yelde.
With blose he gose, the gunne shot flye,
It feares, it seares, and their doth lye.

No. 12, then, could have been, and probably was, in the 1566 Pleasant Sonnets.

NOTES

940. Least flinging fancies. 'Lest unruly (or inconstant) whims or caprice.'

No. 13, Line 957

"A boke intituled Perymus and Thesbye" was licensed to William Griffith in July, 1563 (Arber, I, 215), and a ballad on this story would naturally have followed the book. No. 13, then, could have been, and probably was, in the 1566 Pleasant Sonnets. The story itself was familiar through its appearance in Chaucer's Legend of Good Women. Later versions in Arthur Golding's translation of Ovid's Metamorphoses, IV, 55–166, in 1567, and "The History of Pyramus and Thisbie truely translated," a poem in the Gorgeous Gallery, pp. 127–147, made the story more popular still; so that there was considerable point to Shakespeare's burlesque in A Midsummer-Night's Dream. That Shakespeare did burlesque the ballad on the Pyramus-Thisbe song is the contention of Georg Hart in his Pyramus-& Thisbe-Sage, 1891, pp. 22–23. The metre, he shows, is the same.

On the tune see No. 2, above; on the author, No. 11, above. 988. Minus. That is, Ninus'. In A Midsummer-Night's

Dream, III, i, 99, Flute calls him "Ninny."

995. to viewd. An odd perfect infinitive for to 'a' viewed.

No. 14, Line 1050

The tune, which is given in Chappell's *Popular Music*, II, 793 (cf. also Malone's Variorum *Shakspeare*, XVII, 424–426), comes from the title of a ballad, "Callin o custure me," that was "tolerated" to John Allde on March 10, 1582 (Arber, II, 407). Accordingly, No. 14 cannot have been in the 1566 *Pleasant Sonnets*.

"Calen o Custure me" (as line 1051 has it) is supposed to be a corruption of "Cailín óg a stór" (meaning "Young girl, O treasure"), a popular Irish song. In *Henry V*, IV, iv, 4, Shakespeare makes Pistol address a Frenchman thus: "Qualtitie calmie custure me! Art thou a gentleman?" —

an obvious allusion to the original Irish ballad on which No. 14 was modelled (cf. Anders, *Shakespeare's Books*, pp. 169 f., 268) or, perhaps, to No. 14 itself.

No. 14 was first reprinted in Evans's Old Ballads, I (1810),

119.

1079 f. 'Although the looks of my love are flames that burn me (with unrequited passion), yet I wish I were nearer to the flames.'

1090. Unintelligible.

No. 15, Line 1096

William Griffith registered a ballad called "mayde Will you mary moralyzed" in 1570-71 (Arber, I, 437). This entry perhaps indicates that No. 15, the original ballad, was printed at a date nearer to 1570 than to 1566, although, of course, the entry may have been merely a reissue of the moralization.

The Black almain is the tune of a ballad by Stephen Peele (Collmann's Ballads, No. 65). "Almains" (dances, or dance-music in slow time, now called Allemandes) were very common (cf. No. 31, below). In John Phillip's comedy of Patient Grissell, 1566, sig. E ii, the Marquis sings a ballad "to the tune of the latter Almain." In Anthony Munday's Banquet of Dainty Conceits, 1588 (Harleian Miscellany, ed. Park, vol. IX), there are ballads to the tunes of the Masker's Allemaigne, commonly called the Olde Allemaigne, the Venetian Allemaigne, Allemaigne Measure, the Scottish Allemaigne, and Mounsieures Allemaigne.

Three stanzas of the ballad, all slightly changed, are reprinted from a spurious MS. in Collier's Extracts, II, 6-7. On this MS. see my note in the Journal of English and Germanic Philology, XVIII (1919), 53; the Academy, IX, 313, XXVII, 170; and Notes and Queries, 8th S., VII, 386.

1099, 1101. to wed a, maidenhed a. In his Discourse of English Poetry (1586) William Webbe sneered at "ryming Ballet makers and compylers of sencelesse sonets" who can

"perhappes observe iust number of sillables, eyght in one line, sixe in an other, and there withall an A to make a iercke in the ende."

1110. be. Read do for the sake of rhyme.

1127. Proverbial. "We have fished fair, and caught a frog" (Hazlitt's English Proverbs, p. 467). Cf. Chaucer's Troilus, II, 328: "than have ye fisshed faire." See further Heywood's Woorkes, 1562, Spenser Society ed., p. 26; The Firste Parte of Churchyardes Chippes, 1575, Collier's reprint, p. 33; Rollins, A Pepysian Garland, p. 318.

1131 f. 'Guarding you and hindering you from reassuming your natural (wanton) manner (as Argus watched and hind-

ered the heifer Io).'

1134 f. Proverbial. "Though the cat winks a while, yet sure she is not blind" (Hazlitt's English Proverbs, p. 416). Cf. Rowlands, A Crew of Kind Gossips, Hunterian Club, p. 20: "The Cat oft winkes, and yet she is not blinde." See line 1496.

1146. trap. Read traps for the sake of rhyme.

1160. from that I have said. "From that that (or which) I have said" would suit the metre better.

1168. leek you. Like (love) for yourself.

No. 16, Line 1170

This is a moralization of William Elderton's famous ballad, "The Gods of Love" (cf. Collmann's *Ballads*, No. 7), which was printed in 1562, but which survives only in the snatch sung by Benedick in *Much Ado*, V, ii, 26:

The god of love,
That sits above,
And knows me, and knows me,
How pitiful I deserve.

See the discussion in my "William Elderton," Studies in Philology, XVII, 203 ff. Very many imitations and moralizations of Elderton's ballad were printed before 1566, and

it is altogether probable that No. 16 was in print by that date.

of Melancholy (1638 ed., p. 566): "Marriage replenisheth the earth, but virginity Paradise, Elias, Eliseus, Iohn Baptist were Bacchelours, virginity is a pretious Iewell, a faire garland, a never fading flowre, for why was Daphne turned to a green Bay tree, but to shew that virginity is immortall?" See also John Phillip, Patient Grissell, 1566, sig. B iii.

1207. The question-mark should be a period.

1212 f. 'But it is hard to find a hundred in twenty — and just so hard is it to find a chaste woman.'

No. 17, Line 1214

Richard Jones registered this as "a ballett intituled ye lovynge Wormes comme learne of me," in July, 1565 (Arber, I, 293). Not knowing that fact, R. W. Bond reprinted the ballad - which contains an extraordinary number of wise saws and proverbs - among the early poems of John Lyly (Works, III, 465), and in marginal glosses called attention to resemblances between the ideas and phraseology of the ballad and Lyly's acknowledged work. Bond (p. 438) declares that "few, I believe, will be found to question the correctness of my attribution of . . . A Warning for Wooers" to Lyly. As Lyly was a mere lad when No. 17 was first printed, the attribution cannot, of course, be considered. "You loving Wormes that linked be in Cupid's clogging chain" is the beginning of "A Lover bewailing the Absence of his Love. To the tune of, Where is the Life of late?" in The Garland of Delight, 1681, Song XXVIII.

In his Memoranda on Love's Labour's Lost, p. 70, Halliwell-Phillipps says that the name of Shakespeare's comedy, Love's Labour's Lost, may have been suggested by lines in our ballad.

The tune is not known to me. The only ballad title that resembles it is "Sutle Simon or Simon the Sutle of Salisbury

plaine," but this was a late ballad, registered on December 19, 1637 (Arber, IV, 402).

Five stanzas of No. 17 were reprinted in George Ellis's Specimens of the Early English Poets, 3d ed., II (1803), 399; seven stanzas in Censura Literaria, VI (1808), 259-261.

To the same measure and in the same proverbial phraseology as No. 17 was written "a ballett intituled of lyngerynge Love" that was registered by William Griffith in 1563-64 (Arber, I, 238), and that is preserved in MS. Cotton Vespasian A. XXV (ed. Boeddeker, II, 211) and in MS. Rawlinson Poet. 148. From the latter manuscript Bond (p. 463) has printed the ballad, which, like No. 17, he wrongly attributes to Lyly. The first stanza runs thus:

In lingeringe Loue mislikinge growes,
Wherby our fancies ebbs and flowes:
We love to day, and hate to morne,
And dayly wher we list to scorne.
Take heede therfore,
If she mislike, then love no more:
Quicke speed makes waste,
Loue is not gotten in such haste.

1232. Cf. Hoffmann von Fallersleben, Tunicius's Niederdeutsche Sprichwörtersammlung, p. 99, No. 1234: "Arstedye kumt to late als de kêrl dôt is. Vita defuncto sero medicamina fiunt." Also Chaucer's Troilus, V, 741-742:

But al to late cometh the letuarie Whan men the cors un-to the grave carie.

1234. Cf. Chaucer's Troilus, III, 855-861.

1237. Cf. "Whan the grete Stiede Is stole, thanne he taketh hiede, And makth the stable dore fast," — Gower, Confessio Amantis, IV, 901-903; "Whan the stede is stolyn to shyt the stable dore," — Barclay, The Ship of Fools, ed. Jamieson, I, 76; "But I, alas! when steede is stolin, Doo shut the stable dore," — Marriage of Wit and Wisdom, ed. Halliwell, p. 55; "Quant en a le cheval perdu A tart va l'en fermer l'estable," — Roman de Galerent, lines 1453-1454;

"To late . . . is . . . Whan the stéede is stolne shut the stable durre," — John Heywood's *Woorkes* (1562), Spenser Society ed., p. 21. See also Richard Hill's *Songs* (ca. 1536), ed. R. Dyboski, 1907, p. 128, and George Turbervile's *Tragi*-

cal Tales (ca. 1574), 1837 reprint, p. 282.

1240. Proverbial. "Had I wist was a fool" (Hazlitt's English Proverbs, p. 160). A poem in the Paradise, p. 13, is entitled "Beware of had I wyst." Cf. "Beth wele war before, and thenk of had I wyst," - Archaeologia, XXIX, 341; "Be war of haddywyst," - Reliquiæ Antiquæ I, 74, 77; "Thus fulofte hirself sche skiereth And is al war of 'hadde I wist." - Gower, Confessio Amantis, II, 472-473; "And lok thou thynk of had-i-wyst,"-Wright, Songs and Carols, Percy Society, p. 24; "Thanne is to late to sey, if I had wiste," anon., in Lydgate's Minor Poems, ed. Halliwell, p. 28; "Than may we synge of had y wist," - Hymns to the Virgin, ed. Furnivall, p. 80; "Most miserable man, whom wicked fate Hath brought to court to sue for had-y-wist, That few have found, and manie one hath mist!"- Spenser, Mother Hubberds Tale, lines 892-894; "Had I wist is a great fault," -Greene, ed. Grosart, VIII, 125; "Had I wist doth seldome serue as a blasone of good vnderstanding," - Gascoigne's Posies, 1575 (Works, ed. Hazlitt, I, 15).

1241. See Hazlitt, English Proverbs, p. 150; John Heywood, Woorkes, 1562, Spenser Society ed., pp. 7, 169; Thomas Mowntayne in J. G. Nichols, Narratives of the Reformation, p. 205. This proverb occurs also in the Merchant of Venice, II, v, 54; in Les Proverbes del Vilain; and in Tusser's

Five Hundred Points of Good Husbandry ("Washing").

1243. times. Read tunes.

1248. 'By means of Cupid's snares you shall overthrow him.'

1255. Proverbial. "Look ere you leap" (Hazlitt's English Proverbs, p. 279). Jasper Heywood has a poem called "Looke or you leape" in the Paradise, p. 134. Cf. "to loke afore we light," — Tottel's Miscellany, ed. Arber, p. 216.

1263. rule the roste (roast). To be master. Cf. 2 Henry

VI, I, i, 109.

1266. Proverbial: "Experto crede." Cf. Hazlitt's English Proverbs, p. 459, "Try the ice before you venture upon it;" "Trye before you trust," — Paradise, p. 38; "Be constant to them that trust thee, & trust them that thou hast tried,"—Lyly's Euphues and His England (Works, ed. Bond, II, 149).

1269. 'Instead of the skill of Pallas and the strength of

Juno he chose that which bred,' etc.

1275. Romeus. A book called The Tragicall history of the Romeus and Juliett with sonettes was registered in 1562-63 (Arber, I, 203). This was by Arthur Brooke; Richard Tottel printed it, and reprinted it in 1582. No ballad seems to have been written on this story until August 5, 1596 (Arber, III, 68), and for that ballad Shakespeare's tragedy was without doubt the source.

1276. Piramus. See No. 13, line 957.

1277. Iphis. Ovid, Metamorphoses, XIV, 698. The first ballad on this subject seems to have been printed in 1569-70 (Arber, I, 403): "the vnfortunate ende of Iphis sonne vnto Teucer kynge of Troye." "The Pangs of Love" (cf. No. 10, above) shows that Elderton knew the story in 1559; it is referred to also in the Gorgeous Gallery, p. 104. Later Thomas Nashe (Works, ed. McKerrow, III, 67) spoke of "The storie of Axerex [Anaxarete] and the worthie Iphijs." Iphis and Hercules are twice linked together in Lyly's Works (ed. Bond, III, 567).

1278. ridden be like Hercules. A famous tale of Aristotle — Oriental in origin — tells how that philosopher was so besotted with love that to please his sweetheart he allowed her, much to the amusement of his pupil Alexander, to bridle him, got down on all fours, and was ridden by her. See Henri d'Andeli's Lai d'Aristote; the Middle High German Aristoteles und Phillis, ed. J. L. Campion, Modern Philology, XIII, 347 ff.; A. Borgeld, Aristoteles en Phyllis

(1902); Ward, Catalogue of Romances, III, 87; A. Wesselski, Mönchslatein (1909), No. 128, pp. 167, 244-251. I accept Professor Kittredge's suggestion that the ballad-writer has inadvertently transferred this story to Hercules, who made himself ridiculous with Omphale, permitting her to carry his club and wear his lion's skin, while he (dressed in her clothes) plied the distaff. According to Lucian, Omphale even chastised him with her slipper, as if he had been a female slave. Mr. Kittredge refers me to a fifteenth-century collection of Spanish poems, El Cancionero de Juan Alfonso de Baena, in which a poem (No. 533) ascribed to Ferrant Sanchez Calavera transfers the story of Aristotle's being ridden to Hercules. He refers me also to Borgeld's Aristoteles en Phyllis, pp. 16-17, where the transference of the story from Aristotle to Virgil is discussed; and points out numerous references in English works which prove that the Aristotle story was well known in England before the date of the present ballad. - A ballad called "Herculis and his ende" was registered in 1563-64 (Arber, I, 236). What appears to be a line from it or a similar ballad is sung in Chapman's May-Day, IV, i.

1281. Midas. A ballad called "the mesyrable state of kynge Medas" was registered in 1569-70 (Arber, I, 401).

1289. Of grasse commeth hay. Proverbial. "Such men as you are Gentleman, who thinke greene grasse will neuer be drye Hay," — Lyly's Euphues and His England (Works, ed. Bond, II, 134).

1291. Proverbial. "Soon ripe, soon rotten" (Hazlitt's English Proverbs, p. 354). "Timely ripe is rotten too too soone," — Greene, Frier Bacon and Frier Bongay, II, iii, 701 (ed. Collins, II, 37); "The proverbe olde is verified, soon ripe and soon rotten," — Preston, King Cambises (ed. Hawkins, I, 291).

1295. Read ¶ Some.

1298. common folke vse common sport. Perhaps this was the motif of the ballad called "The daylie exercise of ye comen

sort of men" that Edward Allde registered on August 1, 1586 (Arber, II, 450).

1299 f. Proverbial. "Sundry men are of sundry mindes, one looketh high as one yt feareth no chips," — Lyly's Euphues and His England (Works, ed. Bond, II, 219); "For who so heweth ouer hye, The chippes wyll fall in his eye," — Hazlitt, Remains of the Early Popular Poetry, III, 177; "Hewe not to hye, lest the chips fall in thine iye," — Heywood's Woorkes (1562), Spenser Society ed., p. 67. See also Gower, Confessio Amantis, I, 1917 f., and Richard Hill's Songs (ca. 1536), ed. R. Dyboski, 1907, p. 129.

1310. venom . . . tode. Cf. As You Like It, II, i, 13, "like the toad, ugly and venomous."

No. 18, Line 1319

The tune derives its name from "a ballett intituled All in a garden grene/ betwene ij lovers" that was registered by William Pekering in 1565 and, under a briefer title, by William Griffith in 1568-69 (Arber, I, 295, 388). A ballad written to fit these entries occurs in Collier's spurious MS. (cf. No. 15, above), and is reprinted in his Extracts, I, 196. The genuine ballad, however, appears under the title, "A merrye new ballad, of a countrye wench and a clowne. To a fine tune," in Andrew Clark's Shirburn Ballads, 1907, p. 220. It begins:

All in a garden greene,
where late I layde me downe
Vppon a banke of camemeyle,
where I sawe vpon a style,
sitting, a countrey Clowne.

Each stanza has twenty-eight lines. Obviously the septenaries of No. 18 could not have been sung to the "fine tune" of this "All in a Garden Green." There must have been two tunes of this name, unless its use for No. 18 was due to an error on the part of the printer. The music given by Chappell, *Popular Music*, I, 110, for *All in a garden green*

does not fit the Shirburn ballad but can have been used for

The first two stanzas of No. 18 were copied verbatim in MS. Ashmole 48, ed. Wright, p. 183,—convincing proof (cf. the introductory notes to No. 2) that the ballad had appeared in print before the 1566 Pleasant Sonnets was compiled. They run as follows:

My fancie did I fix
In faithfull forme and frame,
In hope there should no bloustringe blast
Have power to move the same;
And as the godes do knowe and world can witnesse bere,
I never served other saynt nor idole other where.

Since the date of circa 1566 is established for No. 18, it is certain that the ballad called "The Louer complayneth of his Ladies vnconstancy" in the Gorgeous Gallery, pp. 47 f., is a plagiarism of it, not vice versa (cf. the introductory notes to Nos. 4, 6, 19, 23, 27). With lines 1327-30, 1335-38, 1365-80, and 1391-94 compare the following stanzas from the Gorgeous Gallery:

[9]

And fixt on Fancyes lore,
As world can witnesse beare,
No other saynct I did adore;
Or Idole any whear

[10]

Ne will, no wo, or smart

Could minde from purpose fet,

But that I had a Iasons harte

The golden fleese to get.

[11]

Ne for my part I swere
By all the Gods aboue,
I neuer thought on other fere
Or sought for other loue.

[12]

In her the like consente
I saw ful oft appear,
If eyes be judge of that is mente
Or eares haue power to heare.

[13]

Yet woordes be turnd to winde
A new found gest hath got
The Fort, which once, to vndermine
And win I planted shot.

[14]

Her freend that ment her well
Out of conceyt is quite,
While others beares away ye bell
By hitting of the white.

[15]

In this our wavering age
So light are womens mindes,
As Aspen leafe yt stil doth rage
Though aeole calme his windes.

1343. Read ¶ With.

1355. Read True.

1373. Proverbial. "Words are but wind, but blows unkind" (Hazlitt's English Proverbs, p. 499). Cf. "Wordes are but wynde,"—Wager, Marie Magdalene, ed. Carpenter, p. 75.

1377. Read ¶ Her.

1381. Read ¶ He. Beat the bush. The N. E. D. gives many examples of this proverb, as "Many a man doth bete the bow, Another man hath the brydde," from the Coventry Mysteries (1400).

1385. Park suggests a reference to the game of hopscotch, but more probably a dance is referred to. Cf. Chaucer's

Troilus, II, 1106 f.:

"How ferforth be ye put in loves daunce?"
"By god," quod he, "I hoppe alwey bihinde!"

See also Heywood's Woorkes, 1562, Spenser Society ed., p. 7.

No. 19, Line 1425

The tune of Raging love indicates that this ballad had appeared in print before 1566. It takes its name from the first line, "When ragyng loue with extreme payne," of Lord Surrey's poem, "The louer comforteth himself with the worthinesse of his loue," in Tottel's Miscellany, ed. Arber, p. 14. Surrey's poem had been registered for publication as a broadside ballad in 1557, 1560-61, and 1561-62 (Arber, I, 75, 154, 177). It was also imitated by W. F.'s [William Fulwood's?] "A new Ballad against Unthrifts" — beginning "When raging louts, with feble braines" — that was registered in 1561-62 (Lilly's Ballads, p. 153; Arber, I, 180). Like Nos. 4, 6, 18, 23, and 27, the present ballad was unblushingly plagiarized in the Gorgeous Gallery. "The Louer complayneth" (p. 47), for example, borrows from lines 1447-50 in the following fashion:

[17]

What paps did giue them food
That weue sutch webs of wo
What beast is of so cruell mood
That countes his freend for fo.

More striking still is the plagiarism in "The Louer wounded with his Ladies beauty craueth mercy," pp. 51-52. Compare, for example, lines 1451-68 with the following stanzas:

[3]
Like as the tender turtle Doue
Doth wayle the losse of mate,
In mourning weed, so spend I tyme
Lamentinge mine estate.
The night renewes my cares
When weary limmes would rest,
And dreadfull dreames abandon sleepe
Which had my greefes represt.
I drench my couch with teares
Which flow from gushing eyes,
A thousand beaves of hidden thoughts

A thousand heapes of hidden thoughtes In minde I doo deuise. [4]

Full often times it dooth mee good
To haunt and vew the place,
Where I received my wound, alas
By vewing of thy face.
Full oft it ioyes my hart
To kisse that clot of clay
From whence thou shot those louing lookes
Which bred my whole decay.
O blessed place I cry
Though woorker of my payne,
Render I craue most hartely
To mee my loue agayne.

The Handful ballad is, furthermore, frankly imitated by George Whetstone in "The complaint of a gentlewoman, being with child, falsely forsaken," a poem in his Rocke of Regard, 1576 (Collier's reprint, p. 127). With lines 1425 ff. compare Whetstone's second stanza:

Though reason would I should refraine His blame, my shame for to bewray, Good ladies, yet my pinching paine Injoynes mee here the truth to say, Whose wretched plight and pensive state Surmounteth farre Queene Didoes fate.

No. 19 is answered by No. 20.

1433 f. These lines are repeated in lines 1483 f.

1436. stormes. Apparently a misprint for scornes.

1481. to my pay. 'As a reward for love I have only deceit.'

1483 f. here and after. Identical in meaning with lines 1433 f.

No. 20, Line 1487

No evidence for dating this ballad can be found except that it appears to be an answer to No. 19 and, in that case, probably followed it immediately. R. W. Bond, "with some doubts," attributes the authorship of No. 20 to John Lyly

(Works, III, 440, 468). But he is not convincing (cf. the notes to No. 17, above).

Seven stanzas of No. 20 were reprinted in Censura Literaria,

VI (1808), 258-259.

1489. Omit the comma after deuise and the meaning of the line becomes obvious.

1496. Proverbial. Cf. line 1134 n.

1511. seemst to dim my sight. Mr. Kittredge explains this as "one of the old (and rather baffling) uses of seem — which survives in the colloquial 'I can't seem to think,' 'I can't seem to do it.' The idea, approximately, is: 'In vain you try to dim'; or, more literally, 'you give yourself the appearance of dimming.'"

1512. Rowling (rolling) eyes were sometimes thought to

be a sign of wantonness.

1530. Belles. The figure comes from falconry.

No. 21, Line 1531

No evidence for the date of this ballad can be found.

The tune, Kypascie, derives its name from a dance, properly called Qui passa. William Elderton's "A proper newe Ballad sheweing that philosophers learnynges are full of good warnynges" (Lilly's Ballads, p. 139), which was registered in 1568 (Arber, I, 384), was "songe to the tune of my Lorde Marques Galyarde, or the firste traces of Que passa." It has, however, a measure different from that of No. 21.

No. 22, Line 1568

This ballad was in the edition to which the single leaf reprinted on pp. 73-75, above, belonged. If this leaf came from an edition earlier than that of 1584 (and that it did so seems to me certain), then the date of No. 22 is established. Otherwise, I find nothing to assist in dating it. The tune is unknown.

1578. Palemon. This reference (cf. also line 1619) to the

Knight's Tale is only another instance of the popularity of Chaucer.

1584 f. Cf. the Eneid, IV, 365-367:

Nec tibi diva parens, generis nec Dardanus auctor, Perfide, sed duris genuit te cautibus horrens Caucasus, Hyrcanaeque admorunt ubera tigres.

1589. rent. Rend. "The Bibles they did rent and teare," — Lilly's Ballads, p. 267; "And will you rent our ancient love asunder?" — A Midsummer-Night's Dream, III, ii, 215.

No. 23, Line 1602

The tune of Apelles indicates that No. 23 had appeared before 1566. It is used for a song in Barnabe Googe's Epitaphes, 1563, and ballads to the tune were registered in 1565-66 (Arber, I, 298, 312). A later ballad (1569) to the same tune is in Lilly's Ballads, p. 56. That No. 23 had certainly appeared before 1578 is proved by the fact that a ballad in the Gorgeous Gallery borrows its title and most of its lines. The Gallery ballad (pp. 51 f.) runs thus:

[2]

In viewing thee I tooke sutch ioy
As wofull wight in rest
Vntill the blinded boy I felte
Assault my captiue brest.
And since that time alas
Such pinching payne I taste
That I am now remedilesse
If mercy make not haste.
For hid in deepe dispayre
My teares are all my ioy,
I burne, I freese, I sinke, I swim
My wealth is mine annoy.

[5]

Not wofull Monsier dom Dieg Or Priams noble sonne, Constrayned by loue did euer mone As I for thee haue donne. Sir Romeus annoy
But trifle seemes to mine,
Whose hap in winning of his loue
Did clue of cares vntwine.
My sorrowes haue no ende
My hap no ioy can spie,
The flowing Fountayne of my teares
Beginneth to waxe drie.

[6]

Let pitty then requyte my payne
O woorker of my woe,
Let mercy milde possesse thy harte
Which art my freendly foe.
Receiue the hart which heare
I yeeld into her hand,
Which made by force a breach in Fort
Which I could not withstande.
Thou hast in Ballance paysd
My life and eke my death,
Thy loyalty contaynes my ioy.
Disdayne will stop my breath.

[7]

If constant loue may reape his hire
And fayth may haue his due,
Good hope I haue your gentill hart
My grislie greefe will rue.
And that at length I shall
My hartes delight imbrace:
When due desart by curtesie,
Shall purchase mee thy grace.
Vntill which time, my deare
Shall still increase my payne,
In pensiue thoughtes and heauinesse
Because I shall remayne.

No. 23 was probably suggested by Sir Thomas Wyatt's poem, beginning "The liuely sparkes, that issue from those eyes," in *Tottel's Miscellany*, ed. Arber, p. 34.

1620. Pyramus. A mistake for Pryamus (Priam). Contrariwise, the spelling Priamus for Piramus occurs in Elder-

ton's "Pangs of Love" (a ballad referred to in the introductory note to No. 10).

No. 24, Line 1631

From the tune it is obvious that this ballad could have been in the 1566 Pleasant Sonnets. To this tune was sung "A Newe Ballade of a Lover," licensed in 1563 (Lilly's Ballads, pp. 24, 278; Arber, I, 204). In John Phillip's Patient Grissell, 1566, sig. C 4, "Here Grissell Singith a songe, to the tune of Damon & Pithias." "A ballett intituled tow [sic] lamentable songes Pithias and Damon" was licensed in 1565-66 (Arber, I, 304). A song (evidently to this tune) on Damon and Pythias occurs in Richard Edwards's play of Damon and Pythias, 1564 (Dodsley-Hazlitt's Old Plays, IV, 43).

1641. I waile oft times in woe. This line, which seems to be imitated by line 1917, was itself most probably borrowed from the ballad called "the Crueltye of fortayne/[beginning] I weepe for Woo and I Dye for payne" that Richard Hudson

registered in 1565-66 (Arber, I, 293).

1653. Susanna. The story of Susanna and the Elders was the subject of a ballad registered in 1562-63 (Arber, I, 210). The ballad itself was enormously popular — Sir Toby Belch quotes the first line of it in Twelfth Night — and has survived in numerous, though rather late, copies (see the

Roxburghe Ballads, I, 190).

Pancalier. Accused of adultery by the Earl of Pancalier, the Duchess of Savoy (the King of England's sister) was delivered "by the prowesse and valiaunt combate of Don John di Mendozza, (a gentleman of Spaine)." The reference here undoubtedly came from Thomas de la Peend's metrical story of The History of John Lord Mandozze, 1565 (see The British Bibliographer, II, 523), or from William Painter's Palace of Pleasure, 1566, Book I, Novel 45. The story of the Duchess of Savoy had earlier been told by Boaistuau, Bandello, and Belleforest.

No. 25, Line 1672

This ballad was certainly in print by 1566.

In MS. Ashmole 48, ed. Wright, p. 195, there is a ballad on Troilus and Cressida "To the tune of Fayne woold I fynd sum pretty thynge to geeve unto my lady" — a tune named from No. 25 — that was registered in 1565-66 (Arber, I, 300). Moralizations of No. 25, entitled "a fayne wolde I have a godly thynge to shewe vnto my ladye" and "fayne wolde I have a vertuous wyfe adourned with all modeste bothe mylde and meke of quyett lyf esteemynge chef hyr chastetye," were licensed in 1566-67 (Arber, I, 340, 342). Probably in imitation of No. 25, also, was written the ballad of "fayne would I have and take no payne" that was registered on October 1, 1576 (Arber, II, 303).

The first reprint of this ballad was that in Thomas Evans's Old Ballads, I (1810), 122. The music of Lusty gallant

is given in Chappell's Popular Music, I, 91.

A second copy of No. 25 is preserved in MS. Rawlinson Poet. 108, fol. 44, whence it is reprinted in my Old English Ballads, 1920, pp. 322-324. It has no title, is two stanzas (lines 1695-98, 1707-12) shorter than the printed version, and is of about the same date as the 1584 Handful of Pleasant Delights.

1679. The MS. has "I meane no hurt, I meane no harme."
1692. gases. That is, gazes = steady looks or "gapings."

The latter is the word used in the MS.

1693. gaping. The MS. has wandringe.

No. 26, Line 1725

There is no evidence for dating this ballad. Possibly it was suggested by No. 15, above, or by Sir Thomas Wyatt's poem called "To a ladie to answere directly with yea or nay" (Tottel's Miscellany, ed. Arber, p. 41). The tune is apparently unknown.

1744. you Louer. Read your Louer. 1775. Now. Read ¶ Now.

No. 27, Line 1781

The tune of *I loved her over well* (which is used also for No. 32, below) probably (as lines 1779, 1808, and 1825 show) derived its name from this ballad itself. It is pretty good evidence that No. 27 was in the 1566 *Pleasant Sonnets*. What seems to have been a reply to No. 27, a ballad called "a ffayrewell to Alas I lover [sic] you over well &c," was registered by William Griffith in 1567-68 (Arber, I, 362). No. 27 is imitated by passages in the *Gorgeous Gallery*, p. 39, and accordingly was certainly in print before 1578. With lines 1810-17 and line 1819 compare these stanzas:

[10]

The wretched hound that spends his dayes, And serveth after kinde: The Horse that treadeth ye beaten ways As nature doth him binde

[11]

In age yet findes releefe,
Of them that did him wo:
Who in their great mischeefe,
Disdayne not them to know.

It may be worth adding that a poem purporting to have been written by John Harington to Isabella Markham in 1594 (Nugae Antiquae, ed. Park, II, 326) begins:

Alas! I love you overwell, Myne owne sweete deere delygte!

1810. Read The hound.

No. 28, Line 1844

The tune of Rogero is given in Chappell's Popular Music, I, 93, but New Rogero seems to be unknown. To the latter tune were sung William Elderton's "Lamentation of Follie,"

NOTES

which was printed after February 15, 1584 (Collmann's Ballads, No. 43; Collier's Old Ballads, p. 45, Percy Society, vol. I); and Arthur Bourcher's "A worthy Mirrour," dated 1589 (Collmann's Ballads, No. 10; Collier's Old Ballads, p. 92; Roxburghe Ballads, III, 87). From these facts it seems reasonable to suppose that No. 28 was added to the 1584 edition of the Handful.

No. 29, Line 1914

This ballad was not in the 1566 Pleasant Sonnets. It was registered by Richard Jones on November 7, 1576 (Arber, II, 304), as "A woefull ballade made by master George Mannyngton an houre before he suffered at Cambridge castell 1576." From a manuscript source it was printed in the Gentleman's Magazine for January, 1781 (LI, 36-37), whence it was reprinted in Joseph Ritson's Ancient Songs from the Time of King Henry the Third to the Revolution, 1792, pp. 150 ff. The chief variations between Ritson's reprint and the Handful version are given in the notes below.

No other ballad in the Handful was so popular as No. 29: none is more frequently alluded to. It was regarded as a "good-night," or last farewell, par excellence. The farewell addresses in lines 1949, 1959, and 1981 served as models for many other ballad-writers. Samuel Rowlands, in his Melancholie Knight, 1615 (Works, ed. Hunterian Club, II, No. xxiv, p. 37), speaks scornfully of "Thou scurule Ballat of I wale in woe," and in his Good Newes, 1622, sig. By, he says: "I waile in woe, my Knight doth plunge in paine." The first line is sung by the Pedant in Joshua Cooke's play, How a Man May Choose a Good Wife from a Bad, 1602, sig. Ev: is burlesqued in William Rowley's Match at Midnight, V, i, where Randall sings, "Hur wail in woe, hur plunge in pain"; and is named as a dance-tune in John Taylor the Water Poet's An Armado, or Nauve of 103. Ships (1627). It seems also to be imitated in the Gorgeous Gallery, p. 104: "They dive in dole, they plunge in payne." But more famous than these

is the elaborate parody of the song by means of which Marston, Chapman, and Ben Jonson resolved the plot of their comedy, Eastward Ho (1605), V, v, 43 ff. In that parody, —which often appears in ballad-books (like Wit and Drollery, 1661, pp. 100–102) without acknowledgment to Eastward Ho, — Jonson probably had the chief share. It runs thus:

Quick. It is in imitation of Mannington's, he that was hanged at Cambridge, that cut off the horse's head at a blow.

Friend. So, sir!

Quick. To the tune of 'I wail in woe, I plunge in pain.'
Sir Pet. An excellent ditty it is, and worthy of new tune.

Quick. In Cheapside, famous for gold and plate,
Quicksilver, I did dwell of late;
I had a master good and kind,
That would have wrought me to his mind.
He bade me still, Work upon that,
But, alas, I wrought I knew not what!
He was a Touchstone black, but true,
And told me still what would ensue;

Yet woe is me! I would not learn; I saw, alas, but could not discern!

Friend. Excellent, excellent well!

Gold. [aside to Wolf] O let him alone; he is taken already.

Quick. I cast my coat and cap away,
I went in silks and satins gay;
False metal of good manners I
Did daily coin unlawfully.
I scorn'd my master, being drunk;
I kept my gelding and my punk;
And with a knight, Sir Flash by name,

Who now is sorry for the same -

Sir Pet. I thank you, Francis.
[Quick.] I thought by sea to run away,

But Thames and tempest did me stay.

Touch. [aside] This cannot be feigned, sure. Heaven pardon my severity! The ragged colt may prove a good horse.

Gold. [aside] How he listens, and is transported! He has forgot

me.

Quick. Still Eastward Ho was all my word;
But westward I had no regard,
Nor never thought what would come after,
As did, alas, his youngest daughter!

At last the black ox trod o' my foot, And I saw then what long'd unto 't; Now cry I, 'Touchstone, touch me still, And make me current by thy skill.'

Touch. [aside] And I will do it, Francis.

Wolf. [aside to Golding] Stay him, Master Deputy; now is the time; we shall lose the song else.

Friend. I protest it is the best that ever I heard.

Quick. How like you it, gentlemen?

All. O admirable, sir!

Quick. This stanza now following alludes to the story of Mannington, from whence I took my project for my invention.

Friend. Pray you go on, sir.

Quick. O Mannington, thy stories show
Thou cut'st a horse-head off at a blow!
But I confess, I have not the force
For to cut off the head of a horse;
Yet I desire this grace to win,
That I may cut off the horse-head of Sin,
And leave his body in the dust
Of sin's highway and bogs of lust,
Whereby I may take Virtue's purse,
And live with her for better, for worse.

Friend. Admirable, sir, and excellently conceited!

Quick. Alas, sir!

Touch. [coming to Golding and Wolf] Son Golding and Master Wolf, I thank you. . . . Listen, I am ravished with his repentance, and could stand here a whole prenticeship to hear him.

Friend. Forth, good sir!

Quick. This is the last, and the Farewell.

Farewell, Cheapside, farewell, sweet trade
Of Goldsmiths all, that never shall fade;
Farewell, dear fellow prentices all,
And be you warned by my fall:
Shun usurers, bawds, and dice, and drabs;
Avoid them as you would French scabs.
Seek not to go beyond your tether,
But cut your thongs unto your leather;
So shall you thrive by little and little,
Scape Tyburn, Counters, and the Spital!

In the play of Misogonus (A. Brandl's Quellen des Weltlichen Dramas, p. 456) one of the characters sings a "songe to the tune of Labondolose Hoto," — beginning, O mighty Jove, some pitty take One me poore wretch for christis sake. Greif doth me gripe, payne doth me pinch, Willfull dispite my harte doth wrinch,—

which not only borrows Mannington's tune but also unmistakably imitates his style and diction. This imitation is important, for it makes conclusive the argument sometime ago advanced by Professor Kittredge (Journal of Germanic Philology, III, 339 ff.) that Misogonus was written, not in 1560, but about 1578. Mr. Kittredge argues that Laurence Johnson, B.A. 1573/4, M.A. 1577, of Cambridge, wrote Misogonus; and this indirect allusion to Mannington, who was hanged at Cambridge in 1576, serves to reinforce his argument.

The tune of Labandalashotte (Labandalashot) is used also for D. Sterrie's "A briefe sonet declaring the lamentation of Beckles," 1586 (Lilly's Ballads, p. 78), and for Thomas Deloney's "A New Song of King Edgar," ca. 1590 (Works, ed. F. O. Mann, p. 305). From the latter ballad, with its refrain of "call him downe a," it appears that both Mrs. Quickly (Merry Wives, I, iv, 44) and Ophelia (Hamlet, IV, v, 170) sang ballads written to this tune.

Alliteration is a noteworthy stylistic device throughout

Mr. Mannington's song.

1917. I waile in wo. Cf. line 1641, note.

1920. whereas. MS. here as.

1926. MS. Such care my sillye soule doth keepe.

1927. Yea. MS. Yet.

1928. youthful yeares. MS. wicked wayes.

1929. retch lesse (cf. line 1967). Reckless. race. MS. care. The line means: 'I repent the reckless course of (my) careless (or care-free) nature.'

1934. those. MS. them.

1936. he, thee. MS. it, me.

1937. nor. MS. no.

1938. No friendly sute. MS. What so it be.

1943. doom, my. MS. dumpes, this.

1945. And. MS. The.

1949-58 are omitted in the MS.

1959. friend. MS. frendes. where euer. MS. wheresoever.

1962. Thy, is. MS. Your, lyeth.

1966. MS. Bene borne and bread of meaner state.

1972. heard. MS. heare.

1974. runne the race where euer. MS. knue the kace wheresoever.

1979 f. Referring perhaps to the Syrtes, or quicksands on the African coast of the Mediterranean.

1985. God. MS. Jove.

1987. For. MS. In.

1990. please. MS. pleaseth.

1997. doth fleet. MS. do flitt.

No. 30, Line 2003

The tune of the *Nine muses* is unknown. It was used for the ballad "Of the horrible and wofull destruction of Sodome and Gomorra" (Lilly's *Ballads*, p. 125) that was licensed in

1570-71 (Arber, I, 439).

The title is misleading: it really should be "A Proper Sonnet of a Damsel Who Is Unkind to Her Faithful Lover," for it is a complaint made in the first person by a man against his faithless mistress. Possibly the obscurity of title was intentional, so that No. 30 would appear to be a new "delight."

No. 30 is a barefaced plagiarism from the Earl of Surrey's poem, "The louer describes his restlesse state" (Tottel's Miscellany, ed. Arber, p. 24). Surrey's poem runs as follows, the stanza in brackets being taken from a MS. version given in F. M. Padelford's edition of Surrey (1920), p. 52:

As oft as I behold and se The soueraigne bewtie that me bound: The nier my comfort is to me, Alas the fresher is my wound. As flame doth quenche by rage of fire, And running stremes consume by raine: So doth the sight, that I desire, Appease my grief and deadely paine,

[Like as the flee that seethe the flame And thinkes to plaie her in the fier, That fownd her woe, and sowght her game, Whose grief did growe by her desire.]

First when I saw those cristall streames, Whose bewtie made my mortall wound: I little thought within her beames So swete a venom to haue found.

But wilfull will did prick me forth, And blind Cupide did whippe and guide: Force made me take my griefe in worth: My fruitles hope my harme did hide.

As cruell waves full oft be found Against the rockes to rore and cry: So doth my hart full oft rebound Ageinst my brest full bitterly.

I fall, and se mine own decay, As on that beares flame in hys brest, Forgets in paine to put away The thing that bredeth mine vnrest.

This plagiarism indicates an early date for No. 30, and it seems probable that the ballad was in the 1566 *Pleasant Sonnets*. In his notes Mr. Padelford shows that Surrey's poem is "a mosaic of Petrarchian lines."

2008. neer. Comparative, nearer (as in the third line of Surrey's poem).

No. 31, Line 2049

There is no evidence for the date of this ballad. For the tune see the introductory note to No. 15.

2078. Read ¶ A thousand sighs to sed (this phrase occurs also in Twelfth Night, II, iv, 64; 2 Henry VI, III, ii, 345; Troilus and Cressida, IV, iv, 41).

No. 32, Line 2108

The tune (cf. the introductory note on No. 27) indicates that this ballad was probably in the 1566 Pleasant Sonnets. The ballad was first reprinted in Thomas Evans's Old Bal-

lads, I (1810), 340.

2116. wo ho. The cry of a falconer in calling a falcon back to the lure. Elizabethan dramatists used the cry continually: e.g., Hamlet, I, v, 115 f.; Chapman's Gentleman Usher, V, i, 103; Jonson, Chapman, and Marston's Eastward Ho, II, i, 98; Marston's Dutch Courtezan, I, ii, 238, IV, v, 8, 72, 75.

2122. bending eies. That is, eyes looking toward him. The falcon looks as if she were consenting, were coming to the lure, — but away she flies.

INDEX OF FIRST LINES, TITLES AND TUNES

First lines and titles are printed in roman type, and the latter are enclosed in quotation-marks.

Tunes are printed in italics.

	PAGE
Alas love why chafe ye	. 14
Alas my love ye do me wrong	
All in a garden green	. I4
Any pleasant tune	
Apelles	
As one without refuge	
Attend thee go play thee	. 12
Black almain, The	. 39
Calen o custure me	
Cecilia pavan	. 31
Cecilia pavan	. 50
"Dame Beauty's Reply to the Lover Late at Liberty"	. 15
Damon and Pythias	. 56
Diana and her darlings dear	. 25
Downright squire, The	7,35
"Excellent Song of an Outcast Lover, An"	. 46
"Fain Would I Have a Pretty Thing, A Proper Song Intituled	i" 57
"Faithful Vow of Two Constant Lovers, A"	. 63
Famous Prince of Macedon, The	- 53
"Fie Upon Love and All His Laws, A Proper New Dit	ty
Intituled"	- 54
Gods of love, The	
Green sleeves	
Heart what makes thee thus to be	. 31
"History of Diana and Actaeon, The"	. 25
I judge and find how God doth mind	. 42
I loved her over well	61,71
I smile to see how you devise	. 52
I wail in woe I plunge in pain	. 65
I which was once a happy wight	. 9
I wish to see those happy days	. 9
"Joy of Virginity, The"	. 42
King Solomon (cf. notes to No. 10)	. 29

Quarter braules, The25Qui passa (Kypascie)53Raging love50Row well ye mariners22Salisbury Plain43"Scoff of a Lady as Pretty as May Be, The"12Shall distance part our love63Sith spiteful spite hath spied her time69Soaring hawk from fist that flies, The71"Sonnet of a Lover in the Praise of His Lady, A"38"Sonnet of Two Faithful Lovers Exhorting One Another to Be53Constant, A"53"Sorrowful Sonnet Made by Master George Mannington, A"65Such bitter fruit thy love doth yield54Though wisdom would I should refrain50Twenty journeys would I make58"Two Faithful Lovers Exhorting One Another to Be Constant, A Sonnet of"53"Unkind Damsel to Her Faithful Lover, A Proper Sonnet of an"68"Warning for Wooers, A"43When as I view your comely grace38When as the hunter goeth out33When as thy eyes the wretched spies61[When] raging love [with extreme pain: cf. notes to No. 19]50Where is the life that late I led55Ye loving worms come learn of me43You ladies falsely deemed56You lordings cast off your weeds of woe7	INDEX OF FIRST LINES, ETC.		127
Raging love Row well ye mariners Salisbury Plain "Scoff of a Lady as Pretty as May Be, The" Sith spiteful spite hath spied her time Soaring hawk from fist that flies, The "Sonnet of a Lover in the Praise of His Lady, A" "Sonnet of Two Faithful Lovers Exhorting One Another to Be Constant, A" "Sorrowful Sonnet Made by Master George Mannington, A" Such bitter fruit thy love doth yield Though wisdom would I should refrain Twenty journeys would I make "Two Faithful Lovers Exhorting One Another to Be Constant, A Sonnet of" "Unkind Damsel to Her Faithful Lover, A Proper Sonnet of an" "Warning for Wooers, A" When as I view your comely grace When as the hunter goeth out When as the vyes the wretched spies [When] raging love [with extreme pain: cf. notes to No. 19] So Where is the life that late I led You dames I say that climb the mount 35 You ladies falsely deemed			
Raging love Row well ye mariners Salisbury Plain "Scoff of a Lady as Pretty as May Be, The" Shall distance part our love Sith spiteful spite hath spied her time Soaring hawk from fist that flies, The "Sonnet of a Lover in the Praise of His Lady, A" "Sonnet of Two Faithful Lovers Exhorting One Another to Be Constant, A" "Sorrowful Sonnet Made by Master George Mannington, A" Such bitter fruit thy love doth yield Though wisdom would I should refrain Twenty journeys would I make "Two Faithful Lovers Exhorting One Another to Be Constant, A Sonnet of" "Unkind Damsel to Her Faithful Lover, A Proper Sonnet of an" "Warning for Wooers, A" When as I view your comely grace When as the hunter goeth out When as the vees the wretched spies [When] raging love [with extreme pain: cf. notes to No. 19] So Where is the life that late I led Ye loving worms come learn of me 43 You dames I say that climb the mount 35 You ladies falsely deemed	Qui passa (Kypascie)		53
Row well ye mariners Salisbury Plain Scoff of a Lady as Pretty as May Be, The Shall distance part our love Shall distance part our love Soaring hawk from fist that flies, The Sonnet of a Lover in the Praise of His Lady, A Sonnet of Two Faithful Lovers Exhorting One Another to Be Constant, A Sorrowful Sonnet Made by Master George Mannington, A Such bitter fruit thy love doth yield Though wisdom would I should refrain Twenty journeys would I make Two Faithful Lovers Exhorting One Another to Be Constant, A Sonnet of "Unkind Damsel to Her Faithful Lover, A Proper Sonnet of an "Warning for Wooers, A When as I view your comely grace When as the hunter goeth out When as the hunter goeth out When as the life that late I led Ye loving worms come learn of me 43 You dames I say that climb the mount 35 You ladies falsely deemed	Raging love		50
Scoff of a Lady as Pretty as May Be, The" Shall distance part our love Sith spiteful spite hath spied her time Soaring hawk from fist that flies, The "Sonnet of a Lover in the Praise of His Lady, A" "Sonnet of Two Faithful Lovers Exhorting One Another to Be Constant, A" "Sorrowful Sonnet Made by Master George Mannington, A" Such bitter fruit thy love doth yield Though wisdom would I should refrain Twenty journeys would I make "Two Faithful Lovers Exhorting One Another to Be Constant, A Sonnet of" "Unkind Damsel to Her Faithful Lover, A Proper Sonnet of an" "Warning for Wooers, A" When as I view your comely grace When as the hunter goeth out When as thy eyes the wretched spies [When] raging love [with extreme pain: cf. notes to No. 19] Where is the life that late I led Ye loving worms come learn of me 43 You dames I say that climb the mount 35 You ladies falsely deemed			
Shall distance part our love	Salisbury Plain		43
Shall distance part our love	"Scoff of a Lady as Pretty as May Be, The"		12
Sith spiteful spite hath spied her time	Shall distance part our love		63
Soaring hawk from fist that flies, The	Sith spiteful spite hath spied her time		69
"Sonnet of Two Faithful Lovers Exhorting One Another to Be Constant, A"	Soaring hawk from fist that flies, The		71
"Sonnet of Two Faithful Lovers Exhorting One Another to Be Constant, A"	"Sonnet of a Lover in the Praise of His Lady, A"		38
"Sorrowful Sonnet Made by Master George Mannington, A". 65 Such bitter fruit thy love doth yield	"Sonnet of Two Faithful Lovers Exhorting One Another to	Be	h v
Such bitter fruit thy love doth yield	Constant, A"		53
Such bitter fruit thy love doth yield	"Sorrowful Sonnet Made by Master George Mannington, A	"	65
Though wisdom would I should refrain	Such bitter fruit thy love doth yield		54
Twenty journeys would I make	Though wisdom would I should refrain		. 50
"Two Faithful Lovers Exhorting One Another to Be Constant, A Sonnet of"	Twenty journeys would I make		. 58
A Sonnet of"	"Two Faithful Lovers Exhorting One Another to Be Consta	ant.	,
an"	A Sonnet of"		53
"Warning for Wooers, A"	"Unkind Damsel to Her Faithful Lover, A Proper Sonne	t o	f
When as I view your comely grace	an"		68
When as I view your comely grace	"Warning for Wooers, A"		43
When as thy eyes the wretched spies	When as I view your comely grace		. 38
[When] raging love [with extreme pain: cf. notes to No. 19] 50 Where is the life that late I led	When as the hunter goeth out		
[When] raging love [with extreme pain: cf. notes to No. 19] 50 Where is the life that late I led	When as thy eyes the wretched spies		. 61
Where is the life that late I led	[When] raging love [with extreme pain: cf. notes to No. 19]		. 50
You dames I say that climb the mount	Where is the life that late I led		. 15
You dames I say that climb the mount	Ye loving worms come learn of me		43
You ladies falsely deemed 56	You dames I say that climb the mount		. 35
You lordings cast off your weeds of woe	You ladies falsely deemed		. 56
	You lordings cast off your weeds of woe		. 7

GLOSSARIAL INDEX

Small roman numerals refer to pages of the Introduction; arabic numerals in italics, to pages of the Notes; arabic numerals in roman type, to lines of the text.

a, prefix or preposition with participles, 288, 290, 355 accuse, blame, reproach, 966 Actaeon and Diana, ballad of, 698 aglets (aiglets), the tags of a woman's garters, 570 Alecto, one of the Furies, 1661 Alexander the Great, 105. See Macedon Allen, J. W., xi almain, 1096 n., 2051 Anaxarete, 105 and if (an if), provided that, 833 Andeli, Henri d', 105 Anders, H. R. D., v n., 88, 100 annoy, annoyance, trouble, 205, 1219, 1284 apase (apace), 1029 Arber, Edward, 84, 86, 97, 104, 110, 122; Handful of Pleasant Delights, vi ff., xi, 73, 76; Stationers' Registers, x, xii n., 81, 84f., 88-91, 96-100, 102 f., 105 ff., 110, 112 f., 115-118, 122 areed (aread), advise, 239 Argus eyes, 1131 n. Aristoteles und Phillis, 105 Aristotle and Phyllis, story of, transferred to Hercules, 105 f. as, as if, 1363; that, 1083 aspen leaf, 1393 Atropos, one of the Fates, 1022 (cf. 1786) authors of the Handful ballads. See Gibson, Leonard; Hunnis, William; Mannington, George; P., I.; Picks, Peter; Richardson, Thomas; Robinson, Clement; Tomson, I. Axon, G. R., 92

Babylon, 967
Bagford, John, x, 73
baine (bane), destruction, 277, 631
band, bond, promise, 1038
Bandello, Matteo, 115
Barclay, Alexander, 103
be by, be near, 669

"Beckles, The Lamentation of," 121

becks, nods, bows, 2122

bedeckt with care, 1944

Beelzebub, 71

Belleforest, François de, 115

belles, 1530 n.

bending eyes, 2122 n.

beset ('be set'), employ or spend one's time or efforts, 298; surround,

besetting, circumventing, 1132

betake, entrust, commit, 1765

bewray, reveal, 1431, 1512

bibliography, 80f.

bilbow blade, sword made in Bilbao, Spain, noted for its fine temper,

bind, constrain, 1819

Blandford, Marquis of (George Spencer, Fifth Duke of Marlborough), vi

blaze, make known, celebrate, 1203, 1350

Boaistuau, P., 115

Boeddeker, K. See MS. Cotton Vespasian

boldned, audacious, immodest, 1086

Bond, R. W., 102 f., 105 ff., 111

boord (board), table, 534, 1493

Boreas, the North Wind, 10

Borgeld, A., 105f.

Bourcher (Bourchier), Arthur, 118

brace, embrace, 861

brace, in, in couples (of hounds), 914

Brand, John, vf.

Brandl, Alois, 98, 120

braules (bransles), 698 n.

brave, handsome, finely dressed, 576, 1060; fine, 718

breach, injury, 1231

bright, beautiful, 969, 979, 1018; polished, 1013

Brome, Richard, 96

Brooke, Arthur, 105 Brydges, Sir Egerton, British Bibliographer, 115; Censura Literaria,

vi, 103, 112

burgesse (burgesses'), 554

Burton, Robert, 102

Byng, Colonel, v

Byrd, William, 86

Calavera, Ferrant Sanchez, 106 "Calen o custure me," 1050 n.

Cambridge, a ballad by a student of, 196; Mannington executed at, 1914 n.

Campion, J. L., 105 Canand, John, ix n.

Cancionero de Juan Alfonso de Baena, El, 106

care, feel anxiety, 103 n.

carnations, 89

Carpenter, F. I., 109

cast, overthrow, defeat, 1248 "Cater Bralles, The," 91

change, exchange, 364 n.

Chapman, George, 83, 106, 119, 124

Chappell, William, Popular Music, x, xiii, 86, 90 ff., 98 f., 107, 116 f. See Roxburghe Ballads

chaste, chastened, restrained, 325

Chaucer, 97 ff., 101, 103, 109, 113

Cheape, Cheapside, the London street, 1703

check, rebuff, 942

Child, F. J., 89, 91 Child, H. H., ix, xi

christall (crystal) corps, 1802

Churchyard, Thomas, ix n., 90, 101

Clark, Andrew, Register of Oxford, 84; Shirburn Ballads, 107 cloak, conceal, 850

clout, cloth, 380

Collier, J. P., x, 81, 96, 101, 111, 118; spurious ballad-MS. of, 87, 100, 107

Collins, J. C., 106

Collmann, H. L., xiv, 96, 100 f., 118

comb, cut off one's, take the conceit out of one, 347

conditions, traits of character, 253

Cooke, Joshua, 118

corps (corpse), the living body, the figure, 465, 847, 1802, 2083, 2091

Corser, Thomas, vi Cotgrave, Randle, 91

counsell, 115 n.

"Country Wench and a Clown, A," 107

Coventry Mysteries, 109

cowsloppes (cowslips), 115 n. Crawford, Charles, ix, xi, 84

Cressida, 873, 876 n. See Troylus

crocodiles' tears, 1244, 1590 Crossley, James, vii f., 76 "Cruelty of Fortune, The," 115 Cupid, 37, 232, 425 ff., 846, 2025, 2043 Cupid's dart, 1225; fire, 898; fort, 1259; thralls, 1280 Cupidoes (Cupido's), 437 curious and brave, elegant and fine, 718

"Daily Exercise of the Common Sort of Men, The," 106 f. dame, mother, 321, 1961
Damon and Pythias, 1631 n.
D'Andeli, Henri, 105
Danea, 134 ff.
dark, darken, 1526
Davison, Francis, Poetical Rhapsody, ix
De la Peend, Thomas, 115
decay, destroy, 1599; ruin, 1843
deemd, judged, condemned, 1633

Deloney, Thomas, xiv, 121 deniance, denial, 902 depart, divide, separate, 84 Diana, 92

Diana, 814, 859; Actaeon and, a ballad, 698 n. Diophon, 135 ff. discrive (descrive), describe, 1084 disease to drink one's own, 835 n.

disease, to drink one's own, 835 n. dismal, unlucky, unpropitious, 1939 displaid (displayed), outspread, 825 Dodsley, Robert, 115

doing, actions, 358; the wooing that 's long a-, i. e., long drawn out,

doom, sentence, judgment, 623, 1076, 1945 doubleness, duplicity, 952

doubt, hesitate, scruple, 21 (Printer to the Reader), 1113

Drayton, Michael, 83 dreed (dread), 1000 drink one's own disease, to, 835 n. drowping (drooping), 2054 Dyboski, R., 104, 107

Ebsworth, J. W., x, xii, 73 Edwards, Richard, 115. See Paradise of Dainty Devices eke, also, 552 eke also, 71 Elderton, William, 89 f., 96, 101, 105, 112, 114, 117 Ellis, George, vi, 90, 103 Englands Parnassus. See Crawford, Charles, Ennius, 85 ensample, example, 1827 Evans, Thomas, vi, 82, 85, 100, 116, 124 euerichone, every one, 275

F., W., balladist, 110 "Fain Would I Have a Virtuous Wife," 116 "Fain Would I Have and Take no Pain," 116 faine, glad, 22 Fairholt, F. W., 90 fairings, 3 n. falconer, ballad comparing a lover to a, 2108 Fallersleben, H. von, 103 false, falsify, 1552 fancie, love, 324, 1272, 1321, 2084; imagination, 1797; whim, 940 fancy, to love, 1436 "Farewell to Alas I Love You Over Well, A," 117 fellows, companions, friends, 271 fennel, 47 n. fethered boy, Cupid, 1613 field, to win the, 121 filed, polished, elaborated, 1480 fine, in, in conclusion, 796 "Flattering Lover's Farewell to Nanny, The," 81 fleet, flit, 1997 Fletcher, John, 87 flinging fancies, 940 n. flout, 356 foile, defeat, 177 fond, foolish, 424, 1267, 1280 fooles paradice, 937 for, against, to prevent, 489 n. for why, 690 n. force of, by, because of the power of, 867 f. Foster, Joseph, 84 frame, order, plan, 1322 free (freely), noble (nobly), of gentle breeding, 508, 858 friend, lover, 374, 1128, 1367, etc. friendly, in loving fashion, 1345 friendship, love, 1341

froward, 671 n. fulfil, fill full, 96 Fulwood, William, 110 Furnivall, F. J., 87, 104

Galerent, Le Roman de, 103 gan, began, 1595 Garland of Delight, The, 102 garlands, the Handful as the first of the, xiv Gascoigne, George, 104 gases (gazes), 1692 n. gate, got, 1893 gay, fine, beautiful, 574, 1400 Gayley, C. M., 87 geare, all this, all these things, 601 geason, scanty, lacking, 1692 geck, to give one the, mock or deceive, 943 gent, graceful, elegant, 712 ghost, spirit, soul, 1193 Gibson, Leonard, ballad by, 134; facts about, 84 gifts, beauties (of the lips and teeth), 1058 gillyflowers, 81 n. glad, gladden, 142 gleams, 646 n. glee, to give one, 1830 go to! 377 "Goddess Diana, The," 91 Golding, Arthur, 99 "Gomorrah, The Woeful Destruction of," 122 Gonville and Caius College. See Gunuil Hall good-night, a, 1914 n. Googe, Barnabe, 113 Gorgeous Gallery of Gallant Inventions, A, viii, ix n., x ff.; cited, 85, 91, 96, 99, 105; plagiarisms or imitations of the Handful in, xii, xv, 86, 89, 108, 110, 113, 117 f. Gower, John, 103f., 107 gravers, engravers, 1707 Gray, William, ix n. green, clothed in, 579 n. Greene, Robert, 104, 106 Greensleeves, Lady, ballad on, 511 (90)

Grissell, Patient, 115. See Phillip, John

Grosart, Alexander, 104

grossie, 562 n. ground, give, recede, retire, 388 guest, a new (stranger) lover, 1168, 1374 guilt (gilt), 552 Gunuil Hall, Cambridge, 85, 270

Hales, J. W., 87

Halliwell [-Phillipps], J. O., 102, 104. See Marriage of Wit and

Wisdom; Reliquiae Antiquae

Handful of Pleasant Delights, A, ballads in, dates of the, established, xiv; date of the original edition of, x ff.; described, v; editorial methods of the present edition of, explained, xv f.; the first of the garlands, xiv; fragmentary edition of, x ff., reprinted, 73 ff.; history of the unique copy of, vi; importance of, in Elizabethan poetry, xv; misprints in, list of the, 76 ff.; modern editions of, described, vii f.; opinions of the critics of, viii f.; plagiarism by, of a Tottel's Miscellany (q. v.) poem, 122; plagiarism of, by Pepys ballad, 81, by A Gorgeous Gallery (q. v.), by George Whetstone, 111; registrations of, after 1584, x n.

Harington, Sir John, 117 Harleian Miscellany, 100

Hart, Georg, 99

Haslewood, Joseph, British Bibliographer, 115

Hawes, Stephen, 89 Hawkins, Thomas, 106

Hazlitt, W. C., vi n., x, xiv, 84, 87, 104, 115; Proverbs, 83, 87, 89, 101, 104-107, 109

"Heart Declaring His Heaviness, A," 97

heast (hest), behest, 1816

Helen ('Helenie') of Troy, 866, 1271

Helicon, 960

Henryson, Robert, 98

Hercules, 1278 n.; ridden, like Aristotle, by his sweetheart, 105f.

"Hercules and his End," 106

Heywood, Jasper, 104

Heywood, John, ix n., 101, 104, 107, 109

Heywood, Thomas, 89

hie (high), 200, 606, 1197, 1295, etc.

hie, hasten, 1682, 2015

Hill, Richard, 104, 107

hold, support, defence, 1430; to take, take captive, 489

honesty, chastity, 1867

hote (hot), 927

hue, appearance, guise, 1285, 1937 huffing, blustering, 1156 hugie, huge, 223 n., 751 hundreth (hundred), hard to find a, in a score, 1212 n. Hunnis, William, a Handful ballad attributed to, 82

Jamieson, T. H., 103 Jason, 1337 ieliflowers, gillyflowers, 81 n. impart, share or partake in, 110 importunate, 758 imps, youthful persons, 897 incontinent, immediately, 759, 822 Ingram, John, 83 Io, 1131 n. Johnson, Laurence, Misogonus, 120 f. Johnson, Richard, xiv ioiedst, enjoyed, 413 Jolley Library, vi Jonson, Ben, 124; ballad by, 119 Jove, 272 Iphis, 1277 n. Juliet and Romeo, 1275 n. Juno, 1269

kerchers, 530 kind, nature, 86, 674, 1506, 1929; Nature, 1851; sex, 266 "King Edgar," 121 King Leir, 87 Kittredge, G. L., xvi, 106, 112, 121 Kypascie, 1533 n.

L. (Lady), 618 n.

Labondolose Hoto, 120

Lady Greensleeves, various ballads on, 90

"Lamentation of Folly, The," 117

Land, J. P. N., 91

lavender, 21 n.

leach (leech), physician, 1232 n.

learned, taught, 306

least (lest), 101, 240, 436, 837, 940, 943, 1318, etc.

Lee, Sir Sidney, ix f.

leekes, 1168 n.

leekes, likes, 1057

leprosie, leprous, 878 let, hindrance, 2071; hinder, obstruct, 299, 371, 1126, 1132, 1712, 1865; cease, stop, 2078 lew (lieu), 1814 lewdly, ignorantly, foolishly, 1958 Libya, 1979 light, happen, occur, 1274 Lightie Love, 84 lightly, 10 n. (Printer to the Reader) like you well, please you, 6 (Printer to the Reader) Lilly, Joseph, xiv n., 81, 84, 88, 110, 112 f., 115, 121 f. lim(b) lifter, fornicator, 401 linger, cause to linger, delay, 1733 "Lingering Love," 103 linked, to be, 1218 lively, 720 n.; animated, 1605 Lodge, Thomas, 87 lookes, 645 n. looks, expects, 1733 loose (lose), 85 lordings, 137 ff. lore, learning, 639 "love-juice story," 97 "Lover, A New Ballad of a," 115 Lowndes, W. T., vi n. Lucian, 106 "Lullaby, A," 92 lurking, to go, 329 lust, desire, 1236, 1266 Lybia (Libya), 1979 Lydgate, John, 89, 104 Lyly, John, 105 ff.; ballads wrongly attributed to, 102 f., 111

Macedon, the Prince of, Alexander the Great (q. v.), 1534
McKerrow, R. B., 105
Malone, Edmond, vi, 82, 99
Manchester Free Reference Library ballad-collection, 92
Mann, F. O., 121
Mannington, George, 118 ff.; ballad supposed to be by, 1914 n.
MS. Additional 38,599, ballad in, referred to, 92
MS. Ashmole 48, ballads in, referred to, 84 f., 89, 108, 116
MS. Collier. See Collier, J. P.
MS. Cotton Vespasian A. XXV, ballads in, referred to, 85, 103

MS. Percy Folio, 87 MS. Rawlinson Poet. 108, ballads in, referred to, 98, 116 MS. Rawlinson Poet. 148, ballad in, quoted, 103 marigolds, 99 Markham, Isabella, 117 Marlborough, Duke of. See Blandford Marriage of Wit and Wisdom, The, ed. Halliwell (q. v.), 86, 103 marshall ray, martial array, 153 Marston, John, 119, 124 "Marvelous Strange Deformed Swine, A," 88 Mendoza, Don Juan de, 115 Midas, 1281 n. milk, white as the, 559 mind, perceive, notice, 167; intend, 1171 mind, to fulfil your, carry out your wishes, 76 Minus, 988 n. "Miserable State of King Midas, The," 106 misleeke, dislike, 1122 Misogonus. See Johnson, Laurence miss, lack, privation, 790 mo, more, 806 momish mates, foolish fellows, 1281 moralized ballads, 90, 98, 100 f., 116 more dearer, 1803 Mowntayne, Thomas, 104 moyling, toiling, 1812 much ado, 1890 Munday, Anthony, 100

muses, the nine, 655, 963, 1045, 1736, 2003 n.

My Lord Marquis's Galliard, 112

Narcissus, ballad on, 786 (97)

Nashe, Thomas, 105

naturally, by nature, 875

ne, a negative, 449, 477, 479, 1063, 1190, 2079

neer, nearer, 2008 n.

Nestor, 1839

"New Ballad of One Misliking His Liberty, A," 88

"New Sonnet Showing How Diana Transformed Actaeon, A," 92

Newton, Thomas, 82

nice, coquettish, disdainful, 632; to make a matter, display reluctance, 936

Nichols, J. G., 104

nicibicetur (nicebecetur), 399 n.
nie (nigh), 888, 1831
nier (nigher), 1079
Ninus, King, 988 n.
Noes (Noah's), 1316
noisome, 238
nosegay, ballad of a, 1 n.
nothing, not at all, in no way, 98; least of all things, anything rather
than, 932
"Nutbrown Maid, The," 87

O man in desperation, 92
ofter, oftener, 2005
Omphale and Hercules, 106
orderly, regularly, 590
other where, 1330
out of hand, immediately, 1361
Ovid, 96f., 99, 105
owe, own, possess, 1815
Oxford, a student of, ballad by, 84

P., I., ballad by, 403 n., 510 pack, go, take oneself off, 309 packing, going away, 346 Padelford, F. M., 122 Painter, William, 115 "Painter in His Prenticehood, The," 98 Palemon, 1578 n., 1619 Pallas, 1062, 1269 Pancalier, 1654 n. Pandarus, 872 "Pangs of Love, The," 96, 105, 115 Paradise of Dainty Devices, A, ix n., xf., xv; cited, 82 f., 85, 104 f. See Edwards, Richard Paris of Troy, 866, 1076, 1267, 1271 Park, Thomas, vi f., 76, 83, 98, 100, 117 Parker, Martin, xiv Parlor of Pleasant Delights, The, x n. pass, exceed, surpass, 1085

pass not, disregard, 92 Paul, St., 1178 n. pavin (pavan), 840 n. pawn, a heart in, 2064 pay, reward, 1481 n., 1838 Peele, Stephen, 100 Peend, Thomas de la, 115 peeuish, senseless, foolish, 1279 peise, weigh, consider, 1872 Penelope, 1857 peniriall, pennyroyal, 107 Pepys, Samuel, ballad-collection of, cited, 81 Percy, Bishop Thomas, folio MS. of, 87 Perry Library, vi Phillip, John, 100, 102, 115 "Philosophers' Learnings Are Full of Good Warnings," 112 Phoebus' light, the sun, 1083 Phyllis and Aristotle, 105 f. Picks, Peter, ballads by, ?287 (86), 354 n. pies, magpies, 2130 Pikering, John, 98 pillow, make much of one's, take counsel of one's pillow, 'sleep upon' a question, 352 pincase, 553 Piramus. See Pyramus Pitt(s), John, ballad possibly by, 88 "Pleasant Posy or Sweet Nosegay, A," 81 Poetical Rhapsody, A. See Davison, Francis poisoned, malignant, 1654 Porter, Henry, Two Angry Women, 87 praie (prey), 1003 preeue, prove, 1441 Preston, Thomas, 106 Priam, 1620 n.; his son, Paris, 1267 price (prize), the golden apple, 1268 prick on a clout, sew, 380 prime, the first hour of the day, sunrise, 987; the golden, youth, 201 printers: Allde, Edward, 107; Allde, John, 99; Cherlewood, John, 81; Colwell, Thomas, 91; Griffith, William, 99 f., 103, 107, 117; Hudson, Richard, 115; Jones, Richard, ix f., xiii, 88, 90, 97, 102, 118; King, John, 81; Lacy, Alexander, 91, 98; Pekering, William, 91, 107; Tottel, Richard, 105; Wright, Edward, 81;

Wright, John, 92
Proctor, Thomas. See Gorgeous Gallery
proverbs: beat the bush, miss the birds, 1381 n.; cat winks but is
not blind, 1134 n.; chip falls in one's eye when one looks too high,
1299 n.; fast bind, fast find, 1241 n.; first try, then trust, 1266
n.; fish fair and catch a frog, 1127 n.; had I wist, 1240 n.; hot

love is soon cold, 307 n.; leech, the, comes too late when the patient is dead, 103; lingering love brings misliking, 103; look ere you leap, 1255 n.; of grass comes hay, 1289 n.; rule the roast, 1263 n.; snake, the, lies in the grass, 235 n.; soon ripe, soon rotten, 1291 n.; spare to speak, fail to speed, 483 n.; tide tarrieth no man, 332 n.; time trieth all things, 65 n.; try before you trust, 1266 n.; when the steed is stolen, it's too late to shut the stable door, 1237 n.; wooing that's not long a-doing is blessed, 290 n.; words are wind, 1373 n.

Proverbes del Vilain, Les, 104

pumps, light shoes, 559 Puttenham, George, 84 Pyramus and Thisbe, 99

Pyramus and Thisbe, ballad on, 957 n.; mentioned, 99, 1276, 1565, 1576, 1620 n. (i. e., Priam)

Pythias, 1631 n.

Quarter braules, 698 n. Qui passa, 112 quite, requite, repay, 1342

R., C. (Robinson, Clement?), xiv

race, course, career, 171 n., 202, 284, 1929, 1951

Rare and greatest gift, The, 85

ray, array, 153

rechlesse (retchless), heedless, careless, 1929, 1967

regard, to be inclined to or desirous of, 19 (Printer to the Reader); care for (love) one, 882

Reliquiae Antiquae, ed. Wright and Halliwell (q. v.), 104

remorce (remorse), compassion, 680

remove, change, 652, 800

rent, rend, 1589 n.

require, ask for, request, 26, 776, 928, 1114, 1603

retchless. See rechlesse

retire, retirement, withdrawal, 899

revengement, 1941

Richardson ('Richeson'), Thomas, ballads by, 85, 285

Ritson, Joseph, v, x, 84, 118

Robinson, Clement, compiler of the *Handful*, probable author of most of its unsigned ballads, v, x, xiv

Rogero, 92

Rollins, H. E., 84, 92, 96, 98, 100 f., 116

Romeus (Romeo), 1275 n.

rosemary, 31 n.

roses, 73
Rowe, Addie F., xvi
Rowlands, Samuel, 101, 118
Rowley, William, 118
rowling (rolling) eyes, 1512 n.
Roxburghe Ballads, The (ed. William Chappell, q. v.), 92, 115, 118

sage, 39 n. "Sailors' New Tantara, The," 84 St. Paul, 1178 n. salamander, 1505 Savoy, Duchess of, 1654 n. scape, escape, 744 scapte, escaped, 1316 score, hard to find a hundred in a, 1212 n. scuse, excuse, 301 Seccombe, Thomas, xi sedition, dissension, quarrels, 83 seelie (silly), innocent, helpless, 351, 1143, 1926 seemst to dim, 1511 n. sendall, a thin rich silken material, 544 sent (scent), 1522 sentence, meaning, thought, 2039 set about, beset, entrap, 917 set by one, lay up for future use, 1684 set store by, value, esteem, 124 Shakespeare, ballads quoted by, v, 83, 88, 90, 99 ff., 115, 121; cited, 90 f., 97, 104f., 107, 113, 123f.; title of Love's Labour's Lost said to have been suggested by a ballad, 102 shemsters, sempstresses, 1711 shent, disgraced, ruined, 1318 shinnes (shins), 1256 showes, objects displayed, 1707 shrine, enshrine, 1332 shrow, shrew, 1302, 2040 shrowd, hide, conceal, 491 sights, pupils of the eye, 743 silk and twist, 293 n. silver teeth, 1055 "Simon of Salisbury Plain," 102 Simpson, R., 87 Sir Giles Goosecap, 87 sire (sir), 1103

sirens, 1243 Siria (Syria), 175 sisters three, the Fates (Clotho, Lachesis, Atropos), 1786 (cf. 1022) sith, since, 638, 1743, 2052 sithence, since, 676 slacking, slackening, becoming less, 345 slenderly (adjective), 895 smack, kiss noisily, 243 smart, pain, anguish, 231, 416, 640, etc. "Smelling Nosegay, A," 81 smirke, smirking, smiling, 644 snuffe, show disdain, 1154 "Sodom and Gomorrah, The Woeful Destruction of," 122 sonet (sonnet), a song, short poem, or ballad (never the rigid fourteenline poem), passim sort, class (of people), 129, 1297; manner, 713 f. space, while, time, 1879 sped, to be, succeed in obtaining (a lover) for oneself, 1103, 1108 speed, prosper, succeed, 1733 Spenser, Edmund, 83, 104 spill, destroy, ruin, 1446, 1940 sprung, produced, 13 squats and flats, used of a hart which squats or lies flat on the ground when pursued, 922 stay, restrain, 673, 1608 Sterrie, D., 121 still, 41 n. stoong (stung), 1661 Stopes, Mrs. C. C., 82 stroke, strook (struck), 846, 1881 Stucley, The Play of, 87 "Subtle Simon," 102 Surrey, Earl of (Howard, Henry), 110, 122 Susanna and the Elders, 1653 n. suspect, suspicion, 1862 suspected, suspicious, 1668 sway, to bear no, exert no influence, 1260 Syria, 175 Syrtes, the, 1979 n.

tantara (taratantara), 134 n. Taylor, John, the Water Poet, 118 Teucer, King, 105 than, then, 1558, 1715 that, what, 318, 331, 671, 1160, 1270, 1282, 1689 the (thee), 1886 then, than, 1731, 1840 tho, then, 1744 threed (thread) of Atropos, 1022; of all the Fates, 1787 throughly, thoroughly, 1424 thyme. See time tide, time, 332 time (thyme), 65 n. to, as, 1481; for, 91, 530, 1627 toad, a venomous, 1310 n. tofore, formerly, 1670 Tomson, I., ballads by, 839 n., 910, 1049 too too, exceedingly, 1927 toss the cup, to drink (beer, wine), 1283 Tottel's Miscellany, ix, xi, xv; ballads in, imitated in the Handful, 110, 114, 116, 122; cited, 86, 97, 104 toyes (toys), trifles, matters of no importance, 1599, 1863 trace, track or trail (of a hart), 918 trade, the tread of (Fortune's) wheel, 1976 train, followers, 1971; tail, 2140 "Translated Tantura of Transitories, A," 84 trim shifter, neat or clever trickster, 401 trips, snares (of Cupid), 1248; and skips, describing the running of a hart when pursued, 921 Troylus (Troilus), 98, 116, 871, 1274, 1620 trudging, 387 "True Report in the Praise of My Mistress, A," 98 Turbervile, George, 104 turtle, the dove, 625, 1451 Tusser, Thomas, 104 twist, thread, 293 n.

vade, fade, pass away, 1025
vailes, profit, gain, 1288
venerie (venery), hunting, 846
Venn, John, 85
Venus, 760 n., 799, 833, 860, 869, 928, 1077, 1251, 1268, 1736; the
power of, ballad on, 758 ff.
viewd, to, 995 n.
violet, 55
Virgil, 86, 106, 113

Virginia, 81
virginity, ballad in praise of, 1170
Ulysses, 1245; his wife, Penelope, 1857
unclothe, reveal, 984
"Unfortunate End of Iphis, The," 105
unneth, with difficulty, 1573
"Unthrifts, A New Ballad against," 110
use, conduct oneself, 104 n.; practise, 816 n.; be accustomed, 1303,
1311

waged, pledged, 527 Wager, Lewis, 109 waiest (weighest), dost value, 432 Ward, H. L. D., 106 watered, tearful, 1473 wax, grow, 307 way (weigh), consider, 1597, 1755 weare (were), 726 Webbe, William, 100 weid (weighed), 1396 well bent, of good disposition or intention, 1317 went still about her, kept seeking after (wooing) her, 289 Wesselski, A., 106 whan (when), 955 where, whereas, 413, 1157 Where is the life of late, 102 whereas, where, 1508, 1789, 1920 Whetstone, George, 111 white, hit the, hit the center or mark at which an arrow is aimed, i. e., to succeed, 1380 white as the milk, 559 White Knights Library, v f. wiles (wills), impels, 1816 wish and have, to, 6 n. (Printer to the Reader) Wit and Drollery, 119 Wither, George, xiii withouten (without), 16 wo ho, 2116 n., 2126 ff. woe worth, woe be to, 1595 worms, young people, 1217 "Worthy Mirror, A," 118 wrack (wreck), ruin, 1399, 1596 wreathed, encircling, 1800

Wright, Thomas, 89, 104. See MS. Ashmole 48; Reliquiae Antiquae wroong (wrung), 1878 w, with, 864, 1271, 1593
Wyatt, Sir Thomas, 114, 116

ý, the, 893 ý, that, 782, 824, 1100 ywisse (iwis), certainly, 1196

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